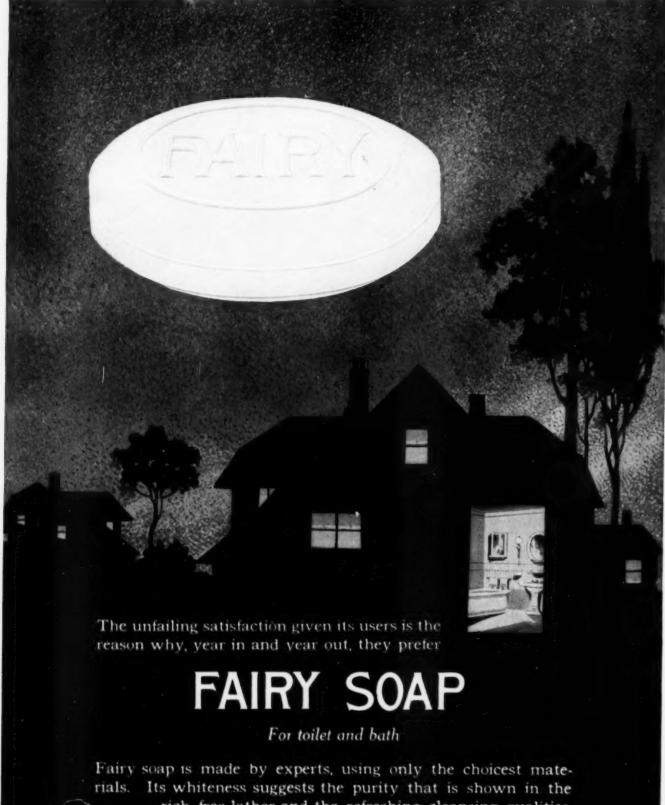
MCCALL'S MAGAZINE

MARCH 1917

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CONTENTS

MARCH McCALL'S MAGAZINE

VOL XLIV -.

EDITORIAL				
Cover Design by C. Warde Traver Just Between Ourselves, by the Editor	٠			
FICTION				
Sixteen, by Mary Lerner-Illustrated by Frederic Ande	ersor	oln—I	llus-	
trated by H. R. Ballinger				81
Carton Moorepark				2
Inner Grace, by Lillian K. Sabine, Illustrated by W. C. SPECIAL FEATURES	Ni	ms	٥	24
Poem, by Sara Birchall, Illustrated by G. H. Mitchell				34
The Church That Waked Up, by Montanye Perry		0		
From the World's Galleries by Wallace Hill				18
Color Reproduction of Painting "Gossip," by Carl Mar	r .		*	19
Poem, by Francis William Bourdillon-Illustrated	in c	colors	ьу	
The Thorny Path, by a Traveler-Hlustrated by France		Delehi	meu	26
Soil for the Spring Garden, by F. F. Rockwell .				68
COOKING				
Food for the Adolescent, by Isobel Brands				64
Sour Milk Receipts, by Janet Louise Spencer				74
FOR THE HOME KEEPER				
Keeping Ahead of Grandma, by Montanye Perry .				76
Mother at the Wheel, by Frances Cheney Dawson .				80
	0			83
Ten Dollars Weekly, by Ethel Baker Purchasing for the Home, by Ida R. Fargo			0	#89 94
Our Housekeeping Exchange, by Helen Hopkins .				116
OUR DEPARTMENT CORNER				
Maternal Nursing: The Baby Welfare Department, by I The Up-To-Date Traveler: What Priscilla Learned	dary at 1	L. R Boardi	ead ng-	58
School, by Mary Marshall Duffee				63
What Makes Healthy Hair: Common-Sense Beauty Annette Beacon	y T	alks,	-	84
THE CLOTHES PROBLEM	٠	•	0	04
The Year-'Round Hat, by Evelyn Tobey				30
Fashion Hints from Paris, by Our Paris Correspondent			0	31
The Newest Fashion Features		0		32-49
A Coat Suit for Spring: Home Dressmaking Lesson				
Margaret Whitney			۰	50 96
	0	0	0	90
FOR DEFT FINGERS				
The Popular Fancy-Work, by Helen Thomas For Your Embroidery Needle, by Geneview Steafing Wood-Carving in the Home, by Frieda Van Emden	0	0	0	50
Wood Carries in the Home by Prieds Van Emden	0	0	0	
Novelties in Filet, by Lilla B. N. Weston				56
FOR THE CHILDREN				,-
W. A. A. D. A. L.A. White.				-
Training Your Pets, by F. H. Sweet		0	0	93
-				-

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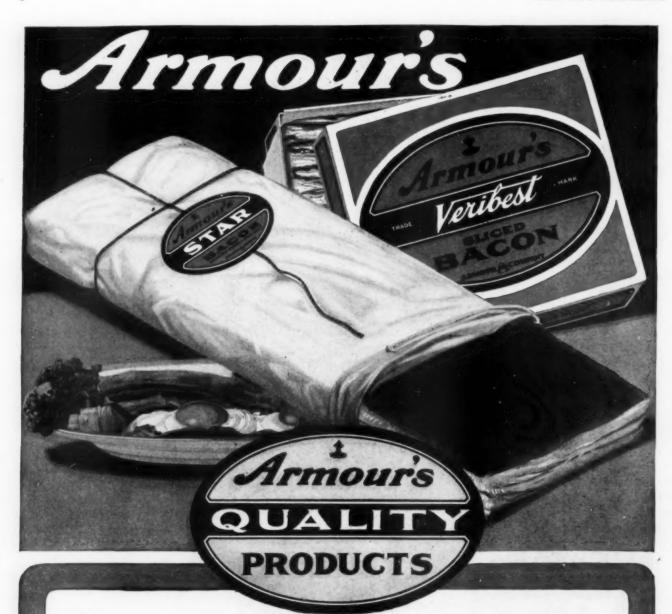
KYOHEI INUKAI'S STUDIO

As for Mr. Ballinger, the excellence of his work is beyond question, but, personally, we like him because he makes such nice heroines. Haven't you noticed them, too?



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MARCH

McCALL'S

MAGAZINE

1917

A LL of us probably have some thing or other that we consciously or unconsciously go to

for encouragement and rest and a new dose of selfrespect whenever we get too

uncomfortable to continue living with ourselves. I have a friend who has made for herself a most unusual, though very satisfying, prop. She tells me that when she was a child she was taught concretely that there were two sides to every object and every action, a side of beauty and a side, if not of ugliness, at least of lesser beauty; and that to live her life in the sanest, most complete, most efficient way she must train herself always to see the beauty. Now, grown-up that she is, that seeking for beauty is an inseparable part of herself. She cannot live with ugliness in any form. Where other people accept ugliness in come part of their environment or lives as a matter of course, she will not compromise. And the result of such self-discipline is only natural. Her taste is not blunted; she can always recognize, and then reach out for

ONCRETELY. one of her hobbies is beautiful paintings. "They are such a comfort," she declares, "When I'm lonely for some special quality of beauty, of humanness, of tenderness that I cannot find in any of the friends near meand everybody certainly has that experience-then I go to one of my pictures. And it never fails to give me what I need. Moreover, it always makes me grow bigger than I am."

the most beautiful.

JUST BETWEEN OURSELVES

By the EDITOR

Of course, she is right. We all of us ought to surround ourselves with beautiful things—achievements of other people who know how to express beauty in some form or other—but I have accepted her and her theories

rather unthinkingly, as we accept most of the idiosyncrasies of our friends, until the last few weeks.

DURING that time I have been spending a great many hours among paintings, in galleries where every other picture was a masterpiece—this because of our desire to reproduce some of the most beautiful in McCall's—and I've come to know for myself the essential truth of her philosophy. I found that after an hour spent looking at two or three great paintings they endowed me temporarily with some of their own qualities, some of the qualities that made them achievements.

It is that way with all beautiful things if one will only live with them. Everyone has some-

thing to give us if we are in the proper mood to receive it, and especially is that true of the great artists and writers of the ages. Try the experiment for yourself of coming into daily contact with an achievement in any form of beauty-a picture, a poem, a statue-and then note the growing up to that beauty that you will soon discover in yourself. Only be sure that the shrine to which you choose to give your homage is really a thing of beauty, and a vital influence to you.

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FIND COUPON ON PAGE 112 OF THIS ISSUE

SIXTEEN

MARY LERNER

Illustrated by FREDERIC ANDERSON

NNE GREGORY did not know what to do about her youngest daughter. Harriet and Esther had passed safely through studious, colorless girlhoods, and emerged-now twenty-two and twenty-four, respectively-irreproachable and efficient school-teachers, quite in the best Gregory tradition. They wrote to their mother twice a week, came home dutifully for the long vacation, and wore their hats two seasons. Their smooth brown braids, their clear, cool complexions, the virginal straightness of their austere figures, clothed in straight, austere garments, were all good guarantees of their de-Their father would have been proud of them. pendableness.

But Drusilla! What would Horace have thought of Dru? Anne was almost glad he had not lived to see the day.

Dru had flamed into beauty at thirteen. At sixteen, small, slight, yet sturdily curved, she pinned up the sunshot cluster of her tawny curls, perched herself on perilous heels, flecked with pink powder her piquant bit of a nose (no Gregory nose, that!), and held out her hands to life.

Anne actually blushed at the glances that followed her daughter. Girls looked at her resentfully, boys critically, other mothers speculatively. When Betty Norman's mother spoke of including Dru in the select dancing-class of which she was social arbiter, Anne felt called on to defend her family's reputation for studiousness and serious effort.

"The Gregorys have never been dancers," she said, stiffening to all her slender height. "I doubt if Drusilla-

"Betty says there's no better dancer in the Senior class. At recess Dru's simply overwhelmed with partners. All the boys-

Anne valiantly covered her retreat from strange territory. "A passing phase, I'm sure. Drusilla has no real interest in parties, or"—painfully—"boys."

Mrs. Norman laughed. "Every normal girl is interested in boys at sixteen. Properly directed, that interest leads to happy marriages. Every mother hopes to see her daughter marry.

Anne's tremulous embarrassment made her imperious. "I doubt if any of my girls will ever marry. The young men of to-day—all the young people, indeed—"

MRS. NORMAN, smiling tolerantly, was going on to say something about mothers adapting themselves to changing conditions, and keeping the reins in their own hands, when the screen door snapped, and Dru, her wildrose color high, her brown eyes alight, stood before them. Anne had a breathless moment. Had the girl heard, she wondered? How much had she heard?

Impossible to say, for Dru met the occasion with her usual little air of graceful composure and social experience, different, indeed, from the family abruptness and shyness. Before Betty's mother left, Dru had arranged to join the

dancing-class.

The next day, the girl announced that she did not want to go to college and be a school-teacher.

"But all college women do not teach," objected her mother, in surprise,

"Well, I don't want to go," Dru replied, unconvinced.

Very soon, Alan Roberts began to walk home from school with her, to call her up, to sit about the veranda, evenings. He took her to the baseball games and the school dances. It seemed to Anne she could not turn around without falling over him. Not that she had anything against Alan personally-though he was nineteen and still in high school-for he was of good family, and a nice boy, well set up and clear eyed; but ordinary, given to athletics, movies, and baseball statistics. Different, indeed,

from poor Horace! She disapproved of the affair merely

Ordinarily, she would have made short work of it, but something Betty Norman's mother had said about adapting one's self to changing conditions, and keeping the reins in one's own hands, kept recurring to her. Something, too, in her girl's manner made her hesitate, something she did not understand. If only her older daughters were home! She was sure that their formidable presence would chill the gay effrontery of the undesired caller, and bring Drusilla to

Helplessly, she wondered what girls were coming to, allowing their admirers such freedom of intercourse-not that she admitted, for a moment, that upstart Alan's right to admire anybody. She herself had never been alone in Horace's company till after they were engaged to be married; and Horace had been a dignified and dependable forty. But that, she supposed, with a sigh, was the "new generation.

Dru, indeed, seemed willing and eager to see the boy at any hour. If he were absent a day, she called him up. Her lessons suffered, her sleeping hours suffered, her maidenly

reserve evidently gave up the ghost.

Meanwhile, the girl's clothes became a serious problem. Scorning the kindly offices of the virtuous Miss Udell, she bundled out of sight the demure fruits of her respectable needle, always bunchy in the wrong places, and, by some odd coincidence, skimped in just the wrong places, too. She insisted on buying her things ready-made, blossoming before Anne's distressed eyes into the shortest of bouffant skirts, the lowest of necks, the most diaphanous of blouses.

BUT haven't you anything—anything simpler for young girls?" she would inquire of the salesgirl in the shops. Simpler, Madam?

"Quieter, plainer."

"Nothing, Madam. This little apricot taffeta-"

"Oh, Mother, it's sweet. Betty has a pink one just like it." Anne always weakened. After all, what could she do? Estrange her youngest, just when the girl's need of her was greatest? Perhaps by yielding in the less important things-She understood Mrs. Norman's veiled phrases now, This newest generation would suit itself, with or without approval. One could only stand by and hope to be of some assistance, praying another year might bring maturity, and balance.

If only she could be prevailed on to go to college; though, to be sure. Dru's later reports cast doubts on her ability to enter that year. Not to be ready for college at sixteen-this was a new experience for a Gregory!

Spring ripened rapidly that year, deliciously. had the apple blossoms seemed so fragrant, the moonlit nights so full of a sweet unrest. Strangely uneasy, Anne resented the soft enticements of the season, Dru's budding beauty, young Alan's eager, boyish charm. She longed for the calm companionship of her older daughters, the well-

ordered monotony of their studious days.

All the while, she had new causes for anxiety. Dru became suddenly demonstrative, caressing. She would catch her irresponsive mother in strong young arms and leave her gasping, breathless. A dozen times a day, she would plant on her cheek a vehement kiss that stung like a little blow. Embarrassed, Anne always drew away. Then the girl began to pet children. Small babies, formerly her pet aversion, became her chief delight. Given opportunity, she would now sit all day and play with a child, tossing it up, or cuddling it with knowing arms, or letting it tangle

her wonderful coiffure, copied from the film favorite of the moment.

She read trashy novels, too, based on sensational popular movies. Anne, shudderingly committing to the fire several which she found under her daughter's mattress, had to admit they were worse than trashy. How could a girl of hers, tenderly, prayerfully reared—enjoy them? She had never even known such things were printed.

With sharpened eyes, Anne regarded her daughter. But Drusilla looked just the same as ever—fresh as an April dawn, with infantile curving mouth, and level gaze. How charge such a creature with unworthy pursuits? Anne's

flushed watching for the postman, much scrambling to catch the last mail. What on earth could they find to say to each other—so incessantly? Time and time again, Anne stood, breathless and irresolute, before the growing packet of letters tossed into Dru's ribbon drawer. The perusal of one of those boyishly scrawled missives would tell her so much more than months of watching—and praying. But she could not bring herself to touch them.

At any rate, Anne was determined Alan should not stay so late. The very next time he prolonged his call on the shadowy veranda, whence the much-tried mother, mindful of the prerogatives of the newest generation, had shyly



"OH, MY DEAR!" CRIED ANNE, TREMBLING BETWEEN LAUGHTER AND TEARS. "I'M AFRAID I HAVEN'T BEEN A GOOD MOTHER TO YOU!"

flaming resentment cooled, and a trembling fear possessed her. Was she doing the right thing by her girl? Dru needed different handling from her sisters. She must be doubly careful, now, to make no wrong move, lest she fatally antagonize her. She must gain her confidence, win her by gifts, and tenderness, and little favors.

Alas! Her tenderness was cold and awkwardly inarticulate, all her gifts were the wrong gifts. Her idea of a good time spelled boredom to Drusilla.

Though they saw each other daily, the two young people conducted a voluminous correspondence, entailing much taken her leave at an early hour, she would speak her mind. There must be a limit somewhere, she reminded herself, trying to resume her old-time austerity. Till tenthirty she would sit in the lamp-lit study, not a second later. Then she would send Alan home. Her older daughters would be here in a day or two now; she shuddered to think of facing them with present conditions. She must regain at least a semblance of authority, for Harriet, in her quick intolerance, might say things that would precipitate a crisis. She could not bear to think what that crisis might be.

The very next evening brought Anne's opportunity.

Ten-thirty. Ten-forty. Ten-forty-five. Anne, trembling, rose from her chair. The night was languorously warm, and redolent of summer. The soft air, blowing in under the heavy curtains, was like a caress. For a long time, there had been no audible word from the veranda, though earlier in the evening, Anne had fancied, from the sound of their voices, that they were quarreling. If only they would quarrel—disastrously!

Her heart beating nervously, searching vainly for words chosen hours ago, she went quietly through the darkened hall. If only he would go before she reached the door! Dru would surely understand her mother's appearance as a remonstrance, and she would not need to speak.

The blood flooded angrily to Anne's face. What a cowardly attitude for a mother! One would think she was

afraid of this sixteen-year-old child of hers, this philandering dullard of a boy! No wonder they were taking advantage of her.

She advanced manfully, planting her broadsoled, flatheeled shoes with decision. How foolish she had been, hesitating. Why, the mere sound of her approach would send that youngster on his way!

But the culprits did not even hear her heavy footfalls. On the steps in front of her. almost within reach, two white figures stood, oblivious. Fascinated, she watched them. Dru's hand was on

Alan's arm, and her face was lifted toward him. His face was a little turned away. For a moment, they stood motionless. Suddenly, Alan bent toward Dru, and they looked at each other. Then they kissed. Anne almost felt that Dru's kiss was first. Then the boy wheeled and hurried down the path.

Shocked, breathless, her knees shaking under her, Anne had but a minute in which to retreat. She slipped inside the parlor door and hid ignominiously behind the flowing draperies. Smothered in their folds, her face burning, tears of mortification and impotence stinging her lids, she heard Dru's firm footstep in the hall, her even voice calling, "Mother!" at the study door; then the snap of the electric switch, and the light, swift tapping of little shoes on the stair. Dru thought that her mother, tiring of her conventional vigil, had gone to bed, and Anne was shrinkingly glad of the respite. By to-morrow, she would have marshalled her forces. To-night she had nothing to say.

During the long watches of that night, however, a new realization of the inscrutable ways of Nature came to Anne, her methods and purposes. Out of her own dim and decorous girlhood, remembrance of the smile of a certain youth came to flout her. He had not been of her "set." and, rigorously repressing the small flutterings of her welldisciplined heart, she had bent over her books until Professor Gregory came to claim her with his academic wooing. Then she had bent over his books the rest of her youth. She had not felt any lack, for her children had come to demand her attention. Her children! How very happy she had been with them, especially while they were still small and helpless! They had not remained helpless long, however, she recalled, with regret. They had been amazingly precocious and self-reliant. Self-contained, too. But while they were very little, and Horace had been so

> busy with his big book—it seemed a long time since they had been so little.

Then, suddenly, there descended on her the conviction that if there were to be any other small children in that house, ever, they would have to be Dru's. Her other daughters would surely never marry. If she were to enjoy grandchildren, they must come to her through Dru - Dru, the beautiful, the spirited, the adventurous. It took daring women to be mothers. Bearing a child was the supreme adventure. Those cold. cloistered daughters of hers, timorous, incuri-

Nay, do not love me so, dear! I am fire, And floating thistledown, And a wild bird that only loves the sea. I answer to no voice except my own, And no warm hearth gleams fire-bright for me. So love me not! Love me a breath alone, dear, If you will. Forget as light, for I Am but a shadow, drifting on the grass, A night-wind, passing lightly as a sigh, A blossom falling from the linden-tree. Why should you grieve for such a frail as I? Nay, love me not, beloved, or I flee! By Sara Birchall.

ous, self-centered, were always "taking in" things—more knowledge, more propriety, were even parsimonious, grudging. Dru would not grudge herself. She was one of the Givers, open-handed, beneficent, destined to be a giver of life. Anne's heart warmed passionately toward her youngest daughter.

At breakfast, the face Dru turned to her mother's shy advances was calmly sweet and self-contained, despite the stirring experiences through which she was passing. What poise! Or had the girl no realization of the strange road she was traveling? Meanwhile, the talk was all of the evening's reception and dance, Dru's dress, Dru's flowers—

The early mail brought letters from both her absent daughters, announcing their return for that same afternoon. "So soon?" thought Anne impatiently. "They will be horribly in the way." She dreaded their methodical

[Continued on page 98]

THE NAMELESS MAN

By NATALIE SUMNER LINCOLN

Illustrated by H. R. BALLINGER

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE,-A nameless man accepts Colonel Calhoun's ten thousand dollar wager, in California, to go to Washington and reveal a Japanese Cabal which the latter beto washington and reveal a Japanese Casal which the latter be-lieves is existent. On the eastbound train, after a delay in Atlanta, Dwight Tilghman is found dead. Julian Barclay, Dr. Shively, and Professor Norcross, fellow travelers, are the only passengers on the scene when the discovery is made. Barclay's first impulse is the scene when the discovery is made. Barciay's first impulse is to find his brandy, and remembering he had lent the flask to Tilghman after the latter's tussle with a Jap, in the morning, goes to look for it, but it has apparently entirely disappeared. Upon examination, Dr. Shively finds that Tilghman has been murdered by a dose of oxalic acid dissolved in brandy. In view of the encounter of the morning, every one's mind immediately reverts to Yoshido Ito, the victor. The Japanese is called and proves he had been in the library at Atlanta during the delay. The conductor Yoshido Ito, the victor. The Japanese is called and proves he had been in the library at Atlanta during the delay. The conductor wires the librarian for corroboration, the answer received apparently exempts Ito, and he is permitted to leave. While waiting for the news, Barclay goes into the diner with the Japanese, and, at the table, the latter traces on the cloth a chrysanthemum design which is an exact duplication of the pattern on Barclay's missing flask. Before retring that night, Barclay finds in his pocket the miniature of a beautiful girl. In the midst of his wonderment, Professor Norcross proves to him that, in view of the difference between Atlanta time, which is Central, and Eastern time, by which they are going, Ito's alibi is false, and that, without doubt, he is the guilty party. Unknown to each other, Norcross and Barclay are bound for the same home in Washington the former on a viit and the party. Unknown to each other, Noteross and partial are bound for the same home in Washington, the former on a visit, and the latter by a special arrangement, to keep up his legal residence there. Their prospective hosts, the Ogdens, have living with them a young cousin, Ethel Ogden, in whom James Patterson, a representative from California, has an absorbing interest. Julian Barclay is amazed when he arrives to find Ethel is the original of the miniature.

CHAPTER VI

IDNIGHT was fast approaching, but the reception at the Japanese Embassy showed no signs of diminished attendance or lack of enjoyment among the guests. Diplomatic and official Washington was present to do honor to the Mikado's birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ogden and their guests were among the late arrivals, and Ethel Ogden received a warm welcome from Maru Takasaki, who hastened to greet her, and, with an air of great pride, presented her to his wife and also to Mr. Saito who, Madame Takasaki explained, had only arrived that morning.

"You speak Japanese, Mees Ogden?" inquired Saito.

Ethel recalled a phrase she had picked up in looking over a Japanese-Italian phrase book, meaning, "Not yet, and in a spirit of mischief, she responded: "Mada-mada," then dimly wondered at the alteration in her companion's manner. But Julian Barclay's abrupt arrival gave her no time to question Saito.

"Won't you go into supper with me, Miss Ogden?" de-

manded Barclay eagerly.
"Thanks but I cannot." Ethel's eyes sparkled at Barclay's apparent disappointment. "But perhaps-

"Yes?" eagerly, as she stopped tantalizingly.

"There is to be dancing, and after supper—"
"You'll dance with me?" eager anticipation in his voice.
"If you are good." Ethel turned to include Mr. Saito in their conversation, but he had moved over to the Japanese Ambassador's side and was talking eagerly to him and Maru Takasaki. They turned, simultaneously, and looked at Ethel, and she was surprised by the concentration of their gaze. Angered by their staring, she turned abruptly to Barclay. "I promised to go out to supper with Professor Norcross. Have you seen him?"

"Not since we reached here," moodily. "He monopolized you shamefully all this evening. Can't think what

you see in the old fogy."

"Why, he is most entertaining," protested Ethel. "He has traveled all over the globe, and in the most interesting places. And he isn't old, not over-"

"Sixty!" Barclay snapped. "Not a day younger."
"Nonsense!" indignantly. "I don't believe he is fortyfive. It's those glasses he wears which give him such a venerable air; if you examine his face you will find it

quite young-

"I'll take your word for it; can't waste time examining his face." Barclay's gaze never left Ethel. "Don't move, Miss Ogden," he entreated. "Against that background of old silk hangings you would make a lovely miniature.'

"Flatterer!" Ethel's eyes sank under his ardent look. "I'll never achieve a miniature; they are too expensive."

'Do you mean to say that your family or friends have never had your miniature painted?" asked Barclay increduously, and his hand felt the small gold miniature case tucked securely inside a concealed pocket of his dress suit. If the miniature had fascinated him, its living prototype had bewitched him, he admitted with secret rage; but he could no more tear himself away from Ethel's vicinity than the proverbial moth can ignore the candle. "Never had your miniature painted?" he repeated.

"Never." Ethel laughed faintly at his persistent vehe-mence. "Awfully short-sighted of them to overlook such a thing of beauty," she mocked. Like most really beautiful women, Ethel rarely thought of it. But she was aware of a charm, all her own, for it had smoothed life for her since childhood. Her blue eyes, which met every gaze with frank interest, were made for laughter, but in moments of stress their glance deepened, and she was rarely deceived by specious flattery, or the equally treacherous frankness which often covers deceit. Her pale golden hair was her crowning beauty which, with the unconscious grace of her every movement, made her presence felt wherever she appeared. "Here comes Professor Norcross," she announced, after a pause, glancing down the room.

"Then I'm going," ejaculated Barclay. "Don't forget those dances, Miss Ogden." And he disappeared behind the portieres as the professor pushed his way through the

throng and joined Ethel.

"Curious, morose sort of chap, Barclay," observed Norcross. "What made him leave you so suddenly? I ask," he hastened to explain, seeing her surprise at the question, "because I have a feeling that Barclay is avoiding me."

Why should you think that?" parried Ethel. She had observed Barclay's distrait manner and lapses into silence whenever the professor appeared, and the situation was commencing to pique her curiosity. Not getting an immediate reply to her question, she changed the subject. "Suppose we go out to supper," she suggested, and Norcross accompanied her across the room.

THEIR progress had been attentively watched by the Ambassador who, exchanging greetings with his guests, imperceptibly followed Ethel and reached her side just as

the professor left to get her an ice.
"Ah, Miss Ogden," he said. "Why have you never confided to me that you speak Japanese, when instructing my

wife in English?"

"But I don't speak Japanese," protested Ethel, somewhat bewildered. Her charming personality had won her a friendly footing in their household, and the regard of both the Ambassador and his wife.

"But, Miss Ogden, you answered Mr. Saito in Japanese," answered the Ambassador, regarding her steadily.

Ethel laughed. "I picked up the phrase 'Mada-mada' in one of your text-books," she explained.

"But that is very clever." And the Ambassador looked at her with a new respect.

"Frankly, your Excellency," Ethel's love of fun got the better of her, "I am a very clever woman," and she laughed at his serious reception of her jesting. "But no one has discovered it until now. I thank you for the compliment."

The Ambassador bowed gravely and started to speak, but the arrival of a cabinet officer caused him to turn away hastily, and Ethel welcomed Professor Norcross and the cooling ice he brought, with unaffected pleasure.

"I think the Japanese are the most inquisitive, suspicious people I've ever encountered," she confided to him. "They pursue the same idea for hours and hours. I'll never be able to convince Mr. Saito that my knowledge of Japanese is limited to three or four words. Now, if I was an accomplished linguist like Mr. Barclay-gracious, I wonder what the Ambassador would say if he knew Mr. Barclay speaks Japanese.'

Norcross laid down his spoon on his empty plate. "You

heard him then, speak Japanese?"

'Yes, just as we were entering the house. Have you

known Mr. Barclay for a long time?

"No. I never met him until two nights ago on the train coming to Washington," replied Norcross, handing Ethel a glass of lemonade, and surrendering his empty plate to a servant.

T was quite a coincidence that you should both be traveling together toward the same house, and never realize it until you met there," commented Ethel. The crush was thinning out, and in the comparative silence, strains of music floated to them from the ballroom, and her foot unconsciously beat time. Norcross caught the direction her eyes were straying, and spoke rather quickly.

"You dance, Miss Ogden?"
"With me," broke in Barclay just back of them, and

Norcross colored at the curtness of his tone.

'I have promised this dance to Mr. Barclay," explained Ethel hurriedly, half resentful of Barclay's air of pro-

"Then will you not give me the next?" asked Norcross. "Surely." And smiling a gay farewell, Ethel laid her hand on Barclay's arm. They walked in the direction of the ballroom. Norcross watched them out of sight, then strolled over to the buffet and got himself a cup of coffee.

Ethel was one of the best dancers in Washington, and, to her delight, found Barclay equally proficient. At the end of the dance, when the orchestra played an encore, she agreed with enthusiasm to Barclay's request that they continue, and Barclay, his eyes seldom straying from his beautiful companion, forgetful of all vexing problems, danced as he had never danced before.

Ethel's absorption in the dance made her oblivious of the presence of a tall, burly man who stood by Mrs. Ogden, and answered the latter's remarks haphazardly. Her companion's distrait manner was not lost on Mrs. Ogden, and she smiled to herself as she caught the direction of his gaze.

'Ethel looks very lovely to-night, doesn't she, Mr. Pat-

terson," she remarked.

"Yes, very," and the emphasis on the adjective satisfied her match-making mind; Representative Patterson most certainly wore his heart on his sleeve, and gossip for once was right; he was undoubtedly in love with Ethel. "Who is the man she is dancing with?" he questioned a moment

er. "His face appears familiar, but I cannot place him."
"My cousin, Julian Barclay." Mrs. Ogden made room for Patterson on the settee she was sharing with another dowager. "He has just returned from Panama, and I haven't seen him for years. He has taken a great fancy to Ethel," with a sidelong glance at Patterson. Mrs. Ogden had decided to hurry Fate. "We have such a jolly houseparty, now that Julian and Professor Norcross have joined us."

"Norcross, the naturalist?" Mrs. Ogden nodded. "He is a clever man. But I am puzzled by your cousin; I feel sure that I have met him somewhere." Patterson's heavy eyebrows met in a frown. "And he is the type of man not easily forgotten."

"I'll introduce you to him, and then you can compare notes," volunteered Mrs. Ogden, catching Ethel's eye, and beckoning to her.

"Cousin Jane seems to want us," said Ethel, and Barclay looked in the direction indicated. Ethel's hand was still on his arm, and she felt the muscles stiffen. She looked up, startled, to learn nothing from his face.

"Won't you give me another dance?" he asked.

"Perhaps-later," and they made their way down the room. "Good evening, Jim," she exclaimed, stopping by her cousin. Her extended hand was eagerly clasped as Patterson welcomed her.

"Mr. Patterson-my cousin, Mr. Barclay," chimed in Mrs. Ogden, and releasing Ethel's hand reluctantly, Patterson turned to greet Barclay.

"Haven't we met before?" he asked. His gray eyes

scanned Barclay intently.
"It may be." Barclay's cheery smile was almost boyish.

"Were you in Chicago two years ago? 'N-no," thoughtfully. "I think not."

"You two can reminisce later on," interrupted Mrs. Ogden hastily. "At present, Julian, I wish to introduce you to Miss Van Alstyne," and before Barclay could protest, he found himself before an extremely pretty girl who accepted his request for a dance almost before it was spoken, Patterson watched Barclay depart with a thoughtful

frown, and then turned to Ethel.

"Suppose we sit out this dance," he suggested. "I want to talk to you, to have you all to myself," and Ethel read in his expression the heart hunger and longing he did not

strive to conceal from her.

She had twice refused Jim Patterson, but he had declined to accept dismissal, pleading that his great love for her must eventually bring in return a like affection. His dogged persistence had won her respect and liking, and she had, with a determination almost fierce, nearly convinced herself that her liking was becoming something warmer; but now-Ethel closed her eyes as if in pain.

"I wish to dance," she announced, and Patterson, angered by her imperious tone, of which, to do her justice, she was totally unconscious, placed his arm about her waist and swung her into the dancing throng.

But as Ethel kept step to the music her heart was in hot What influence was at work to upset her resolution? Why could she not marry Jim Patterson? He was generous, chivalrous; surely to accept his offer of marriage was to insure not only her future happiness, but the welfare of her invalid father, and delicate mother? Other girls married to secure the ease of mind and comfort which money could bring. She had not wantonly encouraged Jim Patterson; two refusals could not be construed as leading him on to a flirtation. He knew she did not love him, but their tastes coincided, and surely her liking for him would bridge the matrimonial chasm as well as love? A wordone little word-

PATTERSON, who had been dancing in silence, drew Ethel closer to avoid collision with another couple, and the nearness of her presence broke down his anger.

"Give me my answer, Ethel," he whispered in her ear.

"Say I have a chance."

A loud burst of laughter near them drowned her reply, and as Patterson bent nearer, she faltered, recovered herself, and stammered brokenly:

"I can't, Jim; it's just impossible."

In bitter disappointment, Patterson straightened up, and thereby missed the look exchanged between Ethel and Julian Barclay, whom the dance had brought close to them. Ethel's heart was beating with suffocating rapidity as she passed down the room. What witchery lurked in Julian Barclay's dark eyes to alter her preordained destiny?

Barclay surrendered Miss Van Alstyne to her next partner with a thankful heart, and outward regret and, avoiding Mrs. Ogden, made his way out of the ballroom. He was in no mood for talking; he wished to think-and dream-of Ethel Ogden. Why had she looked at him so

strangely when chance brought them together in the dance? Was it deep calling to deep? With difficulty he curbed his desire to rush to her. Madness and matrimony both commence with the same letter, he reminded himself bitterly, and in honor he must banish all thought of Ethel Ogden and settle his mind to solving the problems confronting him. Not the least of these problems was the miniature.

tal, Barclay, with Dr. Shively and Professor Norcross, had made a deposition of the events relating to Dwight Tilghman's death. Barclay had been the last to be heard by the coroner and the notary, and when he left the Union Station, Shively was in deep conversation with Dr. Leonard McLane who had just arrived, and Barclay forebore to interrupt them. Norcross was nowhere in sight,



"GIVE ME MY ANSWER, ETHEL," PATTERSON WHISPERED IN HER EAR. "SAY I MAVE A CHANCE"

Ethel had denied having had one painted, but it might have been done from a photograph without her knowledge—the real mystery lay in why her miniature had been placed in his pocket, by whom, and how?

On the arrival of the Washington, New Orleans, and San Francisco Express that morning at the National CapiBarclay had given his Washington address to the coroner, but had not mentioned it to either Shively or Norcross, and his astonishment at finding Norcross also a guest at the Ogdens' was as great as the Professor's surprise at seeing him so soon again. Beyond exchanging a few words with him, Barclay gave his entire attention to

extracting information about Ethel from his cousin, Mrs. Ogden. The unexpected discovery of the identity of the unknown girl of the miniature acted as a spur to his keen desire to penetrate the riddle of Dwight Tilghman's murder, and the disappearance of his silver flask; but what bearing his involuntary acquisition of the miniature had upon these two events he could not conceive.

Refusing a glass of punch, Barclay wandered through the dining-room, which was becoming crowded again with the ceasing of the dancing, and as his eyes traveled about the room, he encountered the fixed stare of a Japanese

standing by one of the doorways.
"Ito, by all that's wonderful!" ejaculated Barclay under his breath, and plunged forward. But two stout dowagers stepped in his way and delayed him, and by the time he had elbowed his way to the door, the Japanese was not in

sight.

Barclay paused in perplexity. "It surely was Ito," he muttered. "And yet the Japs look so alike I can't swear" -he paused to scan several Japanese who stood talking near him. Ito certainly was not in that group, and turning, Barclay walked down the hall. He found a room opening off it half way along, and, on impulse, pulled back the portieres and entered.

The room, empty except for himself, was obviously a "den" or library; handsome bookcases lined the walls, comfortable lounging chairs, and a few small tables stood about, while on the hearth a wood fire burned cheerily, and the light from the electric lamps was reflected back from handsome silver ornaments lying on the desk in the center

of the room.

Barclay, realizing the room was not open for guests, started to retreat, when he caught sight of a silver flask lying among the desk ornaments, and, moved by curiosity, he picked it up and examined the intricate scroll work by aid of the drop-light. The design was identical with the chrysanthemum pattern on his flask. In every way, style, and size, the two flasks were mates, if not the same.

Barclay started as the bare possibility occurred to him, and broke into a profuse perspiration. Pshaw! he was mad! He had last seen his flask in the possession of Dwight Tilghman on the express train-it was beyond all probability to find it on the desk of the Japanese Ambassador! Beyond probability, yes; but not beyond possibilityhad he not seen Ito in the dining-room? And evidence went to prove that Ito had poisoned Tilghman. If he had placed that poison in Barclay's flask, what could be more likely than his leaving such incriminating evidence where it might never be found and traced?

Barclay held the flask up to the light and tilted it. A little liquid remained in it, and he came to a quick decision.

On entering the room, Barclay had failed to note that at its far corner it opened into a conservatory; and as he pocketed the flask, he never saw the red glow of a cigar among the leaves of the tropical plants.

CHAPTER VII

TWO weeks had glided by, and Julian Barclay was no nearer solving the mystery surrounding the death of Dwight Tilghman than the day the crime was committed. He had turned in despair to a more fascinating enigma-Ethel Ogden; and too late he realized that she was becoming all in all to him, and his stifled conscience gave him little peace when away from her bewitching presence. Ethel, to the secret indignation of her cousin, Mrs. Ogden, did not discourage his attentions, closing her eyes to the

future, and to James Patterson's growing fury.
"You must talk to her, Jane," declared Walter Ogden, as Ethel, bidding them a laughing good-by, left the house to give her Tuesday morning lesson to Maru Takasaki. "This flirtation can not keep up. Ethel is treating Jim Patterson shamefully, if, as you have given me to understand,"-shooting a keen look at her from under his shaggy eyebrows-"Ethel has virtually accepted him." He paused. "I can't understand this sort of thing in a girl like Ethel."

Mrs. Ogden flushed; she was prone to exaggeration, and with her to wish a thing was often to state its ma-

"I am greatly surprised at Ethel," she replied, carefully avoiding a direct answer. "She must realize the desirability of the match. Aside from Mr. Patterson's agreeable personality-why, every mother with marriagable daughters has angled for him-he is madly in love with Ethel, I know that.'

"Then, if such is the case, there is certainly no excuse for Ethel playing Barclay against him." Ogden dug his pen viciously into the inkstand. "It's a great pity, Jane, that you ever invited Barclay here; wasn't there some old scandal—" and he puckered his forehead in thought.

MERCY, that's long since lived down and forgotten," exclaimed Mrs. Ogden cheerily, but she had paled, and her husband observed it in silence. "Twe never had an op-portunity to return the Barclays' kindness to me when I most needed assistance—before I met you, dear," kissing him affectionately. "This is the first hospitality I've ever shown Julian."

"That is not your fault," said Ogden impatiently. "Julian, apparently, had chosen to ignore his relatives, until his letter to you last month, out of a clear sky, and you are certainly under no obligation to assist his idle flirtation with my cousin, Ethel. I advise your giving him a

hint that he terminate his visit."

"Walter!" But Mrs. Ogden's scandalized expression was lost on her husband, who was busy casting up a long array of figures. "I shall do nothing so inhospitable. No, Ethel must work out her own salvation. I"-primly-"never interfere in other people's affairs."

Ogden smiled, not unkindly. "Then send Ethel to me,

or, better still, I'll talk to Barclay."
"You must not put all the blame on Julian," protested Mrs. Ogden, quick to resent another's disapproval of her cousin, although secretly displeased with him. She was longing for the éclat which a fashionable wedding would give her in Washington society, and had already planned to ask Ethel and Representative Patterson to hold their wedding in her house. And now her own cousin had come along and threatened, by his inconsiderate flirtation, to "By the way, Walter," moving upset her social campaign. nearer her husband and lowering her voice, "has it not struck you that Professor Norcross is very much interested in Ethel, too?"

"Norcross?" Ogden leaned back and indulged in a dry chuckle. "My dear Jane, your imagination is working

overtime. That dry-as-dust scientist!"

Well, he married once!" Ogden chuckled again. "Jane, romancing is your forte. If you are not careful," shaking an admonitory finger at his wife, "you may imagine I have fallen a victim to Ethel's charms. Now, run along, and leave me to my accounts. How often must I tell you that I cannot be interrupted by trivialities.

"Why, you commenced the argument," protested Mrs. Ogden; but ten years of married life had taught her the uselessness of combating her husband's wishes, and she reluctantly withdrew. But Ogden did not at once resume

the perusal of his business affairs.

"What was it I heard about Julian Barclay," he mut-"For a chatter-box, Jane is marvelously close-

mouthed where her relatives are concerned."

Two blocks away, Ethel Ogden was indulging in bitter reflections, in which Jim Patterson and Julian Barclay largely figured-much to the detriment of the English les-But Maru Takasaki came of a patient race, and, neither by word nor sign, betrayed his knowledge of Ethel's inattention, or the flight of time.

"Tell me of your impressions of the mobilization of our fleet in Hampton Roads," Ethel said finally, awakening

from her day-dreams,
"Grand, majestic," replied Takasaki. "Such a harbor! I see you there, for a glimpse, at the hotel?"

"Yes. My cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ogden, Professor Norcross, Mr. Barclay and I made up a party and went down to Old Point Comfort. I have an idea," Ethel examined her pencil with care, "that Mr. Barclay must have spent much time in Japan."

"So?" was Takasaki's only comment.

HAVE you ever met him in the East?" asked Ethel, choosing directness as the only method of getting an answer from the Japanese.

Takasaki pondered her question. "I think not," he answered. "Mr. James Patterson, yes; he came with a party

from your Congress."

"Mr. Patterson, oh, yes, he is very much interested in the Eastern question," Ethel pulled herself up short; Jim Patterson's interest in the Japanese was far from complimentary, and his endeavors had been to assist legislation for their exclusion from the country. To discuss him and his opinions would be a ticklish subject, in the present

and, to her consternation, his name invariably cropped up in her conversations if he was not present.

A discreet tap sounded on the door, and, at Takasaki's command, a man servant stepped into the drawing-room. "Mr. Barclay call for Miss Ogden," he announced.

Ethel colored hotly as she rose in some haste. "You make these lessons so agreeable, Mr. Takasaki," she said, "that I never realize when the time is up. It is so gratify-

ing, too, to watch your progress."
"You so kind." The Japanese bowed low over her hand. "Why not wait and permit that Mr. Barclay be entertained. My wife, she better, and be down in a little second." Turning to the servant he gave a rapid order in his native tongue, and, bowing, the Japanese servant withdrew, to return almost immediately with Julian Barclay.

Ethel watched the greeting between the two men, but learned nothing from Barclay's suavely polite manner, and Takasaki's changeless expression; if they had met before there was no indication of it in words or behavior.



"FOR THE MAN"-TAKASAKI PAUSED-"IT SIGNIFIES BETRAYAL AND DEATH"

company. "Well, what did you think of our battleships?" she queried, anxious to get away from dangerous ground.

"Wonderful." The Japanese raised his hands in a characteristic gesture. "You say Mr. Barclay travel much in Nippon?

"Well, I believe so." Ethel gathered up her belongings preparatory to leaving. "But he has never told me much about his travels. It just occurred to me that perhaps you

had met him before coming to Washington." Takasaki shook his head. "You forget I in Diplomatic Service," he said, speaking more quickly than usual, and dropping his precise and formal English. "I seldom in Nippon.

True." Ethel concealed her disappointment. She was gradually awakening to the realization that Julian Barclay was absorbing her thoughts to the exclusion of all else,

"Mees Ogden tells that you visit in Nippon," said Takasaki, and Ethel again colored warmly; what must Barclay think of her for discussing him with the Japanese?

"I stopped there en route to the Philippines some years ago," said Barclay. "I was greatly interested in your embroideries, tapestries, and works of art."

"Ah, yes. Many Americans buy our art work, and we are left without.

"But in your progressive land there must be skilled workmen who duplicate the curios and sell them to tourists as originals, are there not?" questioned Barclay.

"Don't tell me that Yankee ingenuity abides in the land

the chrysanthemum," protested Ethel.

Takasaki smiled broadly. "There live deceivers in every land; but it is not possible for the antiques to be copied."

[Continued on page 104]

THE CHURCH THAT WAKED UP

By MONTANYE PERRY

THE Country Preacher turned, before he locked the door of the little church, and surveyed the empty pews.
"You're quite sure every one is out?" his wife said, peering past him anxiously.

"I am. The vast audience has streamed past me. I shook hands with each of the thirty-one worshipers!"

"That's two more than they had across the street. I hurried out here to count. Twenty-nine, including the Baxter's twin babies."

"Thirty-one and twenty-nine are sixty!" His voice was what his wife called "growly." "Sixty persons in this whole community who go to church on a fine Sunday. Last night, that little motion-picture theater over the grocerystore had more than two hundred packed into it, breathing bad air and looking at the cheapest, trashiest sort of films! If the people want a picture-show, why don't they have a good one? Surely our townsfolk aren't so poor."

"The village isn't large enough to support a good one," she answered soothingly. When The Country Preacher's voice grew as growly as this, it meant that he was very much dis-couraged. "We'll have a good crowd at the Sunday-School picnic," she prophesied, trying to cheer him.
"I'm not so sure.

"I'm not so sure. Every one is talking about how the mosquitoes will spoil it, as they did last year. Why don't the people do something about that swamp? Enlightened communities get rid of mosquitoes, and of swamps, too!"

"There are so few people," she ventured—he seemed to expect some kind of answer!

"I know! We can't support a library, or a recreation center, or even a good lecture course, because there are so few of us! We can't undertake any improvements, because there are not enough of us! And, every year, the best of us—our young blood and young brains and young energy—go marching off to the city, where there are people enough to get together and accomplish something. Being a pastor in a dead community is the worst job in the world."

THE Country Preacher voiced what many of his colleagues think, in their moments of discouragement. After all, preachers are human beings. And whatever one's work, one wishes to be in the thick of things and feel the glow of accomplishment.

Scattered all over our country are small communities, each centering in a tiny village with a post-office, a store or two, a schoolhouse, and two churches. Somehow, one

church in a community almost always means another one! And in these towns children are born, grow up, and then rush off to lend their eager young blood, and brains, and hearts, to building up the big city's enterprises, while in the little village, industry, achievement, social progress, all stand still for want of motive power.

It is a sort of endless chain: the village is dead because the young folk refuse to stay there; the young folk refuse to stay there because the village is dead.

But not all rural communities are like that. Locust Valley, a little town on Long Island, in New York State, for instance, awoke to its responsibility before it was too late.

A FEW years ago, Locust Valley was just an average country neighborhood, with three hundred families scattered over a rather wide territory. There was a fairly good public school, two churches whose average attend-

ance totaled less than five per cent. of the entire population, an unattractive little rail-way station, and a number of very thriving saloons.

Also, Locust Valley had some of the worst roads in the state, stretches of swamps with their attendant mosquitoes and malaria, and an invading army of the tent caterpillar.

Through the inconveniences he had suffered, one citizen finally became desperate about the bad roads. He called in a number of his neighbors and, together, they formed a commit-

tee which vowed not to disband until Locust Valley had at least one decent, macadamized highway. Patience, persistency, and politics, at last brought property owners and county and state authorities into agreement, and, very soon, a fair white road stretched through the Valley, a memorial of the work of this first committee.

Traditionally, the reward of good work is more work. Before the committee had time to catch its breath and congratulate itself, the women made their demand.

"Before you disband, get a kindergarten for our public school. We are entitled to it, why shouldn't we have it?" When the kindergarten was an established thing, an-

other citizen spoke up.

"It is time something was done for Locust Valley," he declared. "It is not only our own church that is dying, or the neighboring church, but the whole community. Our new road and our kindergarten show what can be done when a few workers get together. The whole community should be organized, without delay, to work for the common good.



BOTH GROWN-UPS AND CHILDREN COME TO THE SOCIAL AFFAIRS

What we need is a leader whose sole business it is to make the plans, direct our energies, and use the fragments of time which we can give, to the best advantage."

"But how can we get such a man?" came the question. "We can't pay him a salary."

WE pay our pastor a salary," said the citizen with a vision. "Our present pastor is leaving for a larger field. Why can't we bring here a man who is willing to become the head of this church and the leader of a neighborhood association? All our pastors leave us for larger

fields. Maybe, if we furnish a good man with a man-sized job, we shall be able to keep him with us."

So came the Reverend E. Fred Eastman to Locust Valley.

Mr. Eastman is a young man, with keen and steady eyes, and a peculiarly winning smile which he does not use so often as to spoil its effectiveness. He looked at Locust Valley: at its poor roads and its one good one, its swamps, its mosquitoes, its caterpillars, its anemic churches, its thriving saloons, its three hundred families. Then he took a second look at the saloons. But instead of discouragement, he had a vision.

meeting for pleasant and profitable afternoons or evenings in the good, old-fashioned way of our grandparents. The carpentry-class built the equipment for the gymnasium. They borrowed tools, begged the aid of a professional carpenter or two for a few evenings, and built book-racks which they sold for money enough to buy some tools of their own. When the girls wanted a cooking-class and a sewing-circle, they brought materials and coaxed a competent mother and a dressmaker to teach them.

Dancing-classes, gymnastics, amateur plays, musical clubs, debates, practical lectures on social and civic ques-



THE GLEE-CLUB GOES TOBOGGANING

tions filled the evenings. And all this time three things were happening. Mr. Eastman was getting acquainted with his people, their resources and their needs; the church attendance was growing by leaps and bounds; the saloons were beginning to complain of poor business.

GRADUALLY, larger undertakings got under way. Committees were appointed and groups were formed to handle specific kinds of work. At the right season, great



"What you folks need first of all is a place for recreation," he said.

"We are organizing for improvement, not for amusement!" said a number of voices. "We have no money to spend on a recreation center," chorused others. Apparently, Mr. Eastman heard none of them. Literally and figuratively, he rolled up his sleeves and went to work.

AN old barn stood near the center of the Valley. His first step was to get permission to use it, the second was to assemble the younger folk to help clean it up and work a few wonders in the way

of stairs and partitions; the last was to call on every one of the three hundred families to help furnish the "neighborhood center."

It was surprising how every one of the three hundred families had something they could spare. From practically every home came some small gift—a chair, a table, a book, a game, a few dishes. The old barn promptly took on an aspect which was far from barn-like.

From the very first, the work of the center was selfsupporting. It was simply an association of neighbors,



THE NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSE AS IT IS TO-DAY

bunches of tent caterpillars were burned from the trees along every roadside, while property owners who did not take it upon themselves to attend to this task on their own lands, received polite requests to allow the committee to do it. It was a larger task to drain the swamps and stagnant pools, to clear out the streams which fed them, to build firm banks, fill in low places, but everything was accomplished, and well, even to the shallow but clear and beautiful lake which replaced the mosquitoes' best breeding grounds.

[Continued on page 110]

FROM THE WORLD'S GALLERIES

THE MASTERPIECES MODERN PAINTING HAS ACHIEVED

By WALLACE HILL

ODERN painting, of which Carl Marr's popular picture "Gossip" on the opposite page is representative, is distinctly individual in character. Modern means of communication, and modern methods of reproduction, have placed the art of all the world, throughout the ages, at the feet of every artist. Consequently, our art to-day is international, a brilliant admixture of many schools, a versatile art which portrays its greatness equally in landscape, seascape, portraiture, and decoration.

For centuries, art had been more or less uniform, following out, almost invariably, national traditions. At first, the schools of painting were local, being Florentine, Umbrian, Venetian, but in the eighteenth century they became national, and were spoken of as the French School, the English School, the Spanish School, and so forth. Toward the second half of the nineteenth century, however, the French School rose to supremacy, and gave the predominant tone to all the work of the art world. But here, again, the restlessness and transitions of the era were evident. There was no unity; and Classicists, Romanticists, Idealists, Impressionists, all revealed themselves, and were taken unquestionably under the wing of this school.

The influence of the great French Academy has been a vital one in the history of art, and all the tendencies of modern painting have either originated or reached their very highest acme in France. Just as England held the sceptral brush in the eighteenth century, Holland and Flanders in the seventeenth, and Italy in the sixteenth, so France did in the nineteenth century—the beginning of the

history of modern art.

Nevertheless, despite the successes of the national school of France, and the fact that the history of modern painting is, undeniably, in great part, the history of painting in France, it will not be very long, perhaps even before the end of the twentieth century, when there will be a rivalry of style and individuality in painting, rather than a national rivalry.

But, immediately, we must again turn to France in appreciation, for it was there that the big achievement of modern art—the painting of the modern landscape—had its real birth, when the Barbizon School first originated. It consisted of a group of artists who settled at Barbizon, in the Forest of Fontainbleau, and produced not only faithful pictures of their surroundings, but for the first time treated animals in relation to their surroundings.

T was this art of the century, replacing the stiffly arranged Italian "landscape," with a temple or a pillar stuck fast in the foreground or to the right or left, which comes closer than any other kind toward equaling the greatest art of the past. The names of Millet, Rousseau, Troyon and Corot, stand out preeminently as the great Barbizon painters. They, and the other followers of this art-cult added a deeper study of nature, and a natural light. Corot's landscapes were of a lyrical nature; Rousseau was the rugged naturalist; Troyon, however, added cattle to his landscape; while Millet, called an idyllic realist, chose to interpret the man in his relation to nature, and has the distinction of being the greatest interpreter of the French The Barbizon painters were self-taught. It is also interesting fact that the biggest landscape painters amost invariably, men of the north latitudes, Holenmark, France, England, America.

Impressionists, the successors of the Barbizon coool, sprang up about 1875. Impressionism has been called "a sort of pictorial stenography" because it gave

only the details which were apparent at a rapid glance, and neglected composition and even color, making the treatment of light all-important, and the relation of one object to another of more consequence than the object itself. Degas and Manet are representative Impressionists.

Presently, England stepped into the foreground of achievement in art when the Preraphaelite movement was inaugurated there—a movement coincident with the invention of photography. In direct contrast to the Impressionists, the painters in this new group attempted to abandon all the conventions of art and to substitute the more or less accurate portrayal of things as they actually existed. This influence of photography, however, was a very unsatisfactory one, since it leaned toward eliminating imagination in art, and, had it been allowed full sway, would have, undoubtedly, brought art down to the commonplace.

Only during the last quarter of the nineteenth century did America come forth with any really serious contribution to the art of the world. And the earliest painters, despite the French influence, were English in training. The names of Stuart, Copley, West, stand out as old acquaint-

ances.

Toward the middle of the seventies, however, there was a great awakening in modern American art, and at the International Exposition in Paris in 1900 it took a place second only to the French school.

IN the painting of landscape and seascape, America is most distinctly itself, and the least influenced by Europe. Thomas Cole, who founded the Hudson River School, made up of artists who painted the scenes about the American Rhine, first established our individuality in this direction. Later on, at the time of the gold boom in California, artists began to flock to the coast, and, out of this movement, grew the Rocky Mountain School, of which Church, Moran, Bierstadt and Hill are worthy representatives, with their portraits of the great canyons of the West, and the mountain peaks of the Rockies. The fame of our painters of landscape, through the century, of whatever school, however, is far-reaching.

The names of American artists of achievement, in every branch, spell legion. D. W. Troyon, Horatio Walker, George Innes, are but a mere snatch of a long list of American landscape geniuses; the name of Winslow Homer, trained in America, stands out as a painter of marines; Homer D. Martin was the first of impressionists; Thayer, Brush, and Chase, take their places in America as figure painters; the decorations of John La Farge and Sargent are noteworthy; while the names of Whistler, Inman, Parrish, are all indicative of what is best in modern American painting.

The restlessness of city life, the tumult, and the reality, had its normal effect upon American art, and the painting of every-day street scenes is one of its oldest branches. In this direction, Childe Hassam, Francis Guy, Louis C. Tiffany, Mielatz, and Samuel Colman, among others, have achieved for us. When Louis C. Tiffany came back to New York, after years abroad, his most successful work was nothing more than a picture of an up-town green-

grocer's shop and garden.

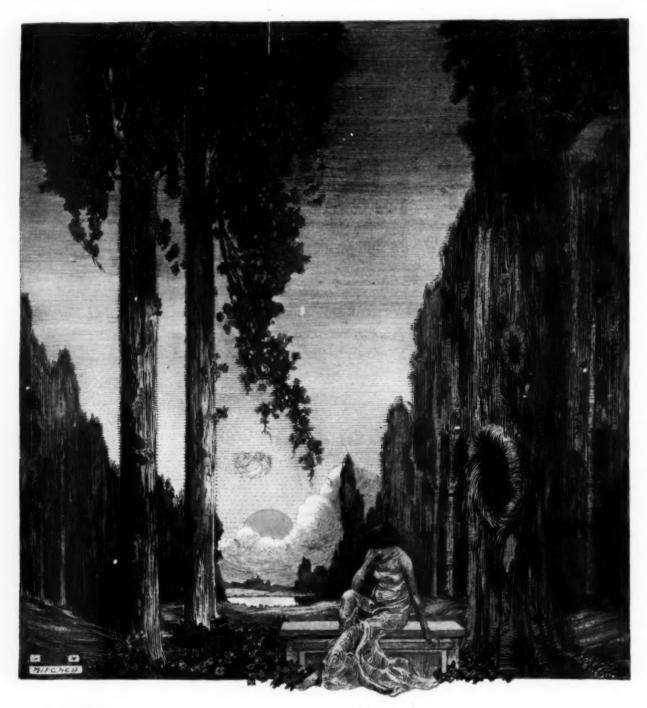
Story-telling painting, which is termed "genre" in the art world, has ever been popular. William Sidney Mount was the first American to specialize in this branch of art; but soon, after his apparent successes, he had a long list of followers, and in the sixties, this type of production reached the heights. Some of the renowned paintings

[Concluded on page 109]



"GOSSIP"

Binting by Carl Marr



he night has a thousand eyes.
And the day but one;
Yet the light of a whole world dies With the dying sun. When

The mind has a O thousand eyes. And the heart but one; Yet the light of a whole life dies When love is done.

LATCHSTRINGS AJAR

By KATHARINE KINGSLEY CROSBY

Illustrated by CARTON MOOREPARK

HE minute she laid eyes on it, Jean knew that she had always wanted a little blue house. She had never realized, before, that houses could be blue, but she must have had an inner longing for one all the time, because the sight of this one satisfied her instantly. It was well set, for one thing, with a lilac bush near one corner by the big door-stone, a group of elderly apple trees on either side, and a two-acre mowing spread out behind, toward purple, woodsy hills. Then its green shutters had weathered to the hue of old copper, its roof

to a velvety blackness, and its square old chimney to the mellowest of reds; while the rest matched the soft blue of the September sky.

"Now if you put geraniums in both your windows," Jean told it, leaning over the picket fence, "and had some smoke coming out of your

chimney-"

But the vision was too entrancing. She must see what the house was like inside. The village postmaster said he had the key, and leave to sell, but "the folks who own it want cash," he warned her. It was part of the old Saunders place next door above, on the same side. Mary Guptil had lived there alone for a long time after her people died, till one day she married a Scotchman named Saunders, and went over to Europe to live. That was years ago. "How much cash do

you suppose they want?"

"They was askin' four hundred for it," he admitted, with some reluctance, "but I guess likely they're hard up on account of the war," he added hopefully, "and I dunno

but they might shade the price a little."

Jean tried not to look elated. "Well, I would like to see the inside, anyhow," she said staidly, and took the key to Paradise.

PARADISE consisted of two rooms and a loft that was almost an attic. One room ran across the front, and the other was a small ell at the back, where one might cook. The chimney stood out into the main room, and showed what a real fireplace was like. Jean piled in some bits of wood and lighted them. As soon as they caught, she rushed out into the yard to watch the smoke come out of the chimney. "It's awfully becoming to you!" she praised, but added, with one of those lapses into practicality of which she was inordinately proud, "but pretty is as pretty does—let's see how you draw."

It drew beautifully; so she felt free to sit down on the floor by the fire and consider how she was going to buy the little blue house and have it for her own forever. It would take half the money she had saved up for a rainy day. But this was a rainy day. The doctor had told her to stop work and get out into the country. This, her first free morning, she had taken an out-going trolley to the end of the line, and then walked.

"It is one thing to get into the country," Jean pondered, "but it is quite another to stay in it. How on earth can I earn a living out here?" She had already decided, without quite knowing it, to buy that little blue house. As she sat there on the floor nursing her knee, and staring with puckered brow into the fire, the spirit of the house was all the

while looking her over and finding that it liked her. And, presently, it leaned down and whispered something in her ear, at great length.

Jean thought she was having a wonderful inspiration. She sat up straight, kindling with the rapturous possibilities as they were opened before her.

WHY, of course, the very thing!" she cried, and jumped to her feet. "Now mind, you behave till I come back," she charged the little house, and went forth to interview the postmaster.

In a week the place hardly knew itself. First of all, the Blue House had its dirty little insides all scoured and scrubbed till they shone with cleanness. Then its broad-planked floors were painted yellow, its walls a soft gray, and its beams and wainscot stained the softest sort

of brown. There were cheese-cloth curtains at the windows, and pots of scarlet geraniums on the sills. On one side of the hearth stood an old winged armchair covered with bright calico; on the other, a high-backed rocker cushioned identically. Here and there, spindly chairs were grouped about small, red-clothed tables. Autumn leaves banked the mantel. A canary sang in a sunny window. A big St. Bernard, who posed as the Official Chaperon, slept in the warmth of a blazing fire. Jean surveyed the result of her efforts with great contentment.

"I knew you had the makings of a home, Blue House," she nodded.

Over the gate she swung a long sign, painted in white on an old gray board, so that all who passed might read: "Come, sit by the fire!" And underneath that another, "Good brown bread and jam."

Because the road was a much traveled turnpike, reaching east and west among the hills, and linking cities with its lean and hungry length, Jean found her tables promptly filled, and had to call in the postmaster's daughter to help out on occasions. When the winter afternoons grew short, she hung a lantern on her sign to show that she kept open house till supper time.



But when she had cleared away her own supper, and fed Mrs. Goat, by whose kindness the establishment was supplied with milk, buttermilk and cheese, and Larry O'Leery, her dog, the evenings were very long. They were as long as the afternoons were short. The village was scattering, and there were no neighbors this side of the post office. Jean often wished that someone lived in the ramshackle old house next door, the only building left on the Saunders place. If no one was ever to live in it, she wished it would finish tumbling down and stop spoiling the view. Jean tried bravely not to get lonesome those long evenings, for was she not making a good living, and growing stronger all the time; and, above all, was she not the sole owner and possessor of her precious, wee Blue House?

Early one still black evening in March, she sat mending stockings and thinking how very, very happy she ought to be. It was Grange night, and for a while she heard the teams rattling in from outlying farms, and the jolly voices of the young folks and their elders as they passed. Then very soon they had all gone, and it was quiet again. Jean decided that she must join the Grange. It would mean a lively evening once a fortnight, and a chance to know her neighbors. Moreover, the Blue House had two whole acres of mowing-and-tillage, and so had the makings of a farm. At this point in her soliloquy the sound of steps on the path outside reminded the embryo farmer that she had forgotten to bring in the lantern at six o'clock, according to custom. Some belated motorist was wanting to come and sit by her fire, and maybe have a sup of something hot. But they were the steps of some one who was pretty tired, by the sound of them, for they were very slow, and dragged. Jean changed her mind about telling whoever it was that she had closed for the day. Instead, almost before the rather hesitating knock, she had cried, "Come in!" gone to open the door. Old Larry stretched himself and rose with her to receive their guest.

A young man stood on the door-stone outside. He was thin and shabby enough in his loose-hanging tweeds, but when Jean had had a good look at his lean, honest face, and his eyes that tried so hard to twinkle merrily and not show for a minute how he really felt, she held the door wide open and said again, "Come in!"

Larry, too, approved. He sniffed inquiringly at the stranger's hand, gave him a polite examination, and finally

went back to his place by the fire.
"My name is Jock Saunders," said the young man, as he entered, "and I am going to live in the house next door."

Before he reached the big chair to which Jean motioned him, she had learned more than that about him. There was something wrong with one foot, and he limped badly. For all that, he carried himself like a soldier, Jean decided.

"You've been in France!" she cried.

HE chuckled at her good guess. "Yes, and they did for me, too. Nothing left for me but to try my hand at farming. No chance at home; so I came over here. used to tell me a lot about the old place, and I think she always hoped I would come back here to live some time. Quite a walk from the station, though. I was jolly glad to see your sign.'

Jean regarded him compassionately. You could see that he was cold, and very, very tired, and you could guess that he was homesick. "You just stay here and get warm, while I go make you some coffee," she ordered, whisking out into

the kitchen before he could protest.

He was fairly nodding with drowsiness from the warmth and comfort of the fire when she came back, but he got to his feet at once and took the cup from her with a brave show of being very wide awake indeed. When the good drink had thoroughly roused him, they fell to talking, he leaning forward in the big chair to pet the dog, while she sat cosily mending in the rocker across the fire. He told her briefly of his life in barrack and trench, with always a twist of humor for anything that hinted of hardship, and she explained, in turn, how she had come to buy Blue House and swing her sign above its gate.

"When you see what is left of your house, you will be ever so sorry that you sold me this one," she warned him.
"That will hardly be," he grinned, "for, without the

money that you paid me for it, I should still be 'round under foot in the old country. How could I be sorry that

"Well, you just wait till you see your house! It's nothing but a wreck. Some night," she prophesied, "it will fall

down over your ears!

"Oh, well, I'll not be minding that," he assured her, twinkling; "you ken I have slept in the open before this." He set down his cup and rose to go. "Maybe if I weren't a tongue-tied Scotsman, I could tell you a bit of what it means, one's first night in a new country, to be made welcome like this at the hearth of a friend," he said.

Jean flushed with pleasure. "I'm glad I left the lantern

out," she told him. And later, staring pensively at the fire,

"I'm really awfully glad I left it out.

FOR a whole month after that, she saw next to nothing of her new neighbor. She heard the sound of his hammer at work making some part of the old house weathertight, and she amused herself guessing about the sort of housekeeping he might be doing for himself without a woman to set things right now and then. But, at any rate, he seemed to know something about farming. In spite of the strange soil and the tricky New England spring, he was going about things in the right way. The postmaster said that young Saunders knew his business.

They happened to join the Grange on the same night, and "rode the goat" together. When the mystic rites were over, he took her down to supper. Their talk on that festive occasion ran mostly to the subject of baked beans,

which Jock considered a great novelty.

But the more or less apochryphal goat of the Patrons of Husbandry was destined to play a lesser part in their acquaintance than that very real and enterprising mammal, Mrs. Nancy Goat. This worthy creature lived in a lean-to behind the Blue House, and supplied the raw material for some of the dainties with which her mistress fed the passing world. When spring came on, she began to weary of her prison walls and monotonous diet, and to pine for freedom, and the open road, and a change in diet.

One blissful blue-and-gold morning, when the smell of wet earth steaming in the sunlight was too much for any one's self control, Mrs. Nancy Goat calmly ate her hitch-

ing rope and set forth in quest of a larger life.

Some hours later, there was a knock at the front door. Answering it, Jean found young Saunders standing, eyes a-twinkle, holding by her broken tether the errant Mrs. Nancy Goat. She was a picture of modest contentment, blameless and unabashed in spite of the fact that from her

jaws waggled the yet unchewed remnants of a shirt.
"Oh, Nancy!" cried Jean, aghast, "how could you?" "She thought it would be good for her digestion," Jock explained. "She wanted a spring tonic, you ken."

"But she ought to realize," Jean said severely, "that you

can't make sassafrass tea from a shirt!"

"Maybe this will be a lesson to her. Come on, Missis, the lean-to waits." But Nancy was perfectly willing to let it wait. She generously surrendered the remains of her prize, but stopped there. It took considerable time and strategy, and some force (Jock pulling and Jean pushing) to persuade her to meet with their desires.

'Now," panted Jean, when, hot and tired, but triumphant, they had at last got Nancy safely penned, "come and sit down while I see what can be done for the shirt."

"Nothing can, and you'll not think of wasting time on it." "I will, too. You needn't come, though, if you don't

want to."

"I do want to," he admitted, with some reluctance, and

The roads were heavy with spring mud, so Jean had no guests that morning. She settled herself in a sunny window and went to work, leaving the burden of conversation to her visitor. But he had become strangely silent. Glum was the word Jean fitted to him till, remembering that he was a Scotchman, she changed it to dour. The twinkle was gone from his eyes, his mouth was grimly set. But she needn't have been critical, for she was wholly to blame.

You see, she had rosy cheeks, and smooth brown hair, and her downcast eyes were prettily lashed. Sitting there demurely in her bright window, with the flowers for a background for her sky-blue frock with its white collar and cuffs, she was all atune with the spring outside. No man could gaze on such a picture unaffected, especially if he is already * * * . But Jock Saunders was a modest chap at best, and the combination of a run-out farm, a game foot, and precious small capital, is one to give black moments. It came to him suddenly that he must either tell this girl he loved her, or get up and go. So he said quickly:

difference—and rudeness—go at that. Instead, perhaps to her own surprise, she sat down and cried. Actually cried!

BUT understand, it wasn't that he had hurt her feelings. Oh, no. It was the way he limped across the field, and the way he went into the yawning door of the black old tumble-down house; and the way she knew he must be getting his lonesome, skimpy dinner, with the dishes to wash afterward. And it was the way Nancy had spoiled what might have been the only good shirt he had; and it was—and it was because she was sure there was a girl in Scotland he was missing and mourning for now, in the springtime of the year. The sight of her had brought it back to him. She could see the longing in his eyes for that girl at home in



"BUT, JEANIE, IF YOU'RE CARING FOR ALL THAT, DEAR-"

"The shirt will do now. I must be getting back to work"

Jean looked up, astonished at his tone. Then, without a word, she fastened her thread, broke it off, and gave him the garment. He took it and departed, without so much as a thank you, limping off across lots with it over his arm. Jean watched him go. Then she did something ever so foolish. A young woman of her independent spirit should have shrugged her shoulders, laughed, and let his in-

Scotland. So, for all these excellent reasons, and perhaps one or two others besides, Jean cried.

But it didn't last very long. She dried her eyes and powdered her nose, and said, almost as if she meant it, "Well, I hope he sends for her soon!"

The spring was a lively one at the little Blue House. The tables were filled most of the time, and ravenous motorists kept Jean and the postmaster's daughter busy

[Continued on page 107]

INNER GRACE

By LILLIAN K. SABINE

Illustrated by W. C. NIMS

AURA BROOKS passed down the thronging sidewalks of the Drive with a thrilling sense of having attained. About her lay a happy world—a world of ivy-colored walls still crisp with summer rains; of children tumbling on grassy slopes; a world in which sailboats drifted slowly on the near-by river, and farther off New Jersey hills slept in the June sunshine. The day was warm;

and many passers-by lounged on the benches beside the walk, watching the scene, but Laura Brooks did not slacken her pace.

To her, reveling in the first intoxication of success, the world about was unreal, external. As she looked far down to the line of row-

boats lying near the shore, she was conscious only that she had scaled the heights; and the sensation delighted her.

Scaled—that was not the word, for she had crawled, inch by inch, on her hands and knees to this alluring cliff men call success. Only those women who have faced the fight among New York presses know how cruel the struggle can be. First, those months of knocking at closed doors; then a wearisome period of being "tried out," when she wrote unceasingly without pay; later, years of hack work—and over her always the stern hand with the hideous blue pencil. Occasionally she made her way into the magazines with a story; but her checks were small and did not lessen appreciably the worry of finance. This had been with her, always, relentlessly pursuing, dogging her best moments—until an hour ago. But now the news of her agent had changed everything. She was a playwright with a future.

YOU will have an advance royalty of five hundred dollars, Miss Brooks," the well-groomed play-broker had said, "and early in October, after the opening, you should get enough to—well," he smiled reassuringly, "to pay you for your work."

The girl laid an eager hand on the crisp white contract. "I hardly dare think of it," she said. "I've always felt that

if the play once got on it couldn't fail."

J. Franklin Kelley, play-agent, laughed. "It's a heart-breaking business," he said, "this writing of plays, worse than Wall Street or Monte Carlo, by half, because no one has the ghost of an idea what will get over, whether anything will get over. This looks like a winner. It has a good theme, sparkling lines, real comedy. And yet—well, the truth is I can't be too hopeful. I've played the game so long. However, you've a good manager. He'll give you a splendid cast and all the chance in the world. You have a big opportunity. You've worked hard, and you've won out. I congratulate you."

He had shaken her by the hand with genuine friendliness. Perhaps he was thinking of other plays and other



royalties in which he would share; perhaps something in the girl's earnest eyes made him glad success had come at

With his congratulations still loud in her ears, Laura Brooks sped up Fifth Avenue, the happiest figure in that happy throng. She had never once in all these miserable years doubted her own powers; she did not question the outcome of this first dramatic venture. It had been

accepted by one of the shrewdest managers in New York, and a contract for ten per cent, of all royalties lay in her bag. She paused long enough to take the paper once more in her fingers. Yes, it had all come about as she had planned. This was the moment she had waited for, worked for, slaved for. It was her hour,

and she would revel in it to the full. She smiled half pityingly at the luxurious limousines and their smug owners. Little they knew what the fight all meant, the joy of the chase; little they knew the flush of success and the high pulse, and the stirring sense of life in one's veins. Oh, it was all so gloriously worth while.

The old days, tense with petty economy, were over. So many times the offer of help had died on her lips, checked by the vision of her poverty. It had seemed that her soul was shrinking within her. Now it could expand; she would be recklessly, gloriously generous.

AS she turned into the cross street toward the dingy "walkup" that had housed her during these years of struggle, she felt an impulse to cry out for sheer joy. She had loved life even with its sharp battle; now it would be fuller, freer, better.

Laura Brooks was alone in New York; she was almost alone everywhere. Her aunt back in the little Illinois town would be delighted with her success. She would write by return post to say how proud she was of her niece. There would be a labored encomium in the town paper and scores of letters. The dramatist smiled as she thought of them. Hundreds of prophets would rise up and proclaim themselves. Conventional notes, conventional calls, all the outward and visible signs of joyous congratulation—these would be hers. Beyond that—only a few friends in her isolated life would really understand.

Reaching the little flat on One Hundred and Twentyfifth Street, Laura ran up two flights of stairs with joy in every step.

"It's too hot to run, dearie," said the good little German landlady, who was puffing her way slowly, as Laura reached the landing.

"Oh, it's not too hot for anything, Mrs. Marx," the girl responded joyously. "I've sold my play."

With her arms full of delicatessen products and berryboxes, Mrs. Marx struggled to be enthusiastic. "Ain't that fine?" she said, and the girl knew that the

little woman was glad.

"I'd like for you to read your play some night. Ben 'ud maybe like to hear it, too," she added by way of compliment, the approval of her liege, a burly plumber, seeming all-desirable.

Laura took the woman's hand gratefully; her heart warmed to this little soul whose friendship never failed.

How much kindness there was surrounding her, and yet how little appreciation of what this all meant, the climbing of the literary hill, attaining a great desire. Then Laura remembered that it was Wednesday, and on Wednesday

the poet came-and she was glad.

She always called him her Poet; but he was wholly unlike a picture of Emerson or Longfellow or Sir Walter Scott. His shoulders were too broad, and his mouth too big and his laugh too hearty to suggest poetry. Daytimes he taught in a boys' school down in the heart of the city; and nights he wrote verses and reviewed books. He knew New York from the Battery to the Bronx, every interesting corner and crevice; and yet the spirit commonly ascribed to the big commercial city had passed him by. was more like a vagabond prince than a worldly New Yorker, for he seemed never to think of barter and ex-change. With apparently no shadow of regret, he had refused to leave the school where he was teaching, when a larger salary had been offered him. "The youngsters need me here," he said; "that's reason enough." And with the same medieval spirit, he had spurned the offer of a big daily which promised to pay liberally for a column a day. "I can't write to order like that," he said. "Besides-whatever small ability I have I'd like to keep above the clink of cold coin. That spoils too many writers in this age. guess a few verses now and then are my limit." Gray continued to write and teach and be poor.

Laura Brooks and he had met three years before when she was working on the beauty column of the Daily and he was turning off an occasional review. It was Bingham, the city editor, who had introduced them, after an inquiry

from Gray.

"She doesn't belong here, somehow," he had said, as he watched her reading proof in a far corner of the room. "I hate to see a woman like that in a place like this."

Bingham took one foot from the table and stamped it

on the floor noisily.

"What's the matter with this place?" he inquired.

"It's all right for those of us who belong," Gray replied, "you and I and Miss Garvey. She's one of our inky-fingered tribe. She'd as lief do the police court as an epic." He was studying the slender hands of the girl marking corrections on the long, soiled strip of copy.

"And where does this woman belong?" asked Bingham

curiously.

"In a garden gathering flowers," replied the poet.

GATHERING news pays better," said the city editor dryly—and he smiled, a queer, sordid smile which one sees often around Times Square.

And yet the poet's observation was true. It was, indeed, easier to picture this girl in a garden gathering flowers than there in the noisy print-shop, where the air was full of smoke, and dust, and clicking typewriters, and rattling presses. And though she had lived long years with these surroundings, she seemed no part of them. She had elbowed her way through office doors and fought for a place to earn Yet the iron had never entered her her living as men did. blood. She had kept the low voice and the air of quiet gentleness which suggests home, and shelter, and affection,

though she had none of these.

John Gray, the poet, rescued her frequently from the toiling world of stenographers and sad-eyed scribes in which she lived. It was great fun for the hard-working copy-maker and the man who knew no leisure, to speculate on distant El Dorados and the Utopias of his dreams. When she dined alone, she ate where there was the incessant noise of dishes, and where slovenly waiters shrieked their orders in strident voices, worlds away from dramas and sonnets. John Gray had given her glimpses of another New York, a city of wonderful restaurants, of softlylighted roof gardens, of theaters and operas, of laughing women and well-mannered men. Often over their coffee they speculated happily on what the future held. Sometimes they talked earnestly of style, and writing, and all the canons of their art.

"It seems to me," the poet said, "the big stumbling-block nowadays is-lack of feeling."

"You think," she asked in one of these evening chats,

"The sorrow of the singer Marks the sweetness of the strain?"

"Absolutely," he replied. "We must write from the inside out. My life ought to have something worth writing, for it has held wonderful things-the friendships of boys, and men and women, and hard work-and happy memories like this. I think I've lived every day," he concluded.

'VE had to make money out of my writing," the girl answered apologetically. "Working for the Beauty Column swered apologetically. "Working for the Beauty Column isn't always inspiring." There was something about this poet that made one ashamed of pot-boilers. "But I wish," she added wistfully, "I wish I could always do my best."

The poet looked serious. "I wish you didn't have to

work for money," he said.

At that she laughed. It was all so strange sitting in this flower-hung roof garden surrounded by the luxuries of an overfed civilization, talking to-St. Francis! The incongruity amused her.

"Why not return to the wilderness and goats' milk?"

she asked.

"I've half a mind to," he replied, "but I'm afraid my friends would never visit me. And-I'm wretchedly dependent on friends.

It was the week following this little visit that the interview with her agent took place; and dreams of affluence and ease and comfort left little time for thoughts of wild goats and primitive civilization.

The evening of this great day the poet called early.

"We can't stay indoors a minute to-night," he said, as he stanchly refused an invitation to be seated in Mrs. Marx's stuffy little parlor. "It's so beautiful by the river, We're going to sit there, and watch the boats and the lights, the stars and the people."

"You spoiled that poetic speech by adding people," she

said. "It's quite like you."

"I can't forget them in this cramped little island," he

It was truly a night to dream in-a night of stars reflected in the water, and trees black against the sky. Hundreds wandered along the Drive with a delicious sense of going somewhere, nowhere. In the winter every selfrespecting citizen feels an obligation to sleep-or at least to seek his bed. But in summer, when the nights are hot, nature frees us from all such bonds, and turns the most sedate into midnight revelers. All New York seemed poured out of doors that night. Those who owned cars bowled toward the open country in quiet comfort; the rest strolled in the parks or sat by the river.

John Gray chose a seat close to the shore, where the water lapped with restful cadence. The sky was soft with pink and blue, and the lights in boats along the river were

just appearing.

"Scenes like this ought not to be spoiled," Laura began, "but I've simply got to tell you something.

John Gray stopped waving his joss-stick and looked at her eager face. Her buoyancy was unmistakable.

"What's up?" he asked.
"I've a secret."

"Good-and of course you'll not be mean enough to keep it."

"No. It's almost too good to be true. John Gray, what do you think? One of my dreams has come true. I've sold the play!"

The poet took both her hands and shook them joyously in unpoetic fashion.
"Bully," he said. "I'm so proud of you."

"You may not be so proud when the first night is over," she laughed-for across her path no shadows lengthened; and in such moments one can always laugh.

'Who's the producer?"

"Bernstein-isn't it splendid?"
"It's great," he said with enthusiasm.

"Bernstein will give me a fine cast and a splendid pro-

duction-every chance in the world."

Think of it," the man continued, "Soon you'll be a rich lady, and your old friends will have to stop calling you Laura.

"If you had some other names," he added, "it wouldn't matter. But Laura-why, that's a name to make a man want to write verses whether he was inclined that way or not. It suggests springtime and green himself "Why haven't you written verses then?" she questioned.

"I have," he said quite seriously. For a moment he seemed a real poet, and then the next instant he was himself again, with his queer, deep laugh that was miles away from lyric flight.

"You've no idea what bad lines have been scribbled because of your name. Now if you had been Bridget-

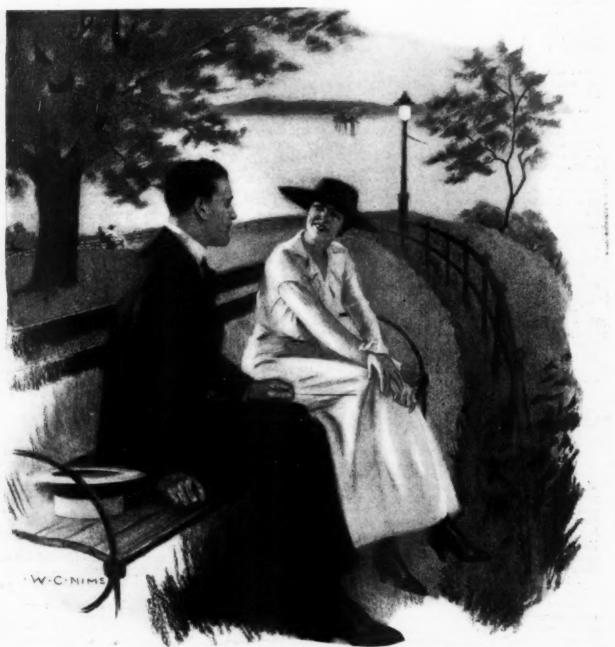
"And yet she was the muse of poetry once, poor old girl." And then they fell to talking of plays and players, of casts and miscasts, and of the great To-morrow. And when he parted from the newly-crowned playwright, he was not as exuberant as she.

"I don't suppose," he said, "our friendship will ever be

quite the same again. To me—money always spoils things."
"How do you know?" she asked, with laughing eyes.
"I don't," he flung back at her. "I'm just trying to

bring you to earth." "You can't do it. Why, I believe I'm almost the happiest person in the world.'

[Continued on page 112]



"ALL THE WHILE I WAS DREAMING OF A PLAY, YOU WERE WRITING WHAT REALLY COUNTED"

By FREDERICK WHITE ONE night, when the moon was a-shining, Aloft in a blumptuous sky, The creatures came out, after dining, To talk of the Wherefore and Why. The Bingle was sitting and blinking. And wondering what he could say, And the effort of intricate thinking. Affected his head right away. III. A cat put this problem: "If singing Is merely a question of sound, Why is it successful in bringing Extraneous matter around?" Like a flash from the darkness, the Bingle Saw truth, understanding, and right, And with fingers and toes all a-tingle, He "Yowled" in excess of delight. In an instant, extraneous matter, Fell swiftly from far and from near, Causing kittens and creatures to scatter, And spoiling the meeting, I fear. VI. And the moral! "Don't be in a hurry, To blame every yowl on the cat; Life is too full of music to worry-And it may be a Bingle, at that!"



THE THORNY PATH

By A TRAVELER

Illustrated by FRANCES DELEHANTY

very first one to appear was my husband, and I tried to

explain my position to him,
"Now," I concluded, "if you want to wear a ring as a sign of mutual bondage, I am willing to replace mine. Otherwise, the ring stays off."

"Wear a ring!" exclaimed my husband. "I never wore a ring in my life. I detest the things. I guess not. As long as it's only the story that's worrying you, I guess I won't concern myself."

Not more than a day after that first interview, came my oldest daughter, eighteen. "Mother," she said, "the talk that's going about town is simply awful-about your taking off your wedding-ring, I mean; something about being chained to your husband. What is it all about?"

told her. She was interested, but not impressed. "I think you might have kept it on, after all these ars," she said, wrinkling her pretty forehead. "After all, what does it matter? And I think a ring is rather nice. I know if I were a married woman"-here she drew herself up with a great air of virtue-"I should be glad to wear one. And, Mother, it's horrid to do things that get you talked about.'

We are told, you know, that it is the young who are radical and progressive. Well, in my experience, I have found no slave to convention equal to the young boy or girl starting out in life. Mabel was a good example.

Well, my dear," I replied as gently as I could, "you wear your wedding-ring if you like. And since, as you say, it doesn't really matter, I cannot understand why so much fuss should be made about it."

It had not seemed very serious, at first, but as the objections came to me from every one, and the talk and gossip grew, that little act of mine

took on greater proportions, and began to matter more and more. I really believe, now, that if this little affair had gone by unnoticed, or without comment from the onlookers, I should have remained satisfied to leave the ring off for the rest of my life, and then do nothing further to disturb the peace of my community. thinking about this one custom brought up another, and soon I found myself counting and recounting all the other senseless things I had been doing all my life



OUR CUSTOMS WERE MADE FOR US BY SOME ILL-CONSIDERED FAD OF OUR ANCESTORS

MONG my neighbors, I am known as an "advanced" woman. When I first heard myself spoken of as such, I resented it. After a while, the title distinctly annoyed me, but later on it became rather a source of amusement. But I have had to do all the laughing over it alone, since the mem-

bers of my immediate family have gotten to the point where they absolutely disapprove of me. I am being criticised, inside my home circle and out, simply because I decided to do as I liked about some of the small things of life instead of following in the footsteps of every one else.

Almost all of our fashions and small conventions started, not because of some right in themselves but because some one started the fad. High collars came into fashion because a queen had a goiter and wanted to hide it. Her court ladies promptly covered their necks, and then all the women in the world, almost, whether their necks were pretty or not, immediately covered theirs, too. The marriage-ring itself is a survival of the primitive custom whereby a man chained the woman who happened to please him, roughly hauled her home with a ring around her neck, and then fought those of her relatives who came to claim her. If he survived, the woman was his.

My revolt began when I heard that story of the history of the wedding-ring. I decided to leave mine off. The association of ideas did not please me. I had been married because I wanted to get married, and I proposed to have no symbol with such a history about me. I had no idea of the tempest I should stir up by taking mine off. I was a woman with grown children, and when I took off my wedding-ring I hardly thought of any possible bearing such an action might have on other people. But before I had the ring off a day I became aware of the fact that other people thought a good deal about it. I went to a club meeting that afternoon. After the meeting, one of

the women, eying my hand curiously, said:
"Mrs. B—, I see you haven't your wedding-ring on.
Did you lose it?" I barely knew the woman, and I certainly had no intention of giving her my reason; so I

answered:

"No, I did not lose it."

She leaned toward me breathlessly. "You're not thinking of getting a divorce, are you?" That made me a little angry, and before I thought, I answered quickly:

"I am not. I took off my wedding-ring because I happened to discover its history. It is the survival of an iron ring used to chain a woman to her husband or his threshold. I didn't like the idea, that was all."

"Oh!" said my questioner, quite bewildered. I had a momentary sense of triumph; but it was only momentary. In a few minutes, I heard my explanation repeated in several quarters, and curious glances were being sent in my direction from women in various parts of the room. Before I left, I knew I was a marked character. I had done something quite out of the prescribed way.

In the next three days my family came to me, one by one, to talk about the incident of the wedding-ring. The

without thinking, just because everyone else did them. First of all, my table-setting and my house-management were governed, not by what I thought clean and decent, but by a standard set by some unknown who, in the dark ages, had decreed at what side of the plate the knives and forks should be placed, and where the napkins should be. Things were "proper" a certain way, and if one did not know, and follow the prescribed rule, one was a rank outsider in our little world. I wondered who had decided that the knife should be on one side and the fork on the other. To stimulate my bubbling revolt, I read in a maga-

zine of the new position of the butter knives. Think of it! And yet, as promptly as Mabel had read this bit of advice, our butter knives were promptly put in the new position. I found dozens of instances like that. Many of them were, like butter knives, too unimportant to become radical about, especially since I was not concerned

with altering family habits.

After my thinking spell, however, I did feel a very keen desire to alter a number of my own habits. Gloves were my first attack. A glove, in any but the coldest weather, is an annoyance to me. I like to feel the air on my hands; so I determined to discard my gloves. This simple act caused a second sensation. Mabel came into my room one morning when we were going to church, to look me over. I had left my gloves in the bureau drawer. It was May, and warm.

"Where are your gloves, Mother?" she asked.
"I don't need them, it is so warm," I answered.
"Mother!" cried Mabel. "You're not going to church without gloves?"

I certainly am," I said.

"But think how badly it looks," pleaded Mabel. I looked at my hands. They are a source of pride to me. I have kept them in good shape despite work.

"I think it looks very well," I said. Mabel tossed her head and ran out of the room. She brought her father

and brother back with her.

"I wish you would persuade Mother to wear gloves," she said. "I can't bear to think of how people will talk." (You will have perceived by this time that in our community everyone wears gloves.)

Father and Mark stood there, Mark annoyed, as he is more or less of a dandy at this stage of his career, and

Father amused.

"What's the matter," he asked, "more chains around

your neck?'

"I begin to believe I have been hemmed in by chains, isible until now," I answered soberly enough. "Mabel, invisible until now," I answered soberly enough. I am going without gloves hereafter, except when I think it cold enough to make them comfortable. If you object, sit alone in church."

But although I thus definitely settled the matter, I sat in church with a feeling of guilt. I knew the gossip that would follow when the habit became known. I knew that I would be doubly condemned, and I was torn between a desire to end it all and do as others did, without ever questioning a thing, and an equally intense desire to keep on examining the absurdities I had been catering to all these years, and to do as I pleased forevermore. I was conscious, all the time, that I had been doing things I did

not want to do, simply because they were customary. I confess I heard little of the sermon, but when I left the church the battle had been waged and won. I was going to fight

it out.

I had not intended saying anything about the absence of my gloves, any more than I had intended speaking of the taking off of my wedding-ring, but as I left the church a neighbor, Mrs. Walters, joined me. She looked at my bare hands. Her own were squeezed into new brown kid.

"Did you leave your gloves in church, Mrs. B—?" she asked.

"No," I replied, "I did not wear any. You're quite an observant person."

"I forgot mine, almost," she said, "but I went back for them." I wish I could give you an idea of how she said it, as if going back for the gloves was a virtuous act.

"I did not forget mine," I said.
"It is warm for gloves." Mrs. Walters looked at me in amazement.

"Why, you've always gloves all summer!" she said. "Yes," I said, "but this year I have decided not to wear gloves

unless I need them. They annoy me." one moment Mrs. Walters looked at me. Then her mouth opened.

"But think how it looks, she said. I held out my hands.

"Oh, they look pretty well," I said. At that moment, Father joined us; and as soon as she could, Mrs.

Walters left. But the next morning the town fairly buzzed with my new act, and during the week following I was interviewed by several curious women (and a few men) as to these two advances-the discarding of my wedding-ring and my gloves. I had no idea people would ever talk to anyone about such personal matters. But they displayed no hesitation. My stepping outside the beaten track seemed to have given them the right to say anything to me. One woman asked me what the moral effect of not wearing a wedding-ring was going to have on our young I told her I had not even considered it, which was the truth, and she promptly read me quite a sermon. She said that, led by my example, young women would take off their rings, and then could flirt with men without being discovered, with dire results. I replied, calmly, that men had that privilege now. She gave me just one look, convinced, I suppose, that I was not only on a thorny but a

downward path.

DISCARDED

AND GLOVES, WITHOUT FEEL-ING A BIT CONSCIENCE-

STRICKEN

CALLING - CARDS

Her visit amused me, and gave me new food for thought. Here was I, presumably a thinking human being, with the right to decide for myself my course of action. And yet, I was denied this, not because of right or wrong, but simply because I did not want to do some harmless little thing that most people did. I made up my mind, then and there, that the next six months I would live my life as honestly as I could, doing things I wanted to do, instead of those always set by a ridiculous convention. In that time, I had many experiences, each time jarring the nerves of my community.'

[Continued on page 88]



"DID YOU LEAVE YOUR GLOVES IN CHURCH, MRS. B-?" SHE ASKED

THE YEAR-'ROUND HAT

By EVELYN TOBEY, Head of the Millinery Department of Columbia University

Illustrated by MARGUERITE and NATALIE GOUBERT

HE exclusive shops are already beginning to display straw hats, but the popular trend is toward the satin sections-where the lure of that never-failing standby, the all-year-'round satin hat is so irresistible.

These first windy days of spring, the small hat, whether it be mushroom or turban, is most popular. It is extremely interesting to note its prominence on the Avenue of Fashion. Quite the best-gowned woman I saw during my stroll the other afternoon, wore one of the new stove-pipe models (Fig. 2), which is as high, and quite as formal in tone as Grandfather's opera hat. It must be worn straight up and down, with never a tilt to the right or left, and its trimming, stiff and straight as the hat itself, reaches 'way up above the

crown.

Under a new process, ordinary ostrich feathers are dipped in an acid which removes the little barbules but leaves the flues waving on the quill like the fine hairs of the luxurious but forbidden aigrette. This new kind of feather-fancy has an added virtue. It costs only about one - twentieth as much as the aigrette. I must not forget to tell about the little cockade which covers the bottom of the fancy. It is as precise as the oldtime coachman's, with each pleat exactly in place, and the ends and loops of the little bow sewed taut against the crown.

At a society fashion show recently, threefourths of the hats on view were of satin, and every one of the small shapes had some sort of a brim.

This is a very good idea, since the tight turban, made in shiny satin, would be more or less trying to the average face.

FIG. 3

One of my favorites, the mushroom (Fig. 1), was an excellent windy-day hat-a March hat which would not feel itself out of place, even in midsummer. It was made of heavy satin, in a rich African brown, and was worn by a young society matron with very slender shoulders. The brim of the model was about two inches wide and faced with a deep Copenhagen blue. The crown of this attractive bonnet was surmounted by a bow made of a circle of the brown silk, lined with blue, one edge being bound with very

narrow brown grosgrain ribbon. The circle was fastened on the crown just as you see it in the illustration, to form a graceful, broad effect at the top of the hat. This hat could be made up in any color and the brim lined with a lighter tone of the same color or with some harmonious color. Rich old-blue and a soft taupe are an excellent combination.

F1G. 2

Another one of favorite models, this spring, is shown in Fig. 3. With the veil it answers all the requirements of a dressy hat, or without the veil it plays its part well as a work-day one. It may be worn a little awry without losing any of its chic. It is made of a deep purple satin, and is decidedly Oriental-looking. Around the top of the crown it has a sort of Turkish fez drapery which is striking, and, across the front, and tarnished gold braid ornamenttarnished gold is now being featured prominently for millinery trimmings - finished with groups of tiny buttons. The gold against the purple, the drapery and the novel ornament, all help to distinguish this hat. A taupe veil. the upper half em-

broidered with a fine vine made of tarnished gold thread which covers the whole hat and flows out gracefully from

the face, adds an exquisite finishing touch.

The large mushroom hat (Fig. 4) is made of blue satin, which is one of the most effective colors for the satin hat. This particular shape has a real swing to it, with the graceful curve of the brim till it widens out at the sides. The fruit trimming is still being featured everywhere, and the motifs arranged in rather stiff, though authentic fashion around the side crown of our model, are made of bright blue, apricot, purple, and brick-red satin, while the leaves are made of bright green ribbon.

The particular value in these hats lies in their adaptability to any season. Satin is always appropriate.

Editor's Note.-Mrs. Tobey is prepared to send you directions for making and trimming Figs. 1 and 3, for covering and trimming Fig. 2, and for fashioning the fruit trimming on Fig. 4, if you will enclose a stamped envelope with your request.

FASHION HINTS FROM PARIS

MANY NEW DEPARTURES IN SLIP-ON FROCKS, BLOUSES, AND LINGERIE

By OUR PARIS CORRESPONDENT

HERE AMIE:-On one of my recent rambles in search of new adventures in the land of fashions, I came upon the scene you see pictured below. Against the background of the big white clouds on a blue sky and with the sleek race horses a short distance away, there she stood -a Parisienne gowned to perfection as you might most naturally expect she would be. I need not tell you that her gown represents the very last word in fashions! It is just one of those simple "slip-on" affairs, but yet so different from all those that have gone before, that it deserves honorable mention. The deep flounce forming a heading of its own, adds an entirely new note in this style of frock. Then, the gown is beltless, or rather pretty nearly so, since the tiny belts at the front and back which are not visible in the illustration, are only mere apologies for belts. The lines of the dress show that our designers are still getting their ideas from the medieval, and, for the present, the indications are that they will continue to do so; unless, of course, they are planning to give us some big surprises for spring. For the moment, at least, the gown which clings continues to be first in favor, though there have been rumors of the coming of the barrel skirts with rounded lines over the hips. It is quite safe to stick to the skirts with the narrower lines, however, for it is almost certain, now, that these will become even more in vogue as spring draws near.

We are faithfully addicted to our slip-on dresses for the present, at any rate, and not only our more elaborate costumes, but even our tailor-made ones are sometimes created in this style. While I was watching the morning promenade in the Bois the other day, I saw a wonderfully chic costume with a slip-over coat of blue gabardine, and a plaid skirt of almost invisible green, black, and blue. The coat had an opening at the left side which was embroidered in cross-stitch in red, green, white and yellow. The cuffs and two squares in the front of the belt were embroid-ered in the same way. The skirt was cut very circular, with most of the fulness at the sides, and with the plaid running diagonally. Another striking costume I noticed was of dark, bottle-green serge. The coat had a pleated peplum with long panel pockets at the sides. These panel pockets are a late development, and their long lines add height and grace to the figure.

Blouses are becoming more and more interesting, and the Parisienne takes pride in designing and making them herself. They are mostly of the "slip-on" or smock variety, made with peplums and narrow belts. A great deal of hand-work, simple or elaborate, is seen on these blouses. Seams joined by feather-stitching, colored silk embroidery in loose stitches, and here and there a touch of smocking or hand hemstitching are some of the interesting points noted in these dainty blouses. Crèpe de Chine and Georgette, in white, pale lavender, rose, and pink are the favorite materials and colors. A finely pleated blouse of crêpe de Chine with pleated pockets and cuffs, worn over a plain under-blouse, is one of the earliest spring models. Many of these blouses are made with linings of their own, so that one need not trouble to think of special underwear to wear with them.

By the way, lingerie has taken many surprising turns of It has broken away from the traditional fine linen and delicate laces, and now appears be-ribboned and beruffled in colored silks, chiffons of Persian and Paisley designs, and crêpe de Chine. Also colored embroidery, smocking, and even bead-work seem to have definitely invaded the lingerie field.

One of the very latest fads is black underwear. Black crèpe de Chine nightgowns and pajamas are embroidered in white or pale pink, or else white underwear has touches of black. Filet lace and Cluny add to the beauty of many dainty pieces of pale-colored lingerie. To indulge in the new lingerie, one must have a very deep purse for, here, there seems to be no thought of economy. It is well, however, to practise some self-sacrifice in such frivolous things as the new lingerie, for these are still serious times with us.

In my next letter I expect to have stirring news about the spring styles for you; so be sure to keep on the lookout until then.

Votre dévouée,



THE LATEST ONE-PIECE DRESS ACQUIRES A DEEP FLOUI SEE ALSO PAGE 32



For descriptions of models illustrated, see page 48





For descriptions of models illustrated, see page 48

Dress 7648



For descriptions of models illustrated, see page 48

DESCRIPTIONS OF PATTERNS

Descriptions for page 37

NO. 7620, MISSES' DRESS, IN TWO LENGTHS; SUITABLE FOR SMALL WOMEN. PATTERN IN 4 SIZES; 14 TO 20 YEARS (20 cents).—Size 16 requires, 4¼ yards 36-inch material, ½ yard 40-inch material for the collar and 2 yards ribbon for sash. Width, 2¼ yards.

Costume Nos. 7641-7639, medium size, 38-inch length, requires 4¼ yards 40-inch material, and 3½ yard 36-inch material for collar. Transfer Design No. 802 (15 cents).

No. 7641, LADIES' WAIST. PATTERN IN 6 SIZES; 34 TO 44 BUST (20 cents).—Size 36 requires 15% yards 36-inch material, and 3% yard 36-inch for collar.

No. 7639, Ladies' Two-Piece Skirt, 42- or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 22 to 32 Waist (20 cents). —Size 26 requires, 38-inch length, 23% yards 54-inch ma-terial. Width of skirt at lower edge, 31% yards.

No. 7621, LADIES' BOX-PLEATED OVERDRESS, IN-STEP OR TUNIC LENGTH. Two-Piece Foundation SKIRT, LENGTHENED BY ONE-PIECE FLOUNCE, 42-OR 38-INCH LENGTH. PAT-TERN IN 5 SIZES; 34 TO 42 BUST (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 41/8 yards 50-inch material, and ½ yard 40-inch for sleeves. Width, 3¼ yards. Transfer No. 799 (15 cents).

No. 7625, LADIES' SEMI-FITTED DRESS, FOUR-GORED SKIRT, ROUND OR INSTEP LENGTH. PATTERN IN 7 Sizes; 34 To 46 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 5¼ yards 45-inch material, and ½ ard 45-inch for collar. Width, 33/4 yards.

Descriptions for page 38

No. 7633, LADIES' ONE-PIECE BOX-PLEATED DRESS, ROUND OR INSTEP LENGTH. PATTERN IN 7

Sizes; 34 To 46 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 41/8 yards 40-inch material, and 3/8 yard 27-inch material for the collar. Width, 23/4 yards.

No. 7537, Ladies' Dress, Round or Instep Length. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 34 to 44 Bust (15 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 136 yards 40-inch figured material, 256 yards 45-inch plain material, and 34 yard 40-inch for collar and cuffs. Width, 276 yards.

No. 7623, LADIES' WAIST. PATTERN IN 5 SIZES; 34 TO 42 BUST (ao cents).—Size 36 requires 21/8 yards 40-inch material for waist and back of collar, and 1/2 yard 27-inch for front of collar and cuffs.

No. 7647, Ladies' Six-Gored Skirt; 42- or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 22 to 32 Waist (20 cents). Size 26 requires, 38-inch length, 35% yards 44-inch material. Width of skirt, 35% yards.

No. 7649, Ladies' Waist, in Two Styles. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 34 to 44 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires ½ yard 40-inch material for front and lower section of back of waist, 3/4 yard 40-inch material for upper waist and sleeves, and 3/4 yard 36-inch material for collar and cuffs.

No. 7613, Ladies' Four-Piece Skirt, Side Closing; 42-or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 22 to 30 Waist (20 cents).—Size 26 requires, 38-inch length, 35% yards 44inch material. Skirt's width is 3 yards.

Descriptions for page 39

No. 7487, Ladies' Waist, with or without Vest. Pat-tern in 7 Sizes; 34 to 46 Bust (15 cents).—Size 36 re-quires 21/8 yards 36-inch

material.

No. 7617, LADIES'
OVERDRESS, TO BE WORN
OVER A WAIST; THREEPIECE SKIRT, ROUND OR
INSTEP LENGTH. PATTERN
IN 5 SIZES; 34 TO 42 BUST
(20 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 23/6 yards 54-inch material. Width, 23/6 yards. Trans-fer Design No. 104 for motifs (10 cents).

No. 7601, LADIES'
DRESS, SEMI-FITTED,
STRAIGHT PLEATED SKIRT,
ROUND OR INSTEP LENGTH. PATTERN IN 7 SIZES; 34 TO 46 BUST (20 cents).—Size 46 Bust (20 cents) .-36 requires, round length, 4¾ yards 50-inch material. Width of skirt, 3¾ yards.

No. 7615, LADIES' House Dress, Round or Instep Length. Pattern IN 7 Sizes; 34 to 46 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 re-

quires, instep length, 5½ yards 32-inch striped and 1¼ yards same width plain material. Width, 3 yards.

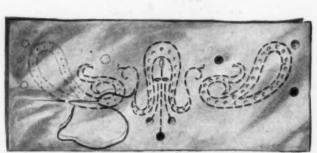
COSTUME Nos. 7651-7607, medium size requires, 38-inch length, 4¾ yards 54-inch material, and ½ yard 27-inch material for collar and cuffs.

No. 7651, Ladies' Coat, in 30-Inch Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires 21/8 yards 54-inch material, 1/2 yard 27-inch contrasting fabric.

No. 7607, Ladies' Two-Piece Skirt, 42- or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 7 Sizes; 22 to 34 Waist (20 cents). —Size 26 requires 38-inch length, 256 yards 50-inch material. Width of skirt, 234 yards.



DETAIL OF TRANSFER DESIGN NO. 799. THE NEW CROSS-STITCH EM BROIDERY SHOWN ON DRESS 7621 OPPOBITE. SEE ALSO PAGE 50



THE FASHIONABLE PAISLEY ING AND MOTIFS ILLUSTRATED ON OPPOSITE PAGE. SEE ALSO PAGE 50



7641









7487



7607



THE LATEST OFFERINGS IN DESIGNS AND MATERIALS

For other views and descriptions, see page 36

The Newest of New Fashions



ORIENTAL DESIGNS AND BALLOON DOTS THE LATEST IN FABRICS

For descriptions of models illustrated, see page 36

INFORMAL FROCKS AND A SUIT



POCKETS AND BELTS INSIST ON SHOWING THEIR IMPORTANCE

For descriptions of models illustrated, see page 36



OSTUME Nos. 7645-7038, medium size, requires, skirt in 38-inch length, 3 yards 45-inch striped material, and 2 yards 44-inch plain material for blouse.

No. 7645, Ladies' Sports Blouse; Two Styles of Back. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, with pleated back, 256 yards 36-inch material, and 1 yard 27-inch contrasting for collar, cuffs and belt.

No. 7038, Ladies' Two-Piece Circular Skirt, 42- or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 7 Sizes; 22 to 34 Waist (15 cents).—Size 26 requires, 38-inch length, 234 yards 45-inch striped material. Width, 3 yards.

No. 7499, Ladies' Jumper Dress, Straight Skirt, Pleated or Gathered; Round or Instep Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (15 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 434 yards 44-inch material, and 136 yards 18-inch for collar and pocket facings. Width of skirt, 3 yards. The sleeves are attached to a lining.

No. 7511, Ladies' One-Piece Pleated Dress, Round or Instep Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (15 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 6 yards 45-inch material, and 1½ yards 36-inch contrasting for collar and belt. Width, 4¾ yards. Transfer Design No. 792 for bag (15 cents).











O. 7491, LADIES' DRESS, ONE-PIECE CIRCULAR SKIRT, PLEATED OR GATHERED, ROUND OR INSTEP LENGTH. PATTERN IN 4 SIZES; 34 TO 40 BUST (15 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 43% yards 40-inch material for jumper, skirt and belt, and 13% yards 40-inch material for sleeves, collar, and sides of waist. Width of skirt, 3½ yards.

No. 7505, Ladies' One-Piece Box-Pleated Dress, Round or Instep Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (15 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 4% yards 44-inch material, and 1 yard 36-inch material for collar and facing for cuffs and pockets. The width at the lower edge is 3% yards.

No. 7605, Ladies' Waist, Two Styles of Sleeve. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 34 to 44 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires 2 yards 40-inch material. The large collar and smart cuffs are attractive features which make this waist particularly desirable. The design is suitable for crêpe de Chine, pongee, or tub silk.

No. 7627, Ladies' Two- or Three-Piece Skirt, 42- or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 22 to 32 Waist (20 cents).—Size 26 requires, for three-piece skirt, in 42-inch length, 2½ yards 54-inch material. Lower edge measures 256 yards. An excellent skirt made in serge or gabardine. Transfer Design No. 797 on small view (15 cents).









Transfer Design No. 797

FOR THE WARDROBE OF THE YOUNGER SET



No. 7546, Misses' Box-Pleated Dress; Suitable for Small Women; in Two Lengths. Pattern in 4 Sizes; 14 to 20 Years (15 cents).—Size 16 requires 4 yards 54-inch material, and 7/8 yard 18-inch material for collar. Width, 37/8 yards. Transfer Design No. 792 (15 cents).

Dress 7546
Transfer Design No. 793 for Bag

No. 7576, Misses' Dress, Suitable for Small Women; in Two Lengths. Pattern in 4 Sizes; 14 to 20 Years (20 cents).—Size 16 requires 334 yards 50-inch material, and ½ yard 36-inch trimming. Width, 3 yards.

No. 7638, MISSES' PLEATED DRESS, SUITABLE FOR SMALL WOMEN. PATTERN IN 4 SIZES; 14 TO 20 YEARS (20 cents).—Size 16 requires 334 yards 50-inch material and 1½ yards 36-inch trimming. Width, 278 yards.

No. 7588, Misses' Dress, Suitable for Small Women; with or without Two-Piece Tunic; Straight Skirt in Two Lengths. Pattern in 4 Sizes; 14 to 20 Years (20 cents).—Size 16 requires 4½ yards 36-inch plain material, 2½ yards 40-inch figured material and ½ yard 40-inch material for collar. Width of skirt, 2½ yards.





SHOWING ONE-PIECE AND TIE-ON EFFECTS





No. 7574, Misses' Grecian Dress, Suitable for Small Women; Waist Gathered or Draped; One-Piece Straight Gathered Skirt in Two Lengths. Pattern in 4 Sizes; 14 to 20 Years (20 cents).—Size 16 requires 4½ yards 36-inch material, and 7½ yard same width material for underbody and short sleeves. Width of skirt, 3 yards. A simple and effective party gown for the very young girl is developed in figured crêpe de Chine and net. It may be worn with or without the sleeves.









No. 7626, GIRL'S MIDDY DRESS, STRAIGHT PLEATED SKIRT. PATTERN IN 5 SIZES; 6 TO 14 YEARS (15 cents).—Size 12 requires 23/8 yards 40-inch material for skirt and trimming and 21/8 yards 40-inch material for blouse. Two shades of linen are combined to make this attractive sports frock for the girl. Plain and striped galatea might also be used.

No. 7634, GIRL'S COAT SUIT, COAT WITH OR WITHOUT YOKE AND STRAPS. ONE-PIECE STRAIGHT PLEATED SKIRT WITH SUSPENDERS. PATTERN IN 5 SIZES; 6 TO 14 YEARS (15 cents).—Size 14 requires 4½ yards 54-inch material and ½ yard 36-inch contrasting for collar. All-important is the girl's spring suit, and the illustration shows an unusually up-to-date design which will be suitable for school or to wear shopping with mother.





SUITS FOR VERY MANLY YOUNG MEN

For School or Playtime



O. 7618, Boy's Box-Pleated Blouse, Two Styles of Back. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 2 to 10 Years (15 cents).—Size 8 requires 134 yards 36-inch striped madras, and ½ yard 36-inch linen for collar and cuffs. A boyish blouse is here illustrated with box pleats front and back. It is a pleasing variation from the plain blouses and is not difficult to make.

No. 6330, Boy's Knickerbocker Trousers, Front or Side Closing. Pattern in 7 Sizes; 2 to 14 Years (10 cents).—Size 8 requires 1½ yards 44-inch material. A well designed pattern for the small boy's trousers is a boon to the busy mother. Illustrated is a model which can be developed in serge, corduroy or khaki, which materials may be depended upon to render excellent service.

No. 7614, Boy's Box-Pleated Suit. Two Styles of Sleeve. Pattern in 4 Sizes; 2 to 8 Years (15 cents).—Size 4 requires 134 yards 44-inch heavy linen, and ½4 yard 36-inch white linen for the collar. Box-pleated suits in semi-Norfolk effect are all the rage for boys. They are made of serge for early spring, or linen if they are to be ween later.

No. 7630, CHILD'S DRESS. PATTERN IN 5 SIZES; 6 MONTHS TO 6 YEARS (10 cents).—Size 4 requires 13/4 yards 36-inch material and 3/4 yard 27-inch material for the contrasting trimming. With body and sleeve in one and a panel effect front and back this dress is unusual and easy to make. Transfer Design No. 318 for scallops on small view (10 cents). For other view see opposite page.



7646

How To Get McCall Patterns

McCall Patterns (with detailed directions for use) can be obtained from the nearest McCall Pattern Agency in your locality or ordered by mail by stating the number and size wanted and enclosing the price to THE McCALL COMPANY

New York, N. Y., McCall Building, 236-246 West 37th St.

Chicago, Ill. 418-424 So. 5th Ave.

Boston, Mass., 34-40 Chauncy Street.

San Francisco, Cal. 140 Second Street.

Atlanta, Ga., 82 North Pryor Street.

Toronto, Canada, 70 Bond Street.



SMALL GIRLS AND SMART CLOTHES

NO. 7 6 2 4,
CHILD'S EMPIRE DRESS,
STRAIGHT PLEATED
SKIRT. PATTERN
IN 5 SIZES; 2 TO 10
YEARS (15 cents).
—Size 8 requires
276 yards 36-inch
material, and 76
yard 27-inch material for contrasting collar, cuffs, and
belt. In dainty
lawn with contrasting trim ming
comes a little dress
with an individual
touch which will
please a discriminating mother.

No. 7 6 4 6, CHILD'S PLEATED COAT. PATTERN IN 5 SIZES; 2 TO IO YEARS (15 cents). Size 8 requires 2½ yards 54-inch material, and 5½ yard 27-inch material for the collar. Serge is here combined with silk poplin having a Paisley design, and to gether they make an unusual and stunning coat for the little girl.

No. 7612, GIRL'S
DRESS. PATTERN
IN 5 SIZES; 4 TO 12
YEARS (15 cents).
—Size 12 requires
3¼ yards 45-inch
linen, and ¾ yard
contrasting linen
the same width
for the collar. The
embroidery on the
pockets and cuffs
may be developed
in colored mercerized cotton.
Transfer Design
No. 796 (10 cents)
is used. The linen
collar is machine
hemstitched.

No. 7628, GIRL'S DRESS; STRAIGHT, BOX - PLEATED SKIRT. PATTERN IN 6 SIZES; 4 TO 14 YEARS (15 cents). Size 10 requires 3 yards 36-inch material, and 1 yard 27-inch for the collar and belt. With a yoke so deep that it is almost a baby waist, this design is especially becoming to girls.



DESCRIPTIONS OF PATTERNS

Descriptions for page 32

NO. 7640, LADIES' SEMI-FITTED DRESS, ONE-PIECE TUCKED SKIRT IN INSTEP LENGTH. PATTERN IN 6 SIZES; 34 TO 44 BUST (20 cents).—Size 36 requires 61/4 yards 36-inch figured material, 7/8 yard plain material, same width, for girdle and cuffs, and 1/2 yard 40-inch material for vest, collar and cuff tabs. Skirt's width, 25/8 yards. A model of unusual charm which is particularly well adapted to development in foulard, pongee or soft taffeta.

No. 7631, LADIES' OVERBLOUSE WITH GUIMPE. PATTERN IN 4 SIZES; 34 TO 40 BUST (20 cents).—Size 36 requires 3½ yards 36-inch material, ¾ yard 27-inch material for collar and ½ yard 18-inch material for the vest. A cleverly designed model for the new peplum overblouse is here illustrated. It is developed in pongee and trimmed with colored silk embroidery worked from Transfer Design No. 798 (10 cents).

No. 7271, Ladies' Two- or Three-Piece Skirt, 42- or 38-INCH Length. Pattern in 7 Sizes; 22 to 34 Waist (15 cents).—Size 26 requires, for two-piece skirt, 38-inch length, 2½ yards 44-inch material. At the lower edge the skirt's width is 2½ yards. The design for this skirt is simple but it is particularly smart in cut and line. It is plain across the front and slightly gathered at the back.

No. 7653, Ladies' Chemise Dress, Straight Lower Section, Pleated or Gathered; Round or Shorter Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (ao cents).—Size 36 requires, shorter length, 2 yards 40-inch brocaded material, 23/4 yards 54-inch plain material, and ½ yard 36-inch material for the collar. The width around the lower edge of the gathered flounce is 3½ yards. Quite like the frocks of the middle ages is this dress, both in design and development.

Descriptions for page 33

COSTUME Nos. 7637-7635, medium size, requires 39-inch length, 536 yards 36-inch brocaded taffeta, 34 yard ribbon for straps and 214 yards 36-inch silk for the foundation. With its simple bodice, and a skirt which is looped under, this dress has an air of distinction pleasing to the up-to-date woman. Many of the new evening gowns show skirts with this effect.

No. 7637, Ladies' Bodice. Pattern in 4 Sizes; 34 to 40 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires with sleeve bands and shoulder straps, 17/8 yards 36-inch material. This is an excellent model for the waist of an evening dress. In the small view is shown another style of sleeve which is also in the latest mode.

No. 7635, Ladies' One-Piece Straight Skirt; Lower Edge Attached to One-Piece Foundation in Puffed Effect, in 39-Inch Length; or Hanging Free in 42- or 39-Inch Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 22 to 30 Waist (20 cents).—Size 26 requires, 39-inch length, 37% yards 36-inch material and 23/4 yards 36-inch lining for foundation skirt. Width of foundation, 13/6 yards and lower edge of skirt, 25/6 yards.

No. 7609, LADIES' DRESS, WITH OR WITHOUT SIDE DRAPERY, STRAIGHT SKIRT IN ROUND OR INSTEP LENGTH. PATTERN IN 6 SIZES; 34 TO 44 BUST (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 4½ yards 40-inch material, 2 yards 27-inch material for flowing sleeves, and 4 yards 4-inch banding. The width at lower edge is 3½ yards. The skirt may be gathered, or pleated by hand or machine in one and one-half inch pleats. Satin, taffeta or crêpe de Chine with chiffon sleeves would make a charming evening gown. The red shades are now greatly used.

No. 7559, Ladies' Grecian Waist, Body and Sleeve in One. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (15 cents).—Size 36 requires 2 yards 40-inch chiffon, and 13% yards 3½-inch trimming. Since waists of absolute simplicity are the vogue, this design is particularly smart for the bodice of an evening dress, made entirely of Georgette or chiffon and combined with a skirt of soft satin or taffeta. Grecian effects are very up to date.

No. 7629, Ladies' Two-Piece Skirt, in 38-Inch Length, with Loose Panels Draped Under Lower Edge of Skirt, or in 42- or 38-Inch Length with Panels Hanging Free. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 22 to 32 Waist (20 cents).—Size 26, 38-inch length, requires 5½ yards 40-inch material, and ½ yard 18-inch material for yoke. Width, 2½ yards. A new model with panels at either side, draped loosely and attached under the skirt.

Descriptions for page 34

No. 7648, Ladies' Box-Pleated Dress, Straight Lower Edge, Round or Instep Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 4½ yards 50-inch material, and 1½ yards 27-inch material for collar and belt. Width at the lower edge is 3 yards. Independent of trimming, save small groups of buttons on the sleeves, this dress relies on its smart lines and stylish design to make its mark in the world. The box-pleated section hangs from a very deep yoke. Note the new cut of the sleeves.

No. 7591, Ladie's' Blouse. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 34 to 44 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires 13/8 yards 45-inch figured material, and 5/8 yard 36-inch plain material for the collar and facings. This smart design is exquisitely developed in printed chiffon cloth, trimmed with plain chiffon cloth. A gathered or pleated peplum, to be worn on the outside of the skirt, is an addition which may be made and will not detract from the style of this blouse.

No. 7619, Ladies' Four-Gored Skirt; 42 or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 22 to 32 Waist (20 cents). Size 26 requires, 38-inch length, 3½ yards 50-inch material. The skirt measures 3 yards around the lower edge. Side panels and double belts which cross each other are features which make this skirt strictly up to date. A design of this type is suited to serge, gabardine, poplin, or satin. Transfer Design No. 797 used on small view (15 cents).

No. 7636, Ladies' Semi-Fitted Dress, with Side Gores, Round or Instep Length. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 34 to 44 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, instep length, 45% yards 45-inch linen, and ½ yard 45-inch contrasting for collar. The width is 3½ yards. Belts of all descriptions are the rage. This model has two belts, one on either side, to hold the fulness within bounds. These belts are of the same material as the dress, which is developed in heavy linen. The shape of the collar and cuffs is distinctly new.

Descriptions for page 35

No. 7654, Ladies' Coat, in 43½-Inch Length. Pattern in 3 Sizes; Small, 34 to 36; Medium, 38 to 40; Large, 42 to 44 Bust (20 cents).—Medium size requires 4¼ yards 54-inch material, and 1¼ yards 36-inch material for collar, cuffs and facing. For the lining of the yoke, sleeves and cuffs, 2 yards of 36-inch material will be needed. One of the very fashionable spring-weight velours would develop this design into a stunning coat.

No. 7643, Ladies' Blouse Dress, Two-Piece Skirt Attached to Yoke Foundation; 42- or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 34 to 44 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, 38-inch length, 33% yards 36-inch plain material and 2½ yards 45-inch striped material. Skirt's width, 23% yards. For early spring sports there is no design more practical and striking. Striped materials are very fashionable and are often to be seen combined with plain material. Materials with large dots are also considered good style.

No. 7655, Ladies' Coat Suit, Coat in 29½-Inch Length, Two- or Three-Piece Skirt, 42- or 38-Inch Length. Pattern in 5 Sizes; 34 to 42 Bust (20 cents).—Size 36 requires, 38-inch length, 4½ yards 54-inch material and 1¼ yards 36-inch material for the collar, facing and belt. Lower edge of skirt, 2½ yards. In Norfolk effect comes this new spring model. Tweed and serge are excellent materials for this design which combines style and service. Jersey cloth and rajah silk are also very fashionable for spring.

NEW LINGERIE FOR SPRING

00

7652 Transfer Design No. 577

O. 7120, LADIES' CORSET COVER. PATTERN IN 8 SIZES; 34 TO 48 BUST (10 cents).—Size 36 requires 2 yards of 13-inch flouncing for the upper part and 5% yard 36-inch material for the lower part, with 3¾ yards edging and 1¼ yards beading. An unusual design for a corset cover with embroidery flouncing reversed from the usual mode of using it.

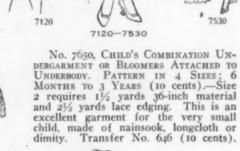
No. 7530, Ladies' Open or Closed Drawers. Pattern in 8 Sizes; 22 to 36 Waist (10 cents).—Size 26 requires 2½ yards 28-inch flouncing. The drawer pattern, with a straight lower edge, suitable for developing in embroidered flouncing, is very practical as demonstrated in this design. Although embroidery is used, the model is also good for cambric or nainsook.

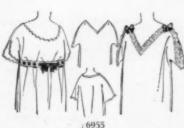




Transfer Design No. 318

No. 7652, LADIES' AND MISSES' ENVELOPE CHEMISE OR CAMISOLE. PATTERN IN 3 SIZES; SMALL, 32 TO 34; MEDIUM, 36 TO 38; LARGE, 40 TO 42 BUST (15 cents).—Medium size requires 2¹/₄ yards 36-inch material and 3/₆ yard same width contrasting material for band. The delicate sprays of embroidery are worked from Transfer Design No. 577 (10 cents).





Transfer Design No. 632

No. 6955, LADIES' AND MISSES' Two-Piece Nightgown. Pattern in 6 Sizes; 32 to 42 Bust (15 cents) .o Sizes; 32 to 42 Bust (15 cents).— Size 36 requires 41/8 yards 36-inch nainsook. This is a design which is particularly charming and comfort-able for summer and may be made inexpressibly dainty by the addition of lace, ribbon or hand embroidery. The embroidery used is from Trans-fer Design No. 622 (10 cents). Rafer Design No. 632 (10 cents). Ba-tiste, dimity, nainsook and longcloth are materials which are most gen-erally used for lingerie, but crêpe de Chine and even Georgette crêpe are also popular, daintily trimmed and hand embroidered.

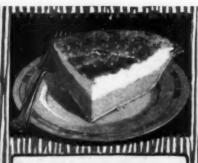


Transfer Design No. 646

No. 7170, Ladies' Envelope Chemise. Pattern in 3 Sizes; Small, 32 to 34; Medium, 36 to 38; Large, 40 to 42 Bust (10 cents).—Medium size re-quires 2½ yards 36-inch ma-terial and 1½ yards beading. This charming chemise with V neck and Empire effect is ex-tremely simple and practical for the woman desiring dainty lingerie. Transfer Design No. lingerie. Transfer Design No. 318 (10 cents) for scallops.



No. 6355, LADIES' THREE-PIECE PETTI-COAT IN TWO LENGTHS; HABIT OR GATHERED BACK, WITH OR WITHOUT CIRCULAR OR STRAIGHT GATHERED FLOUNCE. PATTERN IN 7 SIZES; 22 TO 34 WAIST (15 cents).—Size 26 requires, 37-inch length, 33% yards 36-inch material and 5 yards of lace; for skirt with circular flounce, either length, 4½ yards 27-inch material; for skirt with straight flounce, 41-inch length, 1½ yards 45-inch nainsook and 3 yards 18-inch embroidery flouncing. The skirt with straight flounce is 3 yards wide; with circular flounce, 33% yards. BACK, WITH OR WITHOUT CIRCULAR OR



Lemon Pie de Luxe

Compare the recipe (printed below) with yours and see which pie you like best. Get the family's verdict, too.

California Sunkist Lemons have most to do with the quality of this lemon pie.

Uniformly Good Lemons

In order to keep lemons most satisfactorily, leave the wrap-pers on the fruit. This prevents the air from shrinking the skin.

Sunkist Lemon Pie

Sunkist Lemon Pie

1 ¼ cup sugar, ½ cup flour, pinch of salt,
1 ¼ cup sugar, ½ cup flour, pinch of salt,
1 ¼ cup sugar, ½ cup flour, pinch of salt,
2 geg yolks, 1 cup boiling water, 1 teaspoon butter. Mix sugar, flour and salt,
2 do boiling water, stirring constantly.
Cook until flour thickens, then add butter,
2 gg yolks, ind and juice of one lemon.
Turn into a pie plate, or preferably a pan
that is perforated or made of wire and
lined with flaky pastry which has been
baked until a golden brown. Make a
meringue of three egg whites and add
one balf cup of powdered sugar, with a
teappoonful of lemon juices, cover pie with
meringue and bake in a moderate oven
until brown. Allow to cool before serving.

Boston Cooking School Recipes

until brown. Allow to cool before serving.
Boston Cooking School Recipes
An illustrated book containing 200
Orange and Lemon recipes by authors
of the famous Boston Cook Book sent
without charge to housewives who
answer this advertisement. Send for
copy now, giving your dealer's name
and address.
Also please state your greatest single
use of lemons.

California Fruit Growers Exchange A Co-operative, Non-Profit Organization of 8, 000 Growers Dept. M40, Los Angeles, Cal.

Lemons for Usefulness"





THE POPULAR FANCY-WORK

Designed by HELEN THOMAS

No. 799—Cross-Stitch Design for Mo-No. 802—Paisley Design for Motifs tifs and Banding, suitable for Embroid- and Banding. This is the latest idea ering Dresses. This is a new style of for dress embroideries. It is exception-

em broidery, and may be worked in fine wool or chenille, medium-weight

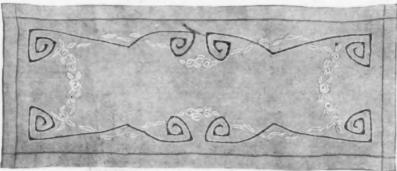
embroidery cotton, silk twist, or fine gold or silver thread. The flowers are worked by taking a long stitch over each line, and finished in the center with a French knot. The



BANDING

pretty worked in two colors, such as brown and green. It

consists of 8 motifs, 634 inches high and 51/4 inches wide; and 3 yards of banding, 21/2 inches wide. The inches wide. little circles should be filled solid in the satin-stitch; the flowers done in



800-DESIGN FOR SCARF OR TABLE-RUNNER

pattern includes 8 corners, a large and a small motif, and 3 yards of banding, 11/4 inches wide. Use a yel-

low pattern for stamping dark material. Transfer design, 15 cents.

No. 800-Design for Scarf or Table-Runner. Measures 301/2 by 13 inches. Simplicity of style marks this unusually handsome scarf, which should be worked in the satin-stitch and Venetian ladder-work, with a few eyelets, on white linen. Price, 15 cents. Makes a lovedining-room

cents each. Cotton is suitable to use.



802-PAISLEY DESIGN FOR MOTIFS AND BANDING

the lazydaisy-stitch; the dots in seed - stitch: and the rest in either darning -, outline-, or chain-stitch.

Full embroidery directions are provided with the pattern. Use a yellow transfer pattern for stamping dark material. Price, 15 cents.

No. 801-Design for Towel and Scarf-Ends (illustrated on page 51). Pattern contains 2 designs measuring 17 by 534 inches. Medallion measures 61/4 by 31/2 inches. In place of the filet, initials, 21/2 inches high may be substituted, stamped

Price, when used with Centerpiece Design No. from Transfer Design No. 394. 769 and Doilies Design No. 770. Price, 10 10 cents. Filet pattern is given with this

[Concluded on page 51]



THE POPULAR FANCY-WORK

[Continued from page 50]

design. Embroidery is done in the satin- and the eyeletstitch. The transfer design is 15 cents.

No. 804-Design for Pillow and Table - Run-This



design is worked in satin-stitch with cot-Editor's .Note .- McCall Kaumagraph Pattern gives designs for patterns can be transferred to material ton or silk. stamping a pillow-top and both ends of a with a hot iron in less than a minute.

Obtained at McCall Pattern Agencies or postpaid from McCall Company on receipt of 10 or 15 cents. Stamped material not supplied. McCall's Book of Embroidery,

A medium-

weight embroidery cot-

ton or silk

floss is used,

and the work

is done in the satin-

stitch, but-

tonhole,

couching

cents.

outline. Price, 10



table-runner. The basket measures 8 inches wide, and 63/4 inches high and matches design No. 803 for the Centerpiece. (Price, 10 cents each.)

No. 803 -Design for 231/2-Inch Centerpiece, in new conventional style. This makes a charming set used with Design No. 804 It is striking developed in natural colored linen with cotton, in rich contrasting colors. Basket is black. Fullembroidery and color directions provided with pattern.



803-DESIGN FOR 231/2-INCH CENTERPIECE

illustrating over 500 designs and containing les-

> sons on embroidery stitches, includes free coupon good for any 10-cent McCall Kaumagraph transfer pattern; or with 5 cents extra, good for any 15-cent transfer pat-tern. Price in U. S., 15 cents; by mail, 25 cents; in Canada, 20 cents; by mail, 30 cents.



Bachelor Breakfasts

Teach in a delightful way the time-saving convenience and strengthgiving value of Grape-Nuts.

A morning dish of Grape-Nuts with cream, as the cereal part of the meal (with perhaps some fruit and a cup of Instant Postum) contain all the elements for nourishment needed until lunch time.

Grape-Nuts - containing as it does all the rich nutriment of whole wheat and barley, including their vital mineral elements for perfect upkeep of body, brain and nerve — has often proved more sustaining than meals requiring more time and work to prepare. Wonderfully deli-

Every table should have its daily ration of

Grape-Nuts "There's a Reason"

THEN so many women of taste find the answer to their corset problem among R & G Models, isn't it reasonable to suppose that you, too, will be successful?



A new, splendid low bust model for the average figure. Daintily finished and just the corset you should buy for your new Spring gowns. Priced at \$3.00.

Send for booklet for other Spring models.

R & G Corset Co., Inc. 884 Broadway New York

FOR

LESSON 73-THE HOME DRESSMAKER

By MARGARET WHITNEY

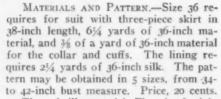
O be thinking of spring clothes while the March winds are howling around the chimney corners is not as unreasonable as it would seem at first. When you think about it, it is really an excellent plan to settle down to sew by a warm fireside, for before you know it, spring will burst upon you unawares and find you unprepared. A coat suit is one

for spring. After having spent the winter enveloped in heavy coats and dresses, the change to a light two-piece suit is just what most of us are longing for.

Now, isn't the model No. 7655 just your idea of what a smart spring suit should be? The coat is one of those becoming hip - length models with a deep yoke and box pleats front and back. The box pleats are not stitched but just pressed to position, and you will see, as you go along, how easy they are to handle. Then, the cuffs, pockets, and the large collar are just as up to date as possible. The coat is 291/2 inches long, one of the fashionable most lengths for spring.

You can make the skirt in two or three pieces, as you prefer. Fig. 5 shows other views of the skirt. two-piece style is plain across the front and has seams only at the sides. The back is slightly gathered and the at-

lot of style. Fig. 1 shows the three-piece skirt. The pattern allows for 42- or 38inch length without a hem, but you may, of course, vary this to suit yourself and your height. The correct length of skirts this spring is from four to six inches from the floor. They are longer than they were last season. This model measures 21/2 vards around the lower edge.



The suit illustrated in Fig. 1 is of rajah, of the first items you ought to have ready one of the fashionable silks for suits

this year. It is to be had in a variety of colors-blue, green, rose, citron, gray, or oyster-white. If the suit is in one of these colors, white collar and cuffs may be worn. If the suit is white, collar and cuffs may be of any bright color in contrast.

If you want a suit of wool instead of silk, use dark blue serge, gabardine, broadcloth, whipcord, or one of the new novelty twills or knitted fabrics. The model is suitable for both wool and silk ma-

You will have no trouble in cutting out the material if the directions which the pattern envelope gives are carefully followed out. Study these directions before cutting, and as you cut each piece. be sure to mark the working perforations with tailor's tacks before you remove the pattern.



FIG. 1-NO. 7655, COAT SUIT OF BAJAH SILK WITH CONTRASTING COLLAR AND CUFFS

THE LINING,-Only the yokes and the sleeves of the coat need be lined with the main lin-

tractive belt that goes with it gives it a ing. The collar, cuffs, pockets, and belt must be lined before they are sewed on. The lining for each of these pieces is cut just like the pattern. Stitch around the edges with right sides facing, leaving one edge free to turn right side out, and then press carefully. If the suit is of silk, use any lining silk for the lining; if of wool, use satin. Cut the lining for the sleeves

[Concluded on page 53]

n

1



A COAT SUIT FOR SPRING

[Continued from page 52]

2-THE

THE SLEEVE LINING IS

SEWED IN LAST OF ALL

single crosses and bringing the creases to the single small circles. At the center back, the creases on each side will meet at the center. Baste the box pleats along the edges and press them with a thin piece of muslin over the material. In wool materials, use a dampened cloth and a rather hot iron. Do not remove the basting threads until the coat is completed and you have given it a final pressing.

Fold under the yokes at the lower edges, at the single

circles, and lap edges over the box-pleated sections, with notches together and centers and edges even. Then stitch on the



- SHOWING THE YOKE LINING BASTED OVER FACING AND COLLAR

outside 3/8 of an inch from the folded edge. Sew up and press open the shoulder and underarm seams, binding the latter for a finish as the lower part of the coat will be unlined. Apply the facings to the fronts of the coat and

stitch along the outer edges (Figs. 3 and 4), leaving the neck-edge free for the collar to be sewed on. The facing may be lined with a soft piece of muslin. At the point where the yoke and the pleated sections are joined, make a tiny slash in the facing, so that from that point down, the free edge of the facing may be placed beneath the edge of the box pleat. Turn under or bind this edge of facing and

tack under pleat. The yoke lining will be felled down over the upper part of the facing.

For sewing on the collar and the yoke lining (Fig. 3), line the collar and sew to the neck-edge with notches together; then fell the free edge of the facing over the seam. Over this the lining is basted and neatly felled.

Sew the pockets to the sides of the coat with lower edges even, side

like the pattern and the pieces for the edges along double small circles, and large yoke according to the envelope directions. circles toward the front. Turn up the lower edge of the coat 3/4 of an inch, bind, THE COAT .- Make the box-pleated and stitch to position. Where the facing sections of the coat by creasing along the and the fronts make two thicknesses at

the lower edge, each should be turned under separately and stitched together with the turned under edges on the inside and the folded ends exactly even.

THE SLEEVES AND CUFFS. The sleeves are sewed in last of all. Line the cuff pieces and finish the edges with stitching as illustrated in Fig. 1. Arrange the two sections together with rounded end of straps lapped over the back edge of the cuffs, and the other end under the front

edge. Place the cuff on the upper side of the sleeve and sew the side edges in the seams that join the two sections of the

sleeve. Sew up the sleeve lining separately; slip it into the sleeve, with opened seams facing; and hem the lower edges together. Small circles mark where the lower edge of the sleeve is to be turned under. Sew the sleeves into the



ISHED ON THE INSIDE

armholes as directed on pattern envelope but leave the top of the lining free (Fig. 2). The lining is then pinned to position around the armhole and felled by hand.

THE SKIRT .- In the three-piece skirt, the edge of the right front is folded under at the single small circles, lapped over left front and stitched 3/4 of an inch from folded edge below the single cross. In

the two-piece skirt leave an opening at the left side for a placket. Gather the back gore and sew to inside belt.

Editor's Note.-Write to Mrs. Whitney concerning any difficulty you may have in selecting designs or materials for your wardrobe, and she will be glad to assist you if you will enclose a stamped selfaddressed envelope for her reply.



OTHER VIEWS OF NO.



"Now that there is a way I can save half or more on all my clothes—now that I can easily learn at home in spare time to plan and make them myself at merely the cost of materials—am I fair to him if I don't do it? Just think how it would help us to cut the cost of living—how much we could save—how many other things we could have!"

things we could have!"

This is the thought that has prompted thousands of women to mark and mail the coupon in this advertisement. Now they are taking real delight in their new accomplishment; they are better dressed than ever; they are enjoying comforts they never knew before; and the savings account is growing faster, because, through the simple and practical home-study courses in Dressmaking and Millinery offered by the

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they have learned how to gut the cost of their clothes in half. What thousands of other women are doing, you can do. The Woman's institute has perfected a new method by which, no matter where you live, you can easily sand quickly learn, in the confort and slirfs, dressee, suits, coats, linguiste, children's clothes—in fact, any garment you may desire for yourself or your children, and save at least half of what they now cost you.

what hey now cost you.

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FOR YOUR EMBROIDERY NEEDLE

By GENEVIEVE STERLING

in French knots and buttonhole-embroidcents. Embroidery cotton, to work, costs sufficient amount of embroidery silk, to

15 cents extra; embroidery silk, to work, costs 35 cents extra. Five yards of lace edging to be put under the scallops at the neck, sleeves, at the bottom, and up both front edges may be had for 45 cents extra. This finishing touch of lace is very effective; if one prefers, however, to leave the buttonholed edges untrimmed, the sacque is equally pretty. Perforated pattern, including stamping materials, 10 cents. The material, embroidery cotton work, and lace may be had free for five 50-cent subscriptions; or the material, with embroidery silk to work, and lace may be had free for six 50-cent subscrip-

10608A-Breakfast cap to match Sacque No. 10608. The design stamped on linen-finished lawn or crèpe voile, including a sufficient amount embroidery of cotton to work, may be had for 25 cents. Embroidery silk, to work, and lace for the scalloped edging of the cap, may be had for 35 cents ex-Perforated tra. pattern, including stamping materials, 10 cents. The material for

tions.

10608-Dressing Sacque. This charm- the cap, including lace for edges, may be ing and dainty garment is to be worked had free for three fifty-cent subscriptions. The entire combination of dressing sacque ery. The design may be had stamped on and breakfast cap, to match, in linenlinen-finished lawn or crêpe voile for 50 finished lawn or crêpe voile, including a

> work, and enough lace to trim the edges may be had for eight 50-cent subscrip-

10612 - Baby's Laundry Bag. Baby dresses, petticoats, and slips are usually so sheer and delicate in tex-

ture, that they should be sorted out from the family washing and given special care. To facilitate this, a separate laundry bag for the baby should be kept in the nurs-

ery. No. 10612 is an extremely ornamental one for this purpose, worked in French knots, and eyeletand outlineembroidery. Stamped on white crash, it may be had for 35 cents.

Sufficient embroidery cotton to work is 15 cents extra. Perforated pattern, including stamping materials, 10 cents. The entire outfit, including perforated pattern, embroidery cotton, and material, may be had free for three 50-cent subscriptions.



10608-DRESSING SACQUE

10608-A-BREAKFAST CAP TO MATCH SACQUE

10612-BABY'S LAUNDRY BAG

10610-Baby's Bib (illustrated on page 55). Embroidered bibs are nothing new, but this one has an especially simple yet attractive design. It is worked only [Con. on page 55]



FOR YOUR EMBROIDERY NEEDLE

[Continued from page 54]

in the outline-stitch. The design, stamped on linen huck or plain white linen, including a sufficient amount of embroidery cotton to work, and enough braid for the edges, may be had for 25 cents. Perforated pattern, including stamping materials, 10 cents. If perforated pattern is desired for stamping other material, it may be had with the rest of the outfit for two 50-cent subscriptions.

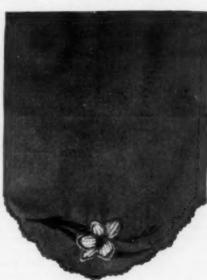
10611 - Baby's Bootees. Embroidered bootees in white or in colors for a baby outfit are becoming more popular than the crocheted varieties this year, and they may be made of any kind of material, to suit the season and the occasion. The pair, here illustrated, are worked in the solid- and the buttonhole - embroidery. The design stamped on piqué or mercerized poplin, including sufficient embroidery cotton to work. may be had for 25 cents. The design stamped on creamwhite cashmere, including sufficient embroidery cotton, to work, may be had for 35 cents. A sufficient amount of embroidery silk, to work, may be had for 15 cents extra. Perforated pattern, including stamping materials, 10 cents. The design stamped on cream-



10610-BABY'S BIB



10611-BABY'S BOOTEES



10609-HEAD-REST

white cashmere, including the cotton and the silk, may be had free for two 50-cent subscriptions.

10609 - Head-Rest. Something extremely novel and useful is a head-rest to throw over a fancy pillow or the back of a chair. The one shown here is a straight piece of linen, rounded and scalloped at one end. The design stamped on écru linen, including a sufficient amount of embroidery cotton, to work, may be had for 35 cents. Perforated pattern, including stamping materials, 10 cents. All free for two 50 - cent subscriptions.

Editor's Note. Owing to the impossibility of importing foreign dyes into this country, on account of the war, we cannot guarantee fast colors in embroidery silks or cottons. New fancy-work book with lessons on stitches will be sent on receipt of a twocent stamp. Perforated pattern of any article illustrated on page 54, or on this page, including full stamping directions, may be had for 10 cents, postage prepaid. Send check, money order, or stamps by mail to The Mc-Call Company, Mc-Call Building, 236-246 West 37th Street, New York,



Here's A GOOD Hot Water Bottle!

It's the "WEAREVER" No. 40: a very serviceable style! It has no seams to leak or bindings to come loose. It is moulded into one piece—sof comented together. He rubber is strong and tough, and so durable that this bottle will stand the hardest kind of service for a long time. The Patented Neck Construction adds attempth where many hot water bottles are weakest. "WEAREVER" No. 40 is made in six sizes, Nos. 00, 0.1, 2, 3 and 4; has a smooth, anitary surface, and is rich marcon in color. Sizes 60 and 0 are also made in blue color. There are various other styles of "WEAREVER" Hot Water Bottles. Ask your druggist to show them to you; also the other articles shown below. All Faultiess coptions! Values and the finest kind of service.

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The Ideal Confection

They taste so good and are so good you should eat Dromedary Dates every day. Ideal for grown-ups and children—a food, a dainty, a confection.

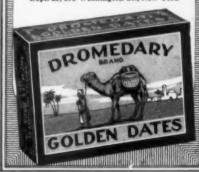
With Dromedary Dates you can make scores of appetizing dishes. Try these mussins for tomorrow's breakfast or lunch.

DROMEDARY DATE MUFFINS -

Cream two tablespoonfuls of butter with quarter cupful of sugar; add two well beaten eggs, then one cupful of milk, and two cupfuls of flour alternately, and two tablespoonfuls of baking powder (the flour and baking powder having been sifted together); beat thoroughly and add pinch of salt and one cupful of Dromedary Dates cut fine. Bake in a quick oven.

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THE HILLS BROTHERS CO. Dept. 23, 375 Washington St., New York





WOOD-CARVING IN THE HOME

By FRIEDA VAN EMDEN

and cheery with home-made comforts. We have seen there beautiful hand-carved terials, but a soft gum wood, obtainable

chairbacks, stools, and plateand-spoon-racks, and marveled, perhaps, at the ingenuity with which the Dutch peasants have handled their tools.

Within the last few years, from the little town of Friesland in northern

Holland, this simple art of wood-carving has been handed down to us, until now, like our Friesian sisters, we, too, can combine industry with recreation for the beautifying of our



BOOK-HOLDER DESIGN

OST of us have visited, at some carve them as perfectly as an expert. Of time or another, in reality or fancy, course, the beginner will not be able to a little Dutch home, spick and span, work as skilfully as the Friesians on such hard wood as oak and other tough ma-

here, is ideal for the amateur wood-carver, and may be purchased for small cost at almost dealer's.

The entire kit of tools consists of two knives, a chisel and a slicer, and a practise-board on which are stamp-

ed a series of basic designs. The chisel is used for the actual carving-the downward movement-and the slicer for lifting out the carved pieces and leveling off ragged edges. On the



CARVED HANDKERCHIEF BOX



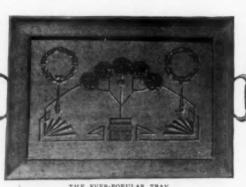
ATTRACTIVE TABOURET



A UNIQUE FRAME

household articles. Trays of all kinds and shapes, tabourets book-ends, boxes, and foot - stools lend themselves delightfully to such carved decorations, and make acceptable gifts for one's family or friends, at any season.

art of wood-carving is its simplicity. the smooth surface of household articles, such as tie-racks or picture-frames, and



THE EVER-POPULAR TRAY

proper handling of the knives depends the entire success of clean carv-The ing. chisel must be held vertically (Fig. 1, page 57, and pressed firmly down. The slicer is held flat and pointed a little downward (Fig. 2, page

Probably, the strongest asset of this 57). The practise-board shows only six different cuts, but if one learns to apply Even a child of ten can soon learn, from these designs in a multitude of ways, cutting out the geometric designs on the practically the entire art of carving is practise-board, to apply similar designs on mastered. Two practise-boards may have to be used before skill is acquired.

[Concluded on page 57]



WOOD-CARVING IN THE HOME

[Continued from page 56]

FIG. 1-THE CHISEL SHOULD BE HELB

The easiest design to begin with, on the practise-board, is the simple triangle and, possibly, the most important one to

line AB, and press downward steadily, without swerving from the marked line. Remove the chisel carefully, and lay it, next, along the line A C, again with the point at A. Press down firmly, as before, and with the slicer lift out the triangle, leveling it off at CB, and making it slope down to A. The piece should always lift out cleanly cut, never broken. If it doesn't do this, the chisel should be used again, this time

pressed more deeply down. The second row of designs on the board is equally simple. This time, two triangles are cut on a single base (Fig. 4) leaving a raised triangle between them. With two strokes of the slicer cut a little notch on each side of this raised triangle. Always make the first cut away from the projecting point of the triangle so that the wood will not break off.

The third form is the second doubled, so as to

leave a raised diamond in the center (Fig. 5). This figure, because of its side incisions, is known as the forgetme-not.

In the fourth form (Fig. 6) no incision made with the chisel from A to D. but only from A to C and from A to

C and guided to D, sloping down toward line AD. Turn the board and slice along line DB. The two inward strokes should of your local dealers carry the necessary meet on AD and the piece be lifted out with the slicer, clearly cut.

The fifth form (Fig. 7) is the hardest (Fig. 3). Supposing A to be the deepest master. The deepest point is in the cenpoint of the cut, hold the chisel vertically ter of the triangle at A. Three triangu-so that the point rests at A, along the lar cuts like those used in the previous

exercises adjoin each other with A for common apex. The chisel is used on lines AB, AC, and AD, and the slicer is guided inward and downward from BD, DC, and CB.

All other designs on the practise-board are combinations of the first five forms, and with a little study can be easily worked out as the others. When one has become skilful in handling the tools, almost any household article can be designed and

carved by tracing one or more of the practise-board forms on the smooth surface and chiseling and slicing, according to directions.

When an article is finished, it is a good idea to rub it down with yellow beeswax melted in turpentine, to bring out the grain of the wood. Large articles, however, such as tables, stands, and tabourets, look much handsomer if treated with an oak or mahogany stain to match the rest of

the furniture. Of the two stains, perhaps oak is the more satisfactory, as it is nearer the natural color of the gum wood. Acarved serving - tray. polished with this stain, and fitted with a glass top. which is quite the popular fashion this



FIG. 2-CORRECT POSITION FOR HOLDING SLICER

Then the point of the slicer is placed at year, makes an ideal gift for any season.

Editor's Note .- If you find that none tools for wood-carving, write us, and we will tell you where they can be secured. New York



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MATERNAL

THE BABY WELFARE DEPARTMENT

By MARY L. READ, Director of the School of Mothercraft and Author of "The Mothercraft Manual"

make it a matter of primary imporefficiently rendered by every mother. It most mothers the foregoing will itself be has been found, through special studies made in France, in Germany, and in the United States, that about ninety-six mothers in every hundred could nurse their babies at least for a few weeks; and many mothers for nine to twelve months, when the necessary conditions of hygiene and technique are complied with. Too

rance, given no attention to this matter until after the baby comes, and then difficulties that could have been prevented make nursing difficult or impossible.



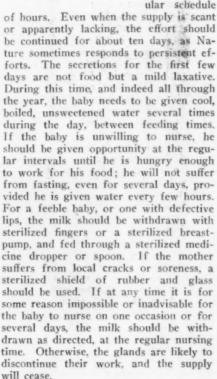
well-poised nerves, control of emotions and appetites, regular habits, wholesome blood, sound digestion, and normal condition of the special organs of nursing. These physical conditions and mental traits result only from natural, simple living and consistent discipline through many years. In a general way, therefore, conditions of living and habits of life, all through childhood and girlhood, are either fitting or unfitting the future mother for this work.

A woman whose training has been weak in any of these essentials must begin at once to correct her defects, as a most important preparation for maternal responsibilities. By outdoor life, deep breathing, increased sleep, avoidance of irritating stimulants, keeping the system free from clogging waste material, by systematic relaxation, and wholesome. peaceful thoughts, she can cultivate wellpoised nerves. By these same measures, with intelligent bathing and exercise, and simple, wholesome food, she can improve digestion and the quality of the blood supply. Self-control and regularity in daily living come only through self-Anatomical defects that would discipline. interfere with nursing are rare. Clothing that is not amply loose about the waist and chest, or that is too heating over the bust, interferes with circulation and development. To make nursing at the outset easy for the baby and comfortable for the mother, special simple

HE vital value of maternal nursing daily treatment is necessary for the last both to the mother and the baby, few months before the baby comes. There is nothing else the mother can do tance to know how this service can be by way of prenatal preparation, but for a very ample prescription.

In some mysterious way the milk is distilled from the blood by the nursing To keep up their glands. work, these glands must be

stimulated by regular use and by complete, regular exhaustion of their supply. This is why it is so important that the baby should nursed within from six to twelve hours after birth, and that nursing should follow a regular schedule



To promote a sufficient supply, the nursing mother must continue the pro-gram of outdoor life, simple, wholesome food, freedom from bodily poisons, and

[Continued on page 60]





Baby's life hangs upon his food-supply. Without question, breast feeding is best. But where hat is impossible or where the mother can supply only part of the feeding,

as well as in emergencies that may occur at any time, a bottle is the only resource. Remember, never once should a bottle with a neck be used, because a bottle with a neck is more liable to be unsanitary, unsafe. In sterilizing, the neck prevents a free circulation of boiling water and it needs swabbing inside with a brush—and then the brush in itself becomes another likely source of danger. Mother's most loving care can not guarantee that the bottle is surgically clean at every feeding. In fact, not one word can be said in favor of the necked nurser—unless you are willing to put baby's life up against

Nursing Bottle.

The Hygeia is the invention of a physician who nearly lost his own precious baby through the use of a bottle with the neck. The Hygeia is open like a tumbler and as easily cleaned. A servant can be trusted with the task. To protect the contents while in the ice-box, snap one of our air-tight "covers" across the top of the cell after filling. The broad, non-collapsible rubber breast is nearest to mother's nursing. The Hygeia is ideal from every standpoint.

Every bottle-baby in the land from the home of the millionaire down to the poorest tenement, should have the advantages of the Hygeia.

THE HYGEIA NURSING BOTTLE COMPANY, Inc., 1410 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Be sure the name Hygeia is on every part of the nursing outfit you purchase—on box, breast and bottle. Looks may deceive, and with an imitation Hygeia breast there is special danger due to inferior rubber.

The Hyggia is SAFE in every

Ask For



Congratulations Liquid Veneer Users!

You are to be congratulated on your good judgment in using, as a polish and cleaner, the one beneficial tried and true preparation that will preserve and beautify your fine furniture and woodwork for years.



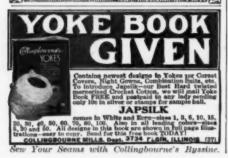
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As you know, Liquid Veneer is NOT AN OIL. Therefore it cannot darken your woodwork, soften the finish or deposit a greasy film to catch dust and soil the clothing. It is away ahead of oil polishes.

Liquid Veneer saves you expensive refinishing, polishes beautifully and cleans as if by magic. It is the NATION'S CHOICE, the favorite of over a million of careful house-

Note: Have you obtained fice, on of the 25c L-V Dust Cloths gives with a purchase of a 50c bottle of Liquid Veneer on Fridays? You dealer will gladly supply you—o write us enclosing top of 50c carton

Buffalo Specialty Company



MATERNAL NURSING

[Continued from page 58]

control, and regularity of living.

and quality, the necessary ingredients are no drugs that will appreciably inmust be supplied in the mother's food, crease the quantity of milk. Alcohol The additional amount of food required taken by the mother would be given to

is not large, but it must include minerals (espe-cially lime, phosphorus, and iron), a small quantity of easilyassimilated protein for growth, a little of fat and sugars OF starch for energy, some laxative elements, and a minimum of poisonous waste. The additional liquid required daily is about a pint the first week, gradually increasing to a quart, at five months, with about two additional ounces for each month thereafter.

The best foods for the nursing mother are milk, ground cereals well cooked, vegetables (baked, steamed, or served with the liquid in which they are cooked), fruits, eggs, butter, cheese, nuts, and The desirable daily quart of milk need not be taken only in its simple form; it may be served in cocoa, broths, custards, or other simply cooked (unboiled) forms. Tea and coffee are detrimental, while cocoa, cereal coffee, and fruit juices are beneficial. Meat is not necessary, its value in the diet being better supplied in milk, cereals, and vegetables; it should be used sparingly because of its toxic waste products. Any food that is very rich, irritating, or difficult for the mother's digestion is likely to disturb the baby's digestion. The prejudice against fruits, vegetables, or fish for the nursing mother is without foundation. Any food that, in an individual case, seems to interfere with the digestion of the mother or the baby should not be further experimented with in that particular case.

Any drugs taken by the mother are likely to be distilled into the milk and

the cultivation of a quiet mind, self- thus imparted to the baby. Therefore, no medicines should be taken by the mother, For milk of the requisite composition except at the doctor's direction.

the baby in the milk, and would be especially harmful to his digestive system. Even beer and malt are liquors harmful, for, although they contain but a small quantity of alcohol, they disturb digestion and cause a de-posit of unhealthy fat in the mother; they do not increase the quantity of the milk supply more than would a wellselected diet, and they impoverish the quality, by displacing the quantity of wholesome food.



FRESH AND SWEET FROM HIS WAF

The nursing mother must against constipation, as this condition in herself will produce the same condition in the baby. This condition should not be treated by drugs, but by hygiene and

Great emotional disturbances in the mother (such as fear, worry, grief, anger, hatred, great fatigue or excitement) produce poisons in the blood that are conveyed in the milk. These poisons may cause indigestion and very serious illness in the baby. If a mother has given way to any of these, she should not nurse her baby for twenty-four hours, but the baby should be given barley water, and the milk should be withdrawn as previously directed. If the mother has an attack of sore throat, indigestion, or a cold, or sudden fever, nursing should be interrupted until the symptoms disappear. In case of serious illness, such as pneumonia, the advice of a physician, preferably an infant specialist, should be followed. When nursing must be interrupted for more than a day, the simplest substitute is

[Concluded on page 60]

We asked 9 Domestic Science Schools this question:

Between soap and washing powder—which do you find the quicker for washing greasy dishes?

We explained that by washing powder we meant a product like Gold Dust.

We were impartial in asking the question, because in addition to Gold Dust—we make such well known soaps as Santa Claus Soap, Sunny Monday Soap and others.

The nine Domestic Science Schools who gave us their opinions are located from New England to the Pacific Coast. The professors sending the answers are all women. They are recognized authorities on the quickest and most efficient ways to do woman's work in the home.



THE ANSWERS:

From "Washing powder removes grease School No. 1 from dishes more quickly than soap."

From School No. 2 It unites with the grease and forms

From "Washing powder is quicker for School No. 3 greasy dishes."

From School No. 4 probably the washing powder will clean more quickly."

From School No. 5 "For greasy dishes I feel that washing powder is best—its reaction on grease is much quicker."

From School No. 6 a stronger application is more usual, and therefore possibly occupies less time."

From "Soap." (The only one of the nine School No. 7 who preferred soap.)

From "I prefer washing powder for any School No. 8 dishes in which fatty foods have been cooked."

From "Powder works more quickly with School No. 9 very greasy dishes."

We suggest that you order a 5c package or larger package of Gold Dust from your grocer and see how much dishwashing time it saves for you. Be sure it's Gold Dust. There is no other product quite like Gold Dust—a tablespoonful is all you need to the dishpan of water.

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"But there are two ways of traveling. One makes it possible for a girl to go the



THE UP-TO-DATE TRAVELER

WHAT PRISCILLA LEARNED AT BOARDING-SCHOOL

By MARY MARSHALL DUFFEE



S spring approached, at Miss Standish's school in Washington, Priscilla Blair made her plans to go home for the Easter vacation. The trip alone for the Easter vacation. meant a journey by rail for a day and a half and one night on the sleeper; but though Priscilla had never traveled alone before, she had no misgivings.

"I am sure my mother wouldn't let me take that long trip alone," said one of the day pupils to her. "I don't believe it is considered quite correct for a girl of our

ages to go traveling alone anyway."
"If it isn't," answered Priscilla, who wasn't vexed at all by the remark, "Miss Osborn will know. Let's ask her." And as the class in social dramatics-which was what the course in good conduct was called at Miss Standish's school-occurred that very morning, the two girls did not have very long to wait before they received Miss Osborn's advice.

'Although it is not always the pleasantest thing in the world for a girl to travel alone," said Miss Osborn to the girls when her class met, "there is nothing incorrect in her doing so when it is necessary. As two of you girls have asked me about this, I shall spend the hour this morning in a discussion of travel etiquette.

"Miss Standish has always been willing to have the big girls in the school travel alone, provided they were sensible and were going to be properly met at home, and never has any girl been at all embarrassed as a result of this liberty. If possible a girl should be accompanied. If no member of her family can take the trip with her, it is sometimes possible to arrange to come or go with a friend of the family. Sometimes, two girls can plan to go together. But if this is out of the question, the girl may travel alone. Perhaps it is a little odd that it would be quite correct for a girl to spend a night alone in the sleeper, whereas it would not be proper for her to spend a night

"But there are two ways of traveling.

width and length of the country alone and unannoyed, and the other would expose her to discourtesy and, perhaps, ridicule, from the start. For example, let's suppose that Priscilla is going home for Easter, as I really believe she is. To begin with, she will dress the part of the traveler. That is, she will wear a dark simple street suit and a plain hat. She will perhaps have a heavy coat and a small hand-bag with her. She will avoid a conspicuous abundance of luggage, candy boxes, and flowers, and if she is traveling alone, she will not think of wearing a bunch of violets or orchids, no matter how much she may wish to.

"On entering a railroad station, it is usual to let the railroad porter, if you are not accompanied by your own chauffeur or driver, take your bag to the train, and it is usual to tip him at the rate of ten cents for a piece of luggage. For instance, if he carries a suitcase and a hand-bag, he should be tipped twenty cents, whereas if he were carrying only the bag, ten cents is enough. Ordinarily, any unnecessary luggage should be checked through, on the ticket.

WELL, suppose Priscilla has boarded the train, and found her chair or section. What then? I should say the keynote of traveling correctly is contained in two words-repose and reserve. ill-bred traveler fusses and fidgets from the beginning of the journey to the end. She takes off her hat and lounges back in her seat, gets innumerable drinks of water, opens and closes the window, takes out a box of candy, smelling salts, and pill bottles, plays solitaire and reads novels, hails every candy or magazine vendor that passes and in general tires herself out and attracts every other traveler's gaze before she has been on the road for two hours.

"The careful traveler," continued Miss Osborn, "does not indulge in eating between meals. She will feel much better and appear much better if she does not munch candies. If she wishes to read,

[Continued on page 63]



THE UP-TO-DATE TRAVELER

[Continued from page 62]

she brings an interesting book or magazine with her in her bag, but she gets along without the puzzles and the solitaire and the needlework. Sometimes an inconspicuous piece of knitting or crocheting can be worked without attracting attention, but when a girl does this, she should take care not to spread the skeins of wool around to attract people's attention.

PRISCILLA, being well-bred and sensible, will avoid taking day naps and she should never spread about her seat, allowing her hair to become mussed up and her clothes wrinkled and disarranged. We will assume that Priscilla is riding in a so-called parlor-car and that she takes her meals in the dining-car. When Priscilla wishes to go to the dining-car, she takes pains to put all books and various other possessions in her bag. Her purse and any other valuables she carries with her. She takes a seat in the dining-car and orders what she wishes. Of course, if she is traveling only a short distance, there may be only a buffet service, in which case, she does not leave her day coach, but has whatever she wishes brought to her seat and served at a little folding table. The tip in either case should be ten per cent., or slightly more of the entire bill.

"When night comes, Priscilla should retire fairly early. Before retiring, while the porter is making up her berth, she should go to the dressing-room with her traveling bag, and make any necessary preparations for bed. Where two women are traveling together, or where an older woman travels a great deal, it is most convenient to have a dark, heavy dressing-gown to wear in returning from the dressing-room. But I think Priscilla will find it best to remove her blouse and suit in the dressing-room, wash, arrange her hair in a neat coil, replace her blouse and suit, and return quickly to her berth. Once inside, she should feel perfectly secure, as it is the business of the conductor and porter of the sleeping-car to protect the passengers.

"In the morning, Priscilla will dress hastily in her suit and blouse and go thus to the dressing-room where she will complete her dressing. Before leaving the berth, she should collect all her belongings and place them in her bag so she will not have to get back in the berth after she is dressed.

"Personally, I advise Priscilla not to make any acquaintances on the road. I know it is hard to be silent, but I think it is the safest plan. A young woman who filled the position of Travelers' Aid in one of the big city terminals, once told

[Concluded on page 67]







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I want you to know how little the High Cost of Living will affect you if you install one of my RAPID FIRELESS COOKERS. If you act quickly enough you can take ad-

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I do everything I can to help you cut down your living expenses. You always make a big saving in getting one of the RAPID FIRELESS COOKERS, because you buy direct from my factory. My special offer goes this one better, but you will have to act right away. The cost of materials has soared so high and so great has been the demand for my cookers that I can continue this offer for a short time only.

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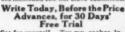
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FOOD FOR THE ADOLESCENT

By ISOBEL BRANDS

HERE was a time, so we learn from history and novels, when to be pallid and ill was the popular pose of a young girl. Recall the many heroines of the early nineteenth century who "fell into a swoon," or whose appetites were "like a bird's." Elaine, Queechy, and Amelia Sedley in Thackeray's Becky Sharp spent

In the plastic years, between the ages fourteen and twenty, every growing child needs wholesome food and plenty of exercise. Habits at this time can make or break one's health for life. Of the two, the girl is more susceptible than the boy to unwise living-late hours, little exercise, and wrong food. She is inclined to



MENUS FOR THE ADOLESCENT

BREAKFAST

Banana Oatmeal and Top Milk Buttered Toast Cereal Coffee

LUNCHEON

Potato Soup and Rusks Cheese Sandwich Date Pudding

Hamburg Steak Scalloped Potatoes Spinach Lettuce Salad with Oil Dressing Lemon Gelatine

DINNER OR SUPPER

(AT NIGHT)

Stewed Prunes Shirred Eggs French Toast Cocoa

Graham Bread Creamed Dried Beef Stewed Rhubarb Gingerbread

Cheese Soufflé Baked Potato Tomato and Cress Salad Creamed Onions Slice of Maple Cake

Apple-Sauce Uncooked Cereal Dropped Egg on Toast Unco Banana Coffee

Spaghetti with Tomato and Cheese Lettuce Salad Ginger Pudding

Broiled White Fish Mashed Potato Carrots, White Turnips Orange-, Radish-, or Cucumber Salad Cottage Pudding with Hard Sauce

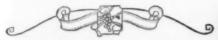
their lives in one long "swooning illness," and were, despite this, looked upon as absolutely normal, because, in those days, feminine and fragile were synonomous words.

To-day, quite the opposite viewpoint is held. To be successful, one must be healthy. We glory in the young woman who can swim and ride, and partake in every outdoor sport. If she is frail, no matter what her station in life may be, she is ruthlessly side-tracked from the rank and file of successful workers. Usually, invalidism among the young people, to-day, is the result of ignorant neglect on the part of their parents, when these same young people were passing through the adolescent period.

put social functions before outdoor sports, and to prefer fudge and rich cakes to substantial muscle- and bone-building foods. If she is allowed to indulge in these things, she will have no means of creating or sustaining the energy needed by her to carry on school studies. Even for the strongest girl, under twenty, the steady grind of work, mental or physical, is nerve-wearing. Energy is being consumed faster than it is supplied unless the right foods are eaten, and even then, sometimes, she may need more food to grow on than she can assimilate.

In such a case, the only step to take is to lessen some of her activities, cut down the dancing, the hops, class parties, and

[Continued on page 65]



FOOD FOR THE ADOLESCENT

[Continued from page 64]

outside interests, and even lessons, if they are using up her reserve energy, and let the body have as much rest as possible. Remember, through her teens, the adolescent girl has her full height to attain, and also the muscle and fat necessary to give her the roundness and contour of the woman. All too frequently with the schoolgirl there is not enough nourishment taken to fulfil both ends, and the result is the anaemic, flat-chested appearance, or the nervous break-down so common during adolescence.

DURING this period, too, a girl's appetite is likely to be "finicky." Sometimes, she must be coaxed to take the proper amount of nourishment. She should never be allowed to carry out the "no breakfast" idea. She should be made to take something, if only egg-nog and crackers. If her digestion is really delicate, at all times her meals should be dainty, and as varied as possible. Even a new kind of bread, or a vegetable served in a different way, or a novel garnish will make ordinary food seem appetizing.

will make ordinary food seem appetizing. She will need a large amount of protein—eggs, milk and white meat—to make body tissue, and, at the same time, a big portion of fats, also, which are best taken, at this age in the form of butter and olive or peanut oil instead of gravies and fried foods. Starchy foods are good for creating energy, but they should be served in the most digestible forms. For instance, a cream-of-corn soup will be preferable to a corn-starch pudding with a sweet sauce, just as plain olive oil on a green salad will be better than the same amount of fat given in the form of croquettes or pastry.

Watery vegetables and fruits should be generously indulged in, because of their valuable mineral salts, especially iron, which purifies the blood and forms bone. Of the vegetables, spinach is the best purifier. Fruits and bulk vegetables will tend to ward off constipation and general clogging of the alimentary canal, which is more serious, at this time, than later on, because it is in these formative years that habits are formed which will later insure health or invalidism.

If the girl of 14 to 20 is still at school, she should take from home each day a well prepared luncheon, supplemented, if possible, by a hot drink carried in a vacuum bottle. Many schools are now seeing to it that hot luncheons are served to pupils at low cost. Many business firms, too, are installing lunch-rooms for their employees. They find that right feeding promotes efficiency in work.

If the girl comes home from school, in the middle of the afternoon, she should

[Concluded on page 66]





This time it is Nan's party. It is easy to guess "what's coming," for only two things—Jell-O and ice cream—are popular enough with the young folks to produce such evidence of approval as Nan's guests exhibit.

In homes of wealth and culture, where the children's diet is carefully selected, and

in homes where mothers with equal care prepare the food for the whole family, the favorite dainty for the young folks is

There seems to be nothing else that so completely fills every requirement of a perfect dessert for children and grown-ups alike as Jell-O does.

It can be made into a surprisingly great variety of forms for

dinners, luncheons and afternoon teas. The most bewitching things which Jell-O "demonstrators" show in their exhibits at food shows and the department stores can be made in perfection by any housewife-even by the young bride who cannot cook.

by any housewife—even by the young bride who cannot cook.

The new Jell-O Book, just out, describes new Jell-O salads, "whips," knickknacks and dainties of almost unlimited variety. Recipes for every-day salads and desserts are given first place in it, and particularly the new things in fruity Jell-O desserts. A copy will be sent to you free if you will send us your name and address.

Jell-O is put up in seven flavors; Raspberry, Strawberry, Lemon, Orange, Cherry, Peach, Chocolate. Each 10 cents at any grocer's or any general store.

The flavors are pure fruit flavors, of course, and the full strength of the flavors is preserved by the air-tight waxed-paper "Safety Bags" enclosing Jell-O inside the cartons.

inside the cartons.

THE GENESEE PURE FOOD COMPANY, Le Roy, N. Y., and Bridgeburg, Ont.













FOOD FOR THE ADOLESCENT

[Continued from page 65]

have a hot drink of milk or cocoa. If she is a very slender girl, the same should be taken each night, before retiring. If her digestion is very poor, she will benefit generally by smaller meals taken more

What she should always forego eating are the sweets and sugar starches. Unfortunately, it is fudge and French pastry that she "just loves." The wise mother, knowing that the adolescent girl does not need as much sweet as the young child, should try gradually to cultivate in her a taste for wholesome foods.

It is admitted that one reason why women have not been as resistant to disease as men is because they have not eaten, in their formative years, as much plain, strengthening food. We hardly ever see a boy sit down at a table and order a chocolate éclair and cocoa with whipped cream. He would be more likely to choose ham and eggs, or soup, or even such coarse food as cabbage and dumplings.

"Nerves," which so many young girls acquire from over-indulgence in sweet and unstable food "fripperies," are really the result of mal- or under-nutrition. For them, there are but two remedies-outdoor exercise and plenty of wholesome food. What the growing girl most needs is plain food, with emphasis on protein and starches. If she follows out this diet, with plenty of bulk vegetables and raw fruits, and as few stimulants and as little sugar as is possible, there is no reason why correct eating habits should not be successfully instilled into her early enough to lay the corner-stone for that glorious, nerveless womanhood which is her rightful inheritance.

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Editor's Note.-If you are interested in getting up the proper kind of balanced meals for your family, we will gladly send you a list of the common foods, giving the amount and kind of nourishment each contains if you will enclose stamped, selfaddressed envelope with your request,

A VACUUM-CLEANER HINT

By A CONTRIBUTOR

THE vacuum-cleaner, in its idle moments, can be used for drying the hair after a shampoo. A very good drying fan may be improvised by removing the dust-bag from your electric vacuumcleaner, and setting the machine over a hot-air register. When the current is turned on, the air will be forced through the opening made by the removal of the dust-bag, causing a warm current which will dry the hair very quickly.

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THE UP-TO-DATE TRAVELER

[Continued from page 63]

me that the most dangerous persons to deal with when traveling were those who looked the most harmless. If you wish to receive any information or help, ask the conductor or the porter, and do not talk unnecessarily with any of your fellow passengers.

"It would be quite different," Miss Osborn went on to explain, "if Priscilla were traveling with an older woman. However, if the trip is limited to a day or less, persons who travel a good deal would not presume to speak to strangers. It is only on long trans-continental trips that one becomes acquainted with fellow passengers.

"Now there are some little points about short trips that I want to give you, too," went on Miss Osborn. "Here, as in longer traveling, repose and reserve are the keynotes. Sometimes when you are taking a short trip, notice the exact repose with which the woman of obvious good-breeding who seems accustomed to travel carries herself. She is neatly veiled and she simply raises the veil to read. She does not take off her gloves and yet she seems perfectly comfortable. To her the trip seems much shorter than to the woman who fusses and fidgets from beginning to end. If you are taking a fairly short trip, and do not want to patronize the dining-car, it is perfectly correct to partake of a basket lunch; but you should make a regular meal out of it. You should eat at a certain time, open the box, and eat leisurely till you have finished. Then clear away the remains and dispose of them in a neat bundle, which the porter will take for you, or which you may leave on the floor of your section.

"If you are traveling in a day-coach, remember that you are entitled to but half a section. Do not try to keep the double seat by spreading your coat and luggage over it. And one last caution," as the gong sounded at the end of the hour, "be sure that you are extremely considerate regarding windows. Never open one without first asking the permission of the passenger next you, who might feel the air unpleasantly. Courtesy should be always uppermost in your minds, for by it you are judged; and in proportion to the amount of it you show your neighbor, will you, in turn, receive consideration from him. As for a list of special rules, covering the small things, you will find them on the blackboard tomorrow morning if you want to copy them off."

Editor's Note.—These special rules, Mrs Duffee will be glad to send you, also,

if you will enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope with your request. Address Mrs. Duffce, care of the Magazine.



The Discovery of Puffed Grains Brought Ideal Foods to Millions

Prof. A. P. Anderson, when he found a way to puff wheat, gave children a better wheat food than they ever had before.

Every expert knew that whole wheat was desirable. It is rich in elements lacking in flour. And rarely a child got enough of them.

But whole wheat, for its purpose, must be wholly digestible. That is the problem Prof. Anderson solved when he discovered this way to explode it.

He Bubbled the Grains

He sealed up the kernels in guns, and applied a fearful heat. Then he shot the guns, and out came the kernels puffed to eight times normal size.

What happened was this: Inside each food cell a trifle of moisture was changed to steam. When the guns were shot, a hundred million explosions occurred inside each kernel.

Every food cell was blasted, so digestion could act. Thus every element was made available, and every atom fed.

And the grains were made into food confections, flaky, toasted, airy, crisp. So these hygienic foods became the most delightful foods you know.

Puffed Wheat

Puffed Rice

and Corn Puffs
Each 15c Except in Far West

Don't let your children lose the benefits of this great food invention. Don't confine Puffed Grains to breakfast. Serve them for supper in bowls of milk. Douse them with melted butter when children get hungry between meals.

Puffed Wheat and Rice are whole-grain foods. Corn Puffs are corn hearts puffed. They taste like nut meats, bubbled and toasted. But they are in fact the best foods wheat, rice or corn can make.

Keep all three kinds on hand.

The Quaker Oats Company

SOLE MAKERS

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SOIL FOR THE SPRING GARDEN

By F. F. ROCKWELL

HE old saying that "well begun is

prepared soil is a handicap that no amount of work during the summer can offset. With the garden not prepared as it should be, in the beginning, the gardener is foredoom ed to more or less of a failure from the start. Most gardeners, and especially beginners, are more interested in plants than in the soil: but until the handling of the soil is understood, the best results cannot be expected.

The plain, brown dirt in your garden, in which crisp lettuce and juicy tomatoes are to be grown, is not as uninteresting and prosaic as it looks, at first glance. Every cubic foot of it is constantly changing, and teeming with life. If there were any way by which you could see what was going on there, you would find it just as interesting as watching the sprouting of seeds and the growth of plants. Some understanding of what happens in this wonderful soil laboratory you must have, before you can intelligently get the soil ready to produce vegetables for your table, that will make all your friends want to know what varieties you use-when, as a matter of fact, varieties are only of secondary importance.

There are three factors which enter into the preparation of your garden for big and continued yields of high quality of vegetables: the first is the physical condition of the soil; the second, the bacteriological condition; and the third, the chemical contents. The knowledge of these factors forms the A-B-C of gardening.

The physical condition of the soil half done" is never more truly illus- means its characteristics-that is, whether trated than in gardening. In fact, in it is light, heavy, sandy, gravelly, or this work, the proportion of a successful mostly clay. It includes also the condition finish that can be credited to a good be- it is in, as a result of cultivation, or of ginning is probably more than that. Poorly neglect: that is, whether it is packed

down hard. or broken up in lumps, or what is called "in good tilth;" deep and finely pulverized, and soft and mealy - the kind you like to work in with your hands, and in which it is a pleasure to use a hoe. No matter how limited vour garden experience may have been, you could probably recognize soil that is in good condition physically; how to get it into good condition, 18 another story.

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WHERE GARDENS THRIVE

The earlier in the spring you can begin work on your garden, the better it will be. Of course, you cannot touch it until the frost is out of the ground, and after that, it will be several days, or possibly a couple of weeks-according to the nature and condition of the soil, and climatic conditions-before it will be dry enough to "work." You can tell when it is ready by taking a spade or fork, and turning the surface earth. If it breaks and crumbles readily, when you drop it on the ground, the sooner you can get to work at it, the better. If it has a tendency, however, to remain in a wet, muddy mass, it should be left for a while longer.

THE initial operation is to turn the soil over-to spade it up, or to plow it. Unless your garden is a very small one, it will be cheaper and better to have it plowed; but whether by hand- or by horse-tools, the work should be done very thoroughly. Every square foot of the soil should be turned over and broken up

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MATERNAL NURSING

[Continued from page 60]

clean, fresh cow's milk diluted one-half or one-third with boiled, unsweetened water, and given with a spoon.

At a nursing time the mother and baby should be in a quiet place, comfortable and relaxed, free from excitement or interruption. The mother should learn from the doctor or nurse how to hold the baby correctly. Except during the first few days, only one side should be given at a nursing, and this thoroughly emptied. This is one of the most essential conditions for maintaining a good supply. The baby's mouth should not be washed, but after a nursing he should be given a swallow of cool, boiled water to rinse out the mouth. Before and after each nursing, the mother should use a local application of saturated boric acid solution, applied with a piece of sterilized gauze, drying thoroughly with a clean towel. Between nursings a protecting double fold of sterilized gauze or surgeon's lint (changed should be worn. Precautions daily) should be taken against local pressure, chilling, or overheating. These simple hygienic measures will prevent sore mouth for the baby and unnecessary, though common, discomforts for the mother.

For the welfare of the baby it is usually desirable that he should be nursed at least nine months, and if possible, twelve. If the mother is not able to furnish sufficient nourishment, she should not stop any of the regular nursings, as this would further decrease her ability. Every drop of maternal milk is valuable for the baby. She should provide what she can and supplement this at two or three feedings with clean, simply modified cow's milk, following the advice of a physician.

Weaning should normally be done gradually, extending over a period of four to six weeks. Every effort should be made to avoid weaning during the hot weather, because of the greater hazards then to the baby's digestion. At first, one feeding should be substituted for a nursing, then others, one at a time, at intervals of a week, until the baby's digestion gradually adapts itself to other foods and the supply gradually disappears with least discomfort to the mother. Diminishing the liquids in the mother's diet, and administering a dose of salts for two or three days, will usually be effective in stopping the supply. By training the baby to take his daily water supply at first from a spoon, and, later, from a cup, the bottle habit need never be formed.

Editor's Note.—Simple rules for dealing with the baby's minor ailments will be sent to anyone on request, if a stamped, self-addressed envelope is enclosed. Address Mary L. Reed, Baby Welfare Department, McCall's Magazine.

YOUR TOWN



NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.







SOIL FOR THE SPRING GARDEN

[Continued from page 68]

from four to six inches deep—down to the "sub-soil" which is the layer of hard, uninviting-looking dirt that lies below the surface soil.

AFTER your garden has been plowed or spaded up, it will be in a rough and lumpy condition. The next step is to harrow it. If it is too small for horse-tools, go over it with the prong hoe and iron rake, or the rake attachment on your hand wheel-hoe, until it is pulverized as deep down as possible. It may be several weeks or even two months from this time before you will have finished planting, but it is best to go over the whole surface immediately after plowing or spading.

Pulverizing the soil accomplishes two things: it provides a surface which will soak up rain rapidly, and from which, on account of the soil mulch on the top, moisture will not rapidly evaporate; it gives the first crop of weed-seeds a chance to sprout. Whenever you plant after that, only a few minutes' work with an iron rake will be necessary.

As to the bacteriological condition of soil, it has long since been proved that the richness or fertility of any soil depends, to a great extent, upon the presence in it of large numbers of soil bacteria. One of the things which they require is plenty of vegetable matter. This may be supplied by adding manure to the soil; by turning under-sod or some other growing crop to decay in the soil; or by using commercial humus, which is now being used, to a large extent, as a partial substitute for manure.

If you buy commercial fertilizer, the best for your garden should contain four per cent. of nitrogen; eight per cent. of phosphoric acid; and ten per cent. of potash. This year, however, on account of the war, it will probably be impossible to obtain fertilizers with ten per cent. of potash. To make up this deficiency, if it exists for you, use wood ashes.

Most garden soils, especially those that have been used continuously for years, tend to become acid, or "sour," and many kinds of vegetables do not grow well in them. Your garden may be made sweet by the addition of lime. If you use plenty of wood ashes, that will be all that is necessary; but if you cannot secure these, get a bag or two of ground limestone, which costs very little, when you buy your fertilizer. The ground limestone is a fine white powder, which is clean and easy to handle, and has no disagreeable smell. You should use two or three times as much limestone as fertilizer; but it will not be necessary to use it oftener than once in three years, and it can be put on in the fall as well as in the spring.

To give the garden a good dressing of manure, such as market gardeners apply, from one-half to one cord will be required for a garden fifty feet by thirty feet. The earlier you can get it, the better, especially if you can have it stacked up in a square heap in one corner of the garden to ferment before you use it. If the frost is out, it can be spread directly on the ground, even if it will be some time before you have a chance to plow or spade it. If spread on the frozen ground, it will keep the frost in, and delay your getting an early start in the spring. manure should be spread as evenly as possible, before the plowing or spading is done. It should be turned under carefully, in order that no long straw or lumps remain on the surface to interfere with your planting or cultivating.

Fertilizers, humus, and lime should be applied after plowing or spading, but before the first raking and fining of the soil. If no manure is to be had, both humus and commercial fertilizers should be used in generous quantities. Together they take the place of manure, as one supplies the vegetable matter and the bacteria, and the other the plant food. More fertilizer will be needed with humus alone than with manure. In addition to a good dressing of manure, apply a high grade complete fertilizer at the rate of two pounds for each one hundred square feet of soil. For a thirty- by fifty-foot garden, this would be about thirty pounds. If no manure has been used, double this quantity will be none too much.

FOR each one hundred square feet of surface, use ten to twenty pounds of lime. If you have used wood ashes annually, on your garden, no lime will be needed. If you want to determine definitely for yourself whether or not your garden needs lime, get a few pieces of litmus paper at the druggist's; put some soil in a cup; add water until it is thoroughly moist; and then insert a strip of the litmus paper, covering it with the wet soil. If it gradually turns pink, lime is needed; if red, a heavy application of lime is desirable.

The raking and fining of your soil should be done immediately after it is plowed or spaded. A single windy day in March or April may evaporate from the soil enough water to be the equivalent of a good rain, whereas the soil mulch, formed by pulverizing and raking the soil, would have become dust-dry on the surface and acted as a blanket to keep in the moisture below. The longer you put off this work of fixing the soil, the more difficult it will be, for once the ground has hardened and become lumpy, your task will be doubled.



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Olsonite costs little, only 25 cents to restore the colors of a room-size rug or carpet. It is easy to use. Just brush over the surface of the rug, wipe off—that is all. It brings the colors back to their original beauty in a truly wonderful way.

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Your hair simply needs frequent and regular washing to keep it beautiful, but it cannot stand the harsh effect of ordinary soap. The free alkali, in ordinary soaps, soon dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle and ruins it. This is why discriminating women use

MULSIFIED COCOANUT OIL SHAMPOOING

This clear, pure, and entirely greaseless product, cannot possibly injure, and does not dry the scalp or make the hair brittle, no matter how often you use it.

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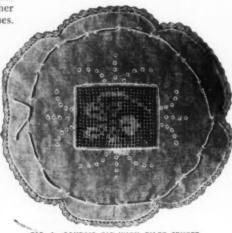
By LILLA B. N. WESTON

ILET lace with flower or animal motifs promises to be unusually who doesn't see to it that some bit of this work holds a distinct place among her boudoir dainties will be behind the times.

The hairpin bag is pretty enough to dress up one's bureau, or, if it hangs from popular this season, and the woman the wall by the ribbon inserted through its



-HAIRPIN BAG WITH FILET CENTER



WITH FILET CENTER

mothers, years and years ago, turned out some very beautiful patterns, but for some reason or other, it didn't really begin to be popular until this century. Now that the working of it has been perfected, however, it is being put to much larger use and done in more elaborate designs. For the beginner in this work, nothing could be more simple or effective to make than a boudoir cap (Fig. 2) with a violet motif worked in the center medallion (Fig. 4); or a hairpin bag (Fig. 1) with a cherryblossom motif in the medallion (Fig. 3). The first is made of a piece of pale violet-colored lawn

about 191/2 by 18 inches. The violet motif is worked in a deeper shade of violet and the cap is adjusted to the head-size with violet ribbon or cord. With a dainty negligee it makes an idea! combination that should appeal to every woman.

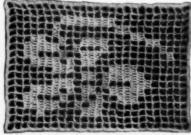
Filet crochet is not new. Our grand- rings, to add daintiness enough to complete the attractiveness of the boudoir. The bag is bound with one-inch pink ribbon, and in addition to its filet medallion is embroidered with eyelets. Both articles are extremely easy to work, and make acceptable gifts for family or friends at any season of the year. As soon as one has mastered the filet stitch, more elaborate articles can be made, such as handbags, baby bonnets, guest towels, doilies, and centerpieces; but for the beginner, the articles here illustrated will

> HERRY-BLOS SOM MOTIF FOR

Editor's Note.-Full directions for making the hairpin bag and the boudoir cap, illus-

prove more satisfactory.

trated on this page, including crochet directions for the filet medallion of each, will be sent you on receipt of ten cents sent in stamps to The McCall Company, McCall Building, 236-246 West 37th Street, New York, N. Y.



-VIOLET MOTIF FOR BOUDOIR CAP

This Big Institution

T ELL PAINT EEL Here is The Way to Money Freedom

Thousands of women are asking them-selves every day—"How can I earn some money?" They have a vital need for more moneyto meet the increased cost of living-to help support a family-pay off a mortgage or buy a home-to educate their children—to pay doctor's bills—there are many reasons why. We have answered this question for them and, in the past 22 years

We Have Helped More than 12,000 Women

They have founded growing and prosperous businesses and each month sees them making more money.

By our help one mother of two small children is banking \$50 each month after paying all

expenses.
Two sisters, over fifty, with no business train-

ing save ours, bought and paid for a home and ten acre chicken farm in three years.

An ex-school teacher, makes \$1800 a year. Ten church workers together made enough money to pay off the mortgage. Two California women are making a weekly average of \$50 apiece year after year.

World's Star Hosiery and Klean-Knit Underwear IN SANITARY PACKAGES

Women—today—appreciate the desirability and convenience of selecting the family garments in the privacy of their own homes. They value the saving in buying direct from the mill. World's Star Hosiery and Klean-Knit Underwear are sold in sealed germ—proof packages from the sanitary, well ventilated and modern World's Star Mills. Clean, wholesome Americans manufacture them, and when finished the garments are passed through a complete sterilizing process. Then they are placed in sanitary packages, sealed, and not touched by human hands until the seal is broken in the home.

The Same Success Awaits You

There is no question about this but it is necessary that you write and tell us what your worries are. Our Sales Instructor will explain fully this pleasant and profitable way of making money to take care of your needs. The same success awaits you as all other representatives who are now associated with us. We take all the risk and make it easy lor you to start right away.

Will You Make the Start?

Then—write today—and join the other appointees who are making money. We want representatives in every town in the United States to sell our goods. Somebody in your locality will represent us—so grasp this opportunity at once before some one else secures your exclusive territory.

We should be glad to send our beautiful colored catalogue illustrating and describing the complete lines we manufacture and show you how easy it is to become a World's Star money maker.

We protect our representatives in their territory and make prompt deliveries. Write today,



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How much time should I give to the work?

As much as you can, for every hour you give to the work will pay you well. Many devote their entire time to it. Their profits are from \$1,00 to \$6,00 an hour. If you want steady, independent income, give all your time. If you only want some extra money, give as much time as you can.

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If you are a red-blooded, vigorous American, yes. As the established local representative of the largest mills of their kind in the world, you will have a recognized standing. You will be admired and respected, and best of all, you will be

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have held a reputation as standard of the world for over 60 years.

No other corset maker has "been at it" so many years-no other has had such an accumulation of experience.

As there is a dress style suited to every figure, so there is a "Glove-Fitting" Corset suited to every style.

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The Standard for over forty years. Flesh, White, Pink, Cream. 50c. a box, of Drug-gists or by mail. Over two million boxes sold annually. Send 10c. for sample box.

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SOUR MILK RECEIPTS

By JANET LOUISE SPENCER

OLD-FASHIONED HERMITS. - Mix one and one-half cupfuls of brown sugar, onehalf cupful of molasses, one-half cupful of sour milk, one teaspoonful of soda, one-half cupful of butter or beef-drippings, two well beaten eggs, three cupfuls of flour, one cupful of chopped raisins, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, one teaspoonful of ground cloves, and a little grated nutmeg. When the batter is soft, drop from a spoon on a buttered and floured tin and bake in a moderate oven.

Brown Bread,-Mix two cupfuls of sour milk, one cupful of sweet milk, two and one-half cupfuls of Indian meal, one cupful of Graham flour, two-thirds of a cupful of molasses, one and one-half teaspoonfuls of soda, and one teaspoonful of salt. Stir well, and steam three hours in a buttered mold.

NUT BREAD .- Mix four tablespoonfuls, of melted butter, two eggs, three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, one cupful of sour milk, one cupful of molasses, one and onehalf cupfuls of white flour, one and onehalf cupfuls of Graham flour, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of soda, one cupful of raisins, and one cupful of chopped nut-meats. Bake one and onehalf hours in a slow oven.

SOUR MILK BISCUITS,-Mix together two cupfuls of flour, three tablespoonfuls of butter, one teaspoonful of salt, onehalf teaspoonful of soda, and one cupful of sour milk. Knead lightly on a floured board, roll to one-quarter of an inch in thickness, cut with a biscuit-cutter, place on a greased tin, and bake from twelve to fifteen minutes in a hot oven. This will make twelve biscuits.

GRIDDLE CAKES .- Mix two cupfuls of flour, one tablespoonful of melted butter, two cupfuls of sour milk, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of soda, one egg, and one tablespoonful of sugar. Drop by spoonfuls on a hot griddle greased with butter. Cook until browned, turn, and cook on the other side. Serve hot with butter or maple syrup.

PURITAN COOKIES.-Mix one teaspoonful of soda, one cupful of molasses, one cupful of sour milk, two teaspoonfuls of ginger, one teaspoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of beef-drippings, and flour enough to render the mixture of the right consistency to drop from a spoon. Chill the above mixture thoroughly. Roll a portion on a well floured board to onehalf inch in thickness, cut in shape, and bake, on a well greased and floured sheet, in a moderate oven until browned.

[Concluded on page 75]





With the sheer, transparent garment now in fashion, it is necessary to hav the skin entirely free from super fluous hairs, and that they be removed thoroughly without causing the least discoloration, irritation of discomfort. This is done in a very simple, quick and easy manner by offer. This is done in a vice, quick and easy manner oly dissolving them aw moisten the hairs to oved, with Sulfo Solution

It leaves no trace of its application, no spot, mark or redness
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It takes but a moment or two
your movements from the fear of many
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NEW 10c BOX FITS THE POCKET Regular Sizes 25c, 50c, \$1. At JOHN L BROWN & SON,

AGENTS-INCOME ASSURED Large Many



SOUR MILK RECEIPTS

[Continued from page 74]

Maple Sugar Cookies.—Mix together one egg, one cupful of white sugar, three tablespoonfuls of butter, one cupful of sour cream, one teaspoonful of soda, three tablespoonfuls of boiling water, and one-half teaspoonful of salt. Add enough flour to make of the right consistency to drop from a spoon. Grate maple sugar on each cooky and bake eight minutes in a moderate oven.

Doughnuts.—Mix one egg beaten very lightly, one cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of sour milk, one teaspoonful of butter, nutmeg to taste, one teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of hot lard, one teaspoonful of salt, and flour enough to make a soft dough. Fry in deep fat.

Monadnock Gingerbread.—Mix onehalf cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of molasses, one teaspoonful of salt, one cupful of sour cream, one teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of allspice, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one teaspoonful of ground cloves, one teaspoonful of ginger, one well beaten egg, and two cupfuls of flour. Bake in a square pan.

NUT LOAF.—Mix one-half cupful of brown sugar, one-fourth cupful of molasses, yolks of two eggs, one-half cupful of sour cream, one and one-fourth cupfuls of flour, three-fourths of a teaspoonful of soda, one-half teaspoonful of cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful of cloves, a little grated nutmeg, one-half cupful of raisins, seeded and chopped, one-fourth of a cupful of currants, one-fourth of a cupful of broken nut-meats, and three-fourths of a teaspoonful of baking-powder. Bake in a moderate oven.

SPICE CAKE.—Mix one and one-third cupfuls of brown sugar, two eggs, one cupful of sour cream, two cupfuls of flour, three teaspoonfuls of baking-powder, one-half teaspoonful of cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful of grated nutmeg. Beat well for three minutes with a wooden cake-spoon. Bake thirty-five or forty minutes in a well buttered and floured pan.

OUR MARCH COVER FOR FRAMING

OWING to the nature of our cover this month, it will be impossible to omit the McCall lettering. We believe that our March girl, however, will be so popular with you that you will want to add her to your McCall collection. We have had printed, ready for framing, a limited supply of the March cover, which you may have if you will send, at once, your name, address, and a remittance of five cents.

NewSpringStyles[][] Beautiful Catalog [][]





When You Order Cold Cream

You should be very careful to get the right kind—"The Kind That Keeps"—for your good appearance depends as much on your skin and complexion as on the clothes you wear. Modern skin hygiene requires the regular use of a good cleansing emollient cream—a cold cream—one that meets the natural and constant needs of the human skin. When you order cold cream, tell your dealer you want

Daggett & Ramsdell's PERFECT COLD CREAM

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For more than twenty-five years it has ministered to the daily toilet needs of American women. It has promoted womanly attractiveness and added to the beauty and happiness of thousands. To use it daily is to cultivate skin health: to encourage, develop and protect that greatest of charms—a perfect complexion. After shopping, motoring, golfing, any outdoor activity or a long day about the house, refresh your skin with D. & R. Perfect Cold Cream. Keeps fingers soft and smooth for sewing, embroidery, and fancy work.

Tubes 30c, 25c, 10c. Jars 35c, 50c, 85c, \$1.50.

Two Samples FREE

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Address Department 66

Daggett & Ramsdell





KEEPING AHEAD OF GRANDMA

By MONTANYE PERRY

ELL, here I am at Ferncroft, tucked away somewhere in the heart of the Catskills. I really have no definite idea where I am. I only know I've been here now almost four weeks, and I'm able to take long walks, and to drive and row, and to eat a scandalous amount. I've gained fifteen pounds! So, naturally, I have begun to think about things. I'm not exactly worrying. Aunt Mary is keeping house for Ken and the two youngest children; and

the two oldest have gone back to college, so I know the whole family are perfectly all right.

But what I want to know is, what's the reason for all this? Why should I need to come to a rest-cure? Why should all these women up here, none of them old, many of them very young, all with prosperous, good husbands, apparently, need a rest-cure?

I asked Ken what he thought about it, when he came up for the last week-end. "Why should I go to pieces so suddenly?" I demanded. "What does the doctor say?"

"He says you are like all American women of your class, doing too much and doing it in the most foolish possible way," he answered, with the tact which dis-

tinguishes husbands. Then, as I flared up a little, "Well, it isn't my diagnosis, you know, it's the doctor's.

"I can't account for it," he went on, after I had prodded him a little more—it's hard to get a good, long sentence out of Ken, to say nothing of a paragraph—"but I realize that with our four children there's a lot for you to do, even with Phyllis and Kenneth at college. They're always coming home, or sending for things; and it all makes work. Perhaps we could manage another maid, if we'd retrench a little on—on something else."

"Another maid! Oh, Ken, one is bad enough! Two would double my worries."

"Well, there you are! I'll confess I don't understand the way women manage their business. But I want you to have a fair chance, and I don't want you to be overworked. And, frankly, I don't see why you need be. Think what women used to do—there was grandmother!"

I leaned back, prepared to listen. If Ken ever approaches loquacity, it is on the subject of Grandma.

"You know my mother died, and Grandma took five of us to bring up, after



GRANDMA KNIT ALL OUR STOCKINGS, AND MADE GRANDFATHER'S FINE, WHITE

having raised eight of her own," he said. "She had a big house, and it was immaculate. She kept us fed up to the limit—never an empty cooky-jar—and she clothed us nicely and taught us our manners and our morals, too.

NOW think what all that meant in those days! That house had to be cleaned with brooms and scrubbing-brushes—no vacuum-cleaners for Grandma! All the hot water was heated on top of the kitchen range. The house was warmed by stoves, and lighted with oil lamps. Grandma made all our suits until we were in long

[Continued on page 77]



KEEPING AHEAD OF GRANDMA

[Continued from page 76]

trousers. She made the girls' dresses of any answer. What are all these things until they were old enough to do it themselves. She knit all our stockings, and made Grandfather's white, linen shirts.

There was milk and butter to care for, chickens to 'tend to, farm-hands to cook for, no delicatessen, nor even a bakery to help out in emergencies. She had one servant, and was the envy of most of her

then?" I asked, dazedly, still unconvinced. dle-cakes and sausages, probably, with

for, if they don't make life easier and simpler? And yet, would any sensible woman try to prove that my life is sim-pler than Grandma's was? Why, I have hundreds of things to do that Grandma never even heard of!

TAKE the meals, for example. When neighbors, who had none."

Grandma's family came down to break"But wasn't life different, simpler, fast, the meal was on the table, grid-

> coffee for the grown-ups and milk for the children, and a big plateful of doughnuts to finish off Each perwith. son had one plate, one knife, one fork, one spoon, one cup and saucer, or one tum-

We have a very simple breakfast: fruit first, of course; then cereals, eggs in some form, toast or muffins; coffee for Ken and me, chocolate for Kenneth and Phyllis, and milk for Robert and Joy. Nothing elaborate about that-but compare our stack of dishes to be washed with the modest pile that went from Grandma's breakfast table.

And when it comes to dinners! What would Grandma say to our soup-plates and fish-plates, dinnerplates, and saladplates, bread-and-

"Seems to me that it ought to be simbutter-plates, and dessert-plates, and r now. You have hardwood floors, service-plates? Yet we dine very simply. We seldom have both fish and roast, and we do not have dessert after salad, unless there is company, for, as a family, we

care little for sweets.

But that "unless there is company" brings up a whole new phase of my subject. How much company did Grandma have? Twice a year, she entertained the minister and his wife. Now and then, some relative came from a distance, and the neighbors were asked to "come to

[Continued on page 78]



GRANDMA NEVER ANSWERED THE 'PHONE AND HEARD: "I'M BRINGING A COUPLE

pler now. You have hardwood floors, set - tubs, vacuum - cleaners, electricity, steam-heat, running-water, every known device for simplifying your work. You buy a good deal of our clothing ready The bread comes from the bakery; the butter comes from the creamery; the clean linen comes from the laundry. What are all these labor-saving schemes for, if they don't make life easier and

I was thankful that the dinner bell rang just then. I couldn't seem to think



ality of the great soprano.

Mary Garden Perfume, Toilet Water, Sachet, Tal-cumand Face Powders, Rouge (Vanity Case), Massage, Cold and Greaseless Creams, Soap, Breath Tablets.

RIGAUD-Paris & New York





She remembered the agonies of the last dance. It kept her at home to coddle her touchy corns. She simply couldn't face the pain again.

How easy it would have been, what instant relief, if she had only known of Blue-jay. Bluejay stops pain instantly. And the miserable corn is gone, roots and all, in 48 hours.

New shoes-smart styles-have no rew snoes—smart styles—nave no terrors to Blue-jay users. These soothing plasters, inset with a medicinal wax, have ended millions upon millions of corns.

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Chicago and New York Makers of Surgical Dressings, etc.

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Makes the Complexion Beautiful SOFT AND VELVETY. back if not entirely pleased.

Nadine is pure and harmless. Adheres until washed off. Prevents surburn and return of discolorations. A million delighted users prove its value. Popular tints: Flesh, Pink, Brunette, White. 50c. by toilet counters or mail. Dept. M.

National Toilet Company, Paris, Tenn., U.S. A.





KEEPING AHEAD OF GRANDMA

[Continued from page 77]

tea," in honor of the visitor. Once during the winter, she entertained the Ladies' Aid. Perhaps the older children had an evening party, with "refreshments" passed around by the children themselves.

Folks simply couldn't get together in Grandma's day, as they do now. Why, our little week-end trips would have been long and important journeys then. Fancy Grandma's deciding, suddenly, at the breakfast table, that she would run into Boston that day and do some shopping, and stay in for the theater. Imagine one of Grandma's flock saying casually, "If you don't mind, Mother, I'll ask those two Simmons girls from Chicago to spend Sunday. Those three men from Duluth are coming home with Ken, you know, and we can have a nice little house-party."

Grandfather never demanded dinner parties "for business reasons." Grandma never answered the 'phone and heard, "I'm bringing a couple of men to dinner. Have it nice, will you, dear? I want to pull off a big deal with them." In fact, Grandma never had a 'phone at all. Think of all the nervous strain that saved her!

OH, of course, a 'phone is a great convenience, when the cream gets sour, or a water-pipe bursts. But think of having all your invitations come by letter, with plenty of time to decide whether you wish to accept, or how to decline. Now almost everything comes over the phone, and one has to decide many really important things "right off the bat," as Robert would say. Grandma had time to think things out and to decide sensibly.

No wonder she could knit the family stockings! What else did she have to do, in the long winter evenings? And think how long those home-made stockings would wear! I doubt if Grandma's whole family demolished more stockings in a year than Phyllis alone does.

"Why do you have her wear silk ones all the time?" Ken would ask-but no mother of a college girl would ask that question any more than she would ask, Why do you 'have' her wear pumps in the evening, and dress for dinner every night, and wear a perfectly fresh white waist each morning?"

I insist on my daughters' dressing very simply, but how would their wardrobes compare with those of Grandma's girls? And how would Grandma's own wardrobe compare with mine? Grandma's good black silk answered for every festive occasion and for church. What would Ken say if I put on a good black silk dress with high neck and long sleeves, when his partner invites us to dinner or to the theater? And if Grandpa's own wardrobe would look meager

[Concluded on page 79]



Walked On Knees Now Stands and Walks on Feet

Infantile Paralysis left Alice Boyles' limbs paralyzed and contracted at the knees. Spinal Curvature also developed. She could not stand, but got about on her knees. Six months' treatment at the McLain Sanitarium enabled her to stand and walk. Look at the pictures. Read what her mother says t "When I think that Alice used to walk on her knees, and now walks on her feet, I cannot thank you enough." MRS. A. BOYLES, Clarendon, Pa.

FOR CRIPPLED CHILDREN

This is a private institution devoted to the treatment of Infantile Paralysis, Club Feet, Spinal Diseases and Curvature, Hip Disease, Bow Legs, Wry Neck, etc. FREE—Our book, "Deformities and Paralysis"—also Book of References. Write.

The McLain Orthopedic Sanitarium

944 Aubert Ave.



for Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Croup, Asthma, Sore Throat, Coughs, Bronchitis, Colds, Catarrh.

d

Don't fail to use Creodene for the distressing, and often atal affections for which it is recommended.

It is a simple, safe, effective and drugless treatment. Vaporized Cresodene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough ind relieves Spanmodic Croup at once.

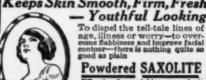
In asthma it shortens the attack and ensures comfortable repose. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor impired with every reath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and tops the cough, assuring restin lights.

Cresolene relieves the broachial complications of Scarlet lever and Measies and is a valuable aid in the treatment of lightheria.

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Try Creeciene Antiseptic Threat Tablets for the irritated threat, composed of slipper; elim bark, iteroice, sugar and Creeciene. They can't harm you. Of your Druggist or from us life in stamps, THE VAPO-CRESOLENE CO. 62 Certland St., New York or Lesming-Miles Building, Montreal, Canada

Keeps Skin Smooth, Firm, Fresh



Powdered SAXOLITE

Effective for wrinkles, crowsfeet, enlarged porce, etc., because it "tightens" and tones the skin and underlying tissue. No harm to tenderst skin. Get an onnee package, old with the simple directions—see what just one application will do. Sold at all drug stores.

NO JOKE TO BE DEAF

Every Doaf Person Knows That

I make mysell hear, after being doaf for 25 years, with



KEEPING AHEAD OF GRANDMA

[Continued from page 78]

compared with Ken's, how would it look compared with the glories of our college boy's outfit? My shopping must require more time than it took actually to make the few articles needed for Grandma's family; and isn't shopping far more nerveracking than sitting quietly down at home to knit or sew?

THERE!-at last I have found the real difference between Grandma's life and mine. Her life was balanced. She spent mental energy, nervous energy and physical energy in amounts which were well proportioned.

All the labor-saving devices which Grandma didn't have subtract from my physical labor; and yet, by doing my work for me so easily and quickly, they make it possible for me to add all sorts of new and intricate details to my daily life.

There lies the reason for the bewildering complexity of our modern life; we do things so easily and so rapidly that we have time for more and more and more things. In theory, modern methods of work give us time to rest; in practice, they give us time to invent new duties, and to do them.

Having found out, therefore, the difference between Grandma's problems and mine, what am I going to do about it?

I do not know, in detail. I realize that I cannot go back to Grandma's way. I must live in my own generation.

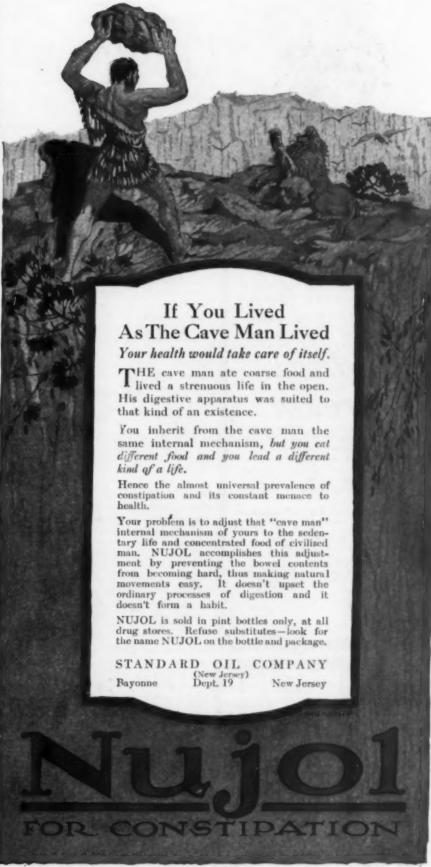
I must try to simplify my life by a process of elimination. I shall not try to find easier ways to do a thousand things, but try to reduce the thousand things to five hundred

For instance, I shall go through the house and remove every article that is useless. We have too many draperies, too many pictures, too many jars and jugs and vases. I shall give the discarded articles away. Our rooms will be prettier than they now are, and our daily dusting will be cut in half.

I shall belong to only one club, instead of to three. I shall serve on only two boards of management instead of on seven. Perhaps, by concentrating my energies, I may be of real use, somewhere.

There are a lot of other things simmering in my mind, which I haven't really worked out yet. Simpler meals, fewer dishes-even paper napkins, for breakfast and luncheon; crêpe underwear, which needs absolutely no ironing, for the whole family; crinkly seersucker housedresses and aprons and pajamas, too; and fewer social occasions for Robert and Joy-they really should be in bed early every night.

And I know that, though I shall try to do it in wiser fashion than before my ill-Grandma.



ness, I must continue to keep ahead of | Send for booklet, "THE RATIONAL TREATMENT OF CONSTIPATION," Write your name



makes the process easier and more agreable, for it does quickly soften the cuticle and prevent tenderness or irritation. Then it relieves those distressing hangnails, and if used daily the tendency will be overcome by the restoring influence of this healing emollient. Unsurpassed for chapping and windburn.

Let us send you free samples of Liquid and Cold Cream. Write now, enclose 2c stamp for postage. Selling everywhere, or postpaid by us on receipt of price. Hinds Cream in bottles, 50c; Hinds Cold Cream in tubes, 25c.

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A. S. HINDS 217 West Street Portland, Maine







Mother WHEEL THE

By FRANCES CHENEY DAWSON

biously and censured the undertaking as physical misfortune, could neither drive the car nor look after the machinery or general appearance of it; and they simply took it for granted that I, as housewife

and mother, had no time for such responsibilities. Fortunately, for our family, however, the neigh-bors' opinion carried no weight.

We talked it all over and decided that it was for the best good of us all to be out-of-doors a great deal, for Father to go to business more easily. for us to see more of our friends in dis-

tant parts of the city, and for the children to be with me as much as possible. was to be driver, caretaker, and general manageress of the whole undertaking.

People still ask how we have managed to afford a car when I do my own work and wear such unfashionable clothes, but that is easily answered. At the very start, we decided to give up Mary, our kitchenhelper, devoting her wages of \$20 a month and the cost of her food, \$10, to the purchase and up-keep of a machine. The car we chose was sold to us for about one-half down, and the remainder in monthly interest-bearing instalments, low enough for us to meet conveniently.

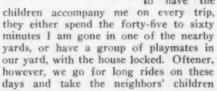
Of course, at the time we bought the car, the uppermost thought in my mind was the welfare of the children. Vacation was coming and time would hang heavily on their hands. If we bought a machine, I knew that we would be spending money to apply to something we could all enjoy. Brother was seven, Janet eight plus, and Peter almost ten.

"Are you willing," I asked them, "to help honestly with the housework if I let Mary go, so that we can have an auto-mobile?" They all assented joyously, and while I cannot fail to admit that there have been moments when their enthusiasm for dish-washing and tidying rooms has required bolstering up, on the whole, they

WO years ago, when we first decided have lived up to their promises splendidly. to buy an automobile, our friends Perhaps the most important feature of and neighbors shook their heads du- the new régime is the gain in willing and expert household service on the part of all foolish. Father, they knew, owing to a of them, the deliberate self-denial, the cessation of demands for small amounts of spending money, and the cooperation of the entire family.

Already two summer vacations have

been covered by our car ownership, and during the intervening winter, we have managed, by getting up a little earlier, to follow much of our summer - task program. leave the children at the school door on our way down - town. If, however, it is a Saturday or vacation day, and for some reason, I do not wish to have the



ABOUT twice a week, when I have driven Father down-town, I make a short détour and visit the public market, bringing my supplies home in the machine. Not only do we have a greater variety of fresh vegetables, fruits, and meats in this way, but I buy so much cheaper than at the local store, that, in one week, the difference almost pays for the gasoline. It would take me two hours and a half to go to market on the street cars and re-

turn, and I would have to carry my pro-

visions in a cumbersome basket.

As for the pleasure we have derived from our car, we cannot say enough. Instead of a cottage or hotel vacation, in the summer, we have had many week-end trips and all-day rides. Father has taken Saturdays in lieu of a longer holiday, and we have generally carried all supplies, so that the extra cost has been merely for a lodging at night. We have had many pleasant suppers, too, out-of-doors, dur-

[Continued on page 81]





MOTHER AT THE WHEEL

[Continued from page 80]

ing the summer, in the beautiful woods near us, which are just too far to reach comfortably by walking. In winter, our automobile has been especially appreciated on cold nights when we have driven in it to the theatre or opera, and so avoided having to stand on the cold street corners, waiting for a car. Taking all these things into consideration, it doesn't seem as if we could ever do without the car now.

"But," everyone asks me, "isn't the care of it and the management of the machinery terribly hard on you?" My answer is "NO." To be sure, as

in every other new task, one must become accustomed to the job, and set apart a time for doing it. Daily attention is the secret of prolonging the life of an automobile and saving repair bills. For instance, gasoline may be saved by the knowledge of several small points; and tire cost, we found, can be controlled in two ways, by avoiding experimentation over doubtful roads and by constantly inspecting the inflation. A minor cause of wear on tires is faulty alinement of the front wheels. This is adjusted, however, in a few minutes, by a competent mechanic. When tires are run too soft, without the proper pressure, the inner fabric cracks, and when a blow-out occurs, there is no satisfactory method of repair. The temptation to explore every fascinating by-path in the highway is intensely strong at first, but after one or two lessons, learned through sticking in mud or sand or bumping over washed-out country lanes, one keeps to the state roads with a thankful feeling for the mere privilege of traveling over them.

EVERY morning, I inspect the oil gauge and gasoline tank, fill the radiator with water, and oil the commutator. About once a week, I test all the tires with a pressure gauge, and oil the axle cups. "Free air" is always available down-town, and I never pump up the tires except under painful necessity. Changing a tire is a dirty job, but not half so difficult as it looks. Once a month or oftener, if we have made many long runs, we put grease in the transmission cups and differential. Some cars have electric lights, but ours has only kerosene lamps, which must be frequently filled. We wash and polish the body of the car as often as possible, and every day give it a quick rub to keep the varnish in good condition, the children

Learning to run the car is no harder than learning to use a typewriter or sewing-machine. Of course, at first, one has a timorous feeling that untold dangerous energy may be let loose by a false movement of the hand, but the sense of direc-

[Concluded on page 82]

Teeth Are Unclean and Unsafe with a Film

By Wm. M. Ruthrauff, A. B., A. M.

All Statements Approved by High Dental Authorities



Feel your teeth with your tongue, and find on them a slimy, albuminous film.

It is ever-present, despite your brushing. Between the teeth and in crevices it even remains untouched.

That is why well-cared-for teeth still discolor and decay. Why tartar forms. And why you must have frequent dental cleaning.

That film holds stains. It thickens and then hardens into tartar. There acids form which cause all tooth decay. And there the germs breed which cause pyorrhea.

The source of all tooth troubles lies in that film. And your pres-

ent methods of cleaning don't prevent them, as you know.

That film, being albuminous, calls for a digestant. Pepsin will dissolve it, as every dentist knows.

But pepsin must be activated by an acid. And the usual acid hydrochloric—destroys the tooth enamel.

That is why pepsin, until lately, could not have been safely used in the fight against that film.

Now a neutralized acid—an acid salt—has been found which will activate pepsin. It is not only harmless, but helpful, to the teeth. In fact, the teeth themselves are formed from this salt, which is present in the blood.

In PEPSODENT, this is used to activate the pepsin. Five governments already have granted patents on this effective combination. And three years of clinical tests have proved that it solves the film problem completely.

We ask you to quit, for one week, the methods you now employ. They are not efficient, as you know. You can feel that the film is there.

Let us send you—free—a One-Week Tube of PEPSODENT. Prove what it does. Learn what clean teeth mean. The results will seem like a daily dental cleaning.

Note how the teeth whiten—how the film disappears. That will forever convince you.

Write today for this One-Week Tube.

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The New-Day Dentifrice

THE PEPSODENT CO., Dept. 26, 1104 S. Wabash Avenue, CHICAGO







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HUMP HAIR PIN MFG. CO. Sol. H. Goldberg, Pres. . - Chicago



The Pullastic Co., 51 East 21st Street, New York





MOTHER AT THE WHEEL

[Continued from page 81]

tion and control comes quickly, and the eye soon learns to judge automatically whether an opening between vehicles is wide enough. No better road rules were ever made than "SAFETY FIRST" and "BETTER BE SAFE THAN SORRY." Personally, I never speed, and never take needless risks to gain a fraction of time. I yield the right of way rather than run a chance of collision. Naturally, I have my worries, and, like all careful chauffeurs, nearly have heart failure when children on roller skates loom up unexpectedly from around street corners; but, as long as there is no law to prevent their monopolizing the public thoroughfares, the only safe rule is to be ready to stop instantly, as one approaches them. The impudent boy who won't move, the deaf old veteran who does not hear your horn, and the bewildered country woman who flounders wildly in the middle of the crossing are all great nuisances from the motorist's point of view, but they cannot be ignored.

N the matter of keeping down the running expenses of our car, I have found that a record book is essential. By use of this, I can estimate the accurate cost of maintenance during the year. When a new tire is put on, I note the mileage shown by the speedometer, and am able to figure the cost per mile of that tire when I finally have to replace it. I know, too, exactly how much oil and gasoline I consume. From time to time, it is necessary to measure the miles one is getting out of a gallon of gasoline, in order to calculate the cost of a given drive. Since the rise in the price of gasoline, however, we have been more careful than we were at first. We coast down long hills with the power entirely off, and shut down the gasoline on every moderate slope. Through experience we have learned that braking with any gas on wastes gasoline and ruins the brakes, and that driving with a retarded spark means loss of power and, consequently, wasted gasoline. As a matter of fact, the spark should be advanced as far as it will go without causing a knock in the engine.

The tendency to accumulate carbon in the cylinders is unavoidable, and once in a thousand miles, this carbon should be removed, and the valves reseated. If one watches constantly the "exhaust" smoke, however, and cuts down the proportion of gas to air passing through the carbureter, unnecessary waste can be easily avoided. After all, it is these little precautions that count toward minimizing the necessary "auto" expenditures; and if the mother at the wheel remembers to be cautious, her motoring days may be made as economical as they are happy.





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CEDAR SCENTS

By IDA R. FARGO

THE breath of the hills and the cedars on them!"

I sniffed and shut my eyes and leaned back in Isabelle's sea-grass rocker.

"If I didn't know I was right up here in your very own little fourth-story room, Isabelle Gray, I would swear I was resting on a pine log in the old huckleberrypatch back of the barn," I went on. "Now confess, what incantations are you up to?"

Maybe my voice sounded a little wistful. I had been in the great city twelve months, and only once during all that while had my work allowed time for a long, lazy trolley trip to the country.

Isabelle looked at me sympathetically for a minute. "Do stop dreaming!" she rapped out briskly. "I won't have a homesick girl on my hands!" Then, transposing the old command, "Shut your mouth and open your eyes—and I'll tell you something to make you wise."

I opened my eyes, but there wasn't a thing to see except a big packing-box with the cover off, yet I detected the scent of cedar.

"What is it, and where?" I demanded, giving a homesick sniff or two. That penetrating, woodsy odor was wholly irresistible. But I felt sure it had something to do with one of Isabelle's many utilitarian purposes.

"Right here," she answered, "and it's a ten-cent bottle of oil of cedar. You see, I can't exactly afford a really-truly cedar chest, so I'm making one."

"Making one!" I sniffed; "I can well believe it, allowing my olfactory sense to be the judge."

I'M pouring the cedar oil along all the inside seams of my box," explained Isabelle, "filling every single tiny crack absolutely full of it. When I've finally lined my box with newspapers, lo! a moth-proof cedar chest will be the result. The odor penetrates the whole thing—and it costs—ten cents."

Isabelle sat back on her heels with a little satisfied air, and jammed the cork down tight into the empty bottle. "Also, it's a big improvement on moth-balls."

And Isabelle didn't know that, at that identical moment, I had my best finery airing, to rid it of a moth-ball atmosphere in time for a dinner party.

"Why didn't you tell me before?" I complained with mock severity.

"Goosie," said Isabelle, "why didn't you ask?"

And, truly, I wished I had. That's why I'm telling you before you ask. I don't want you to spoil a promising evening because your one-and-only gown has rested too close to your moth-ball bag—not when a fleeting, evanescent scent of cedar is next best to violets!





WOMAN, whose skin was not naturally beautiful, determined to find a perfect cream which would feed and beautify her complexion. For years she tried one after another. At last she tried Crême de Meridor and today her skin is the envy of all who look at her. She has made it young again—soft, fresh and glowing.

Write for a free sample or send 25c and your dealer's name for a complete Lazell Beauty Box, containing a delicately scented soap, toilet water, talcum powder, face powder and a miniature far of Creme de Meridor.

Dept. J-6, Newburgh-on-the-Hudson, New York Canadian Office: 53 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario





WHAT MAKES HEALTHY HAIR

COMMON-SENSE BEAUTY TALKS

By ANNETTE BEACON

PATTY ANN poked her head in the bedroom door.

"Oh, please, Miss Pennington," she began, addressing a figure in negligee, on the *chaise longue* by the sunny window, "I know it's hair-brushing time, and —mayn't I brush it?"

"Of course you may! You're a dear Pennington.

to propose it, for I don't like to brush my hair, the least bit. The only reason I give it all the conscientious brushings it gets is because I need the hair!"

"Oh, but your hair is so lovely!" sighed Patty Ann, lifting the loosened masses and getting her brush ready

for action.
"Y e s,"
s a id Miss
Pennington,
quite frankly, "it is!

But it ought to be. Once it was as thin, and ugly as you could possibly imagine."

"Oh, Miss Pennington!"
"Oh, Patty Ann! Quite truly!"

Patty Ann cast a surreptitious glance at her own slim reflection in the dressing-table mirror.

"Do you think," she said, hair-brush in air, "I could do things with my hair? It's so sort of towsly, and frumpy—and I comb out handfuls every morning!"

Miss Pennington sat up. "I've just been hop-

ing you'd let me get at you, Patty Ann.
You have so many possibilities!

LET'S compare hair in the mirror, and see what yours needs."

"Yours is so satiny," said Patty Ann, "and mine is so rough and dry."

"And I haven't any prickly ends sticking out, while yours bristles like a hedgehog—oh, a very good-looking hedgehog, for your hair is a lovely color, Patty Ann—chestnut, with beautiful red lights in it."

"Where?" queried Patty Ann, peering into the mirror.

"Nowhere, just now," answered Miss Pennington. "But after a good shampoo

-oh, I know how it will look!"

"You mean it isn't clean!" cried Patty Ann in horrified tones.

"When was your last shampoo?"

"Why—let me see—oh, the day Molly came home —no, I remember I didn't have time. Why, I guess it was for Betty's Christmas party!"

"Seven whole weeks ago-almost eight!"

"Why, I didn't think it was so long," blushed Patty Ann.

"Of course you didn't, but your hair is naturally

oily, and it needs to be w a s h e d every two weeks.

"Now, let your hair, down, and look in the mirror again. You haven't nearly enough, dear! Mine is almost twice as heavy. And yours is of uneven lengths, which makes it look ragged and untidy."

Patty Ann gazed with tragic eyes at her mircl

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rored picture, but Miss Pennington pulled her down on the couch, with a gay laugh. "Nothing to look unhappy about, Patty

Ann! Now, listen to me!"

"First, the shampoo. Just to be sure there isn't the least bit of dandruff left on your scalp—for dandruff often comes from not keeping the scalp perfectly

[Continued on page 85]



GETTING AFTER THE SPLIT ENDS



WHAT MAKES HEALTHY HAIR

[Continued from page 84]

clean—we'll give it an oiling to-night before to-morrow morning's shampoo. You come to my room at bedtime with a tiny cup of olive oil, and a fresh toothbrush.

"But, in the meantime, let's get at these split ends of yours. A hair won't grow after the end splits. Now, hand me the scissors from my sewing-basket—and watch!"

Miss Pennington brushed Patty Ann's hair smoothly, then holding it by the ends, twisted the mass until the result was a tight rope from which broken ends bris-



APPLYING OLIVE OIL WITH A TOOTH-BRUSH

tled in every direction. With the scissors, she ran over the surface of the rope, up and down and crosswise, and little split ends fell on all sides.

"There!" said Miss Pennington. "You

"There!" said Miss Pennington. "You can clip split ends for five minutes every night. You must get rid of them if your hair is to grow long, and lie smooth.

"Now, let me tell you some very important things. If you don't eat wholesome food, your arms get scrawny, your cheeks grow wan and haggard, your figure begins to look like—a string bean! It's just so with the hair. If it isn't nourished properly, it grows dry, loses its grip, as it were, and so falls out in handfuls. Whenever there's anything the matter with the hair, the whole body must be looked to. Now, you, Patty Ann, don't eat enough—of the right things. You eat too much candy between meals (which, by the way, accounts for that pimple on your chin), and so your appetite isn't healthy when you reach the table. Lots

[Continued on page 86]



Resinol Soap not only is delightfully cleansing and refreshing, but its daily use reduces the tendency to pimples, offsets many ill-effects of cosmetics, and gives Nature the chance she needs to make red, rough skins white and soft.

Hands protected by Resinol Soap rarely chap or roughen in cold weather. Used for the shampoo, Resinol Soap helps to keep the hair rich, glossy and free from dandruff. The soothing, restoring influence that makes these things possible is the Resinol medication which this soap contains, and which physicians have prescribed for over twenty years in the care of skin and scalp troubles. If the skin is really in bad condition through neglect or improper treatment, Resinol Soap should at first be aided by a little Resinol Ointment.

Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment are sold by all druggists and dealers in toilet goods. For trial size of each, free, write to Dept. 9-B, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Its extreme purity, its freedom from harsh, drying alkali, and its gentle medication adapt Resinoi Soap peculiarly to the cave of a baby's delicate skin.

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Look for the Trade Mark on Every Comb You Buy.

SMOOTH, STRONG | AND SANITARY

Made of Hard Rubber in a large variety of patterns and sizes to suit every member of the family, and retailed as low as 25 cents.

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Ferris

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Waists

Stylish Models for Misses

Gracefully and naturally develop the growing body into a more perfect figure

in later years.

Coutil or batiste, lightly boned and beautifully corded. Clasp or button front. With or without shoulder straps. Designed on the same principle of natural grace with perfect comfort as the Ferris Waists for women, which have satisfied

so many wearers for 35 years.

All Corset Waists are not Ferris Waists.
The popularity of the genuine Ferris
has caused many inferior imitations to
be sold as "Ferris" Waists. Get full value
by insisting on the garment with the Ferris
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SENSE

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If your dealer well not supply the genuine in the model
you select, send your order direct to us.

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Imparting to the skin a
softness and tint so much
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Price 75c.
LAIRDS BLOOM OF YOUTH CO.
82 CHIT Street N. Y. C.



WHAT MAKES HEALTHY HAIR

[Continued from page 85]

of good whole wheat bread and butter, soups, creamy milk, cereals, fruit, vegetables, simple desserts with or without cream, are what you should eat—and meat only once a day. But exercise you must have, because all the impurities of the body must be completely thrown off daily. Water will help here, so drink lots of it. And get nine hours' sleep, every night of your life, if possible—eight at the very least.

"Then, you have to keep the scalp stimulated, if it has grown sluggish—and dry, scanty, thinning hair means it has! The blood must be brought up to nourish the hair, and the little oil cells stimulated to do their work.

"Vigorous exercise helps here, of course, because it sends the blood coursing all through the body—but suppose we give your scalp a little extra attention.

SEE, I slip my finger-tips under your hair, and I press firmly against each side of the scalp. Now I move the skin back and forth. But you see I do not lift my fingers or let them rub across the hair -that is apt to break it. What I am trying to do is to loosen the scalp from the skull, so the flow of the blood will not be checked. Oh, here is an obstinate little spot! It won't move at all. That would soon mean a patch of dead dry hair. You must work on that every night, and indeed your whole scalp is obstinate. It takes effort to loosen it, and that's one big trouble with your hair. Every night you must manipulate your scalp in this way, moving the fingers about from place to place."

"O-O-h! my head feels so nice and warm and tingly!" said Patty Ann.

"Of course it does—the blood is getting to work! The next thing is to brush your hair daily. I do not brush mine at night—except to straighten out tangles and toss it about a bit before braiding loosely. But I'm tired at night, and I'd rather do my beautifying at other times. So, the middle of the morning, or some leisure hour in the afternoon, I loosen my hair and lie in the sun for fifteen minutes, shaking it out and letting air and sunlight freshen and sweeten it. When I can, I do this outdoors."

"Oh, but I couldn't!" interpolated Patty Ann. "Freckles!"

"I'd freckle, too, if I didn't take precautions, but I cut the crown out of a farmer's hat and slip my hair through the opening so it hangs loose and free, while the brim fits close down on my forehead and the back of my neck. That's the best way in the world to dry the hair in summer time, after a shampoo. Outdoor drying is so much better than indoor."

[Concluded on page 87]



The Handiest Thing On the Shelf

The Handy Oll Can, filled with the famous 3-in-One Oll, has 79 separate and distinct uses. It is indispensable to the efficient housewife.

A little 3-in-One on cheese-cloth makes a perfect dustless duster. A little on an ordinary, inexpensive floor mop turns it into a fine polish mop. A little more oils the sewing machine, the lawn mower, squeaky door hinges or locks that aren't working right. A little more prevents rust on bathroom fixtures, on the gas range and on any metal surface.

A little more—but space prohibits, and because it does, we have published the whole 79 uses in a booklet called the "5-in-One Dictionary." Write for it now and make your housework easier. Write also for

FREE sample of 3-in-One. A postal will do.
3-in-One is sold by all stores. In Handy Oil Cans, 25c. In bottles, 10c, 25c and 50c.

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WHAT MAKES HEALTHY HAIR

[Continued from page 86]

"But what about brushing?" ques-

tioned Patty Ann.

"I do that when I'm through with my daily sun-bath. One hundred strokes, with a fairly stiff brush, but wielded rather gently; for the object of brushing is not to take out tangles, but to spread the oil evenly over the hair and thus give it a gloss and prevent dry ends. And I brush up from the neck, up from about the ears, but not up from my forehead, because mine is rather high. Here I part the hair and brush down from each side of the part. And I brush out and up at the ends, to toss the hair a little."

"Should I use a tonic?" queried Patty Ann, importantly, gazing again into the

mirror.

"The object of a tonic is to stimulate the scalp, and bring the blood to the surface. Anything which does that will help your hair, unless it has qualities which dry up the oil. Ointments are good rubbed into a dry scalp every few nights—just a tiny bit on the tips of the fingers, applied by massage in the manner I've been showing you. They help to keep the hair from looking dry, but should not be used for oily or healthy hair.

"But that's enough of hair till to-night,

Patty Ann!"

When bedtime came, Patty stole into Miss Pennington's room in kimono and slippers, with her toothbrush and oil.

"It's very simple," said Miss Penning-"First we part your hair from forehead to the nape of the neck. Then we dip the toothbrush in the oil, and lift it quickly before the oil all flows off. Down the part we trail it, brushing the scalp, oh, very gently, as we go, yet thoroughly. Then, just a bit to the left we make a new part and do it again. And so, Patty Ann, we shall go over every inch of it. And there on the dresser is my smartest bathing cap for you to slip on afterward, or your pillows would suffer grievously. You could pin two towels around your head, just as well, but the rubber cap looks prettier, that's all.

"And to-morrow I'll show you not only how to shampoo your hair, but how to make the simplest, most healthful shampoo mixture. And we'll have another beauty talk at hair-brushing time—

shall we?"

"Oh, Miss Pennington!" cried Patty Ann, "you're a dear!"

Editor's Note. — Miss Pennigton's formula for shampoo mixture, and some "do's and don't's" for all kinds of hair will be mailed to any reader addressing Miss Beacon, care of McCall's Magazine, McCall Building, 236-237 West 37th St., New York, N. Y., and inclosing stamped, self-addressed envelope.







Free on Request

You surely should know the wonderful merits of Eskay's Food for your baby—how it nourishes, strengthens and develops—how closely it approximates mother's milk. Thousands of healthy, robust children owe their very lives to the use of

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And it is so economical! Sold by all dealers in four sizes—35c, 65c, \$1 and \$3.25. Eskay's Food costs only 12c per day!

We want you to have this large trial can, and our helpful book, "How to Care for the Baby." Just fill in the coupon and send to us. Book and free sample will be sent you promptly. Write today! Now!

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	Send me large sample can of Eskay's Food and book, "How to Care for the Baby," both postpaid and with- out charge.
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	Address
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THE THORNY PATH

[Continued from page 29]

Gradually, I stopped leaving callingcards because it seemed a wasteful, silly performance. Then I made no return calls unless I was interested in the individual. It seemed to be only honest to call on someone because you wanted to, not because they had called on you. I took off my corsets because they had always annoyed me. This necessitated new dresses designed along comfortable, attractive lines. And I sent out no formal invitations worded after the absurd manner, "Mrs. X. requests the pleasure," and so on, but wrote my own friendly notes. In other words, I paid no attention to what had been set down as "correct," and "according to the best social etiquette," or to any fashion whatever.

I happen to live in a fairly good-sized town where most of the people are well enough off to be ambitious to do things nicely. This desire had grown into a slavish following of rules of etiquette and to'a snobbish following of things the very rich do. There are many towns just like ours. The doings of rich people formed a continual topic of conversation. I stopped reading and talking about such people, and instead gave that time to things more worth while. Before very long I discovered that I had an interest in people, if not in society people, and I got to reading something about industrial conditions, factory work, and hours and wages and the great changes that have come in these things during the past few years. I mention this because it led to a small triumph for me. At the same club which so ruthlessly criticised me for discarding my wedding-ring, a woman high in clubdom was called to lecture. I talked with her, both before and after the lecture, about my new interests. And during the course of the social time that followed she said:

"If I may not be thought presumptuous, I would suggest that you are fortunate in having among you a woman of rare independence of thought. She is also unusually well informed. I want you, if possible, to join with me in the work that I have described. May I suggest that Mrs. B— would be an excellent

leader?

I was not present when this speech was made, but Mabel was, and she told me that after that a more thunderstruck lot of women she had never seen. For the past six months I had been regarded as somewhat outside the pale of good taste and to hear me praised by a celebrity was a shock. Afterward, several of the women questioned the lecturer as to my "independence" of thought and received new shocks, as the lady admired my discarding conventions and clothes and jewelry I deemed unimportant and unnecessary. They made me a leader in the new

work, and after that I was yielded, very reluctantly, a kind of wondering admiration. That was but human, since to admire what I did made a reflection on their own acts necessary. It was and has been my one triumph. Not any one of the women has any real sympathy with me, not even Mabel, although I do not mind that so much now as I did.

Do not think that I continued to hunt for habits which I might change, after my first six months of experimenting. It was an arduous process and took too much time. After that, I waited until something came along which, though according to custom, annoyed me to death, and then I did as I pleased. Not long ago, I had a rather painful experience. Funerals in our town are elaborate affairs. I have always disapproved of funeral displays. It has always seemed to me that after the spirit has left the body, no one should see it, and that as soon as possible it should be destroyed. This is merely a personal opinion, and I expect no one to

It happened that one of our leading citizens died, and the funeral arranged was most ornate, with a band procession, children marching, a choir singing, and other ceremonies. When I thought of going to such an affair, my whole being revolted. And I did not go. I wrote to the bereaved relatives, and stayed away. I did not explain my absence, but, as before, the townspeople plied me with questions. There was no way out of it; so I gave my opinion. The family of the deceased person, hearing of this, was so offended that no member of it has spoken to me since. This is but one of the many incidents which make the path of doing as you please, thorny, indeed. And then the path is thorny because it is so solitary. There are few that travel it, because it demands a good deal of thought and courage. Why, even now, when I have been on it for some years, I find myself wondering what I am going to do next to arouse comment, and although I have learned to laugh about it, I don't like it

particularly.

The townspeople have come to regard me as a kind of freak from whom a certain amount of entertainment may be expected every year. I don't like that. No woman likes to be considered a freak, Also, it is not wholly enjoyable to know that Mabel and Mark, while somewhat reconciled to my new peculiarities, feel apologetic for me. Fortunately, my husband does not. He has stood by me, perhaps with a good deal of amusement, but certainly with increasing respect for my stand; and this has been a very sweet drop in a bitter draft. The other drop

[Concluded on page 97]

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TEN DOLLARS WEEKLY

By ETHEL BAKER

HEN it became necessary for me to earn pin-money without leaving home, I at once decided that I should have to earn it with my needle, as I was not skilled in any other household accomplishment.

While I was wondering how to proceed, a friend accidentally solved my problem. Finding me making a dainty slip for my baby, she remarked that she was to attend a baby-shower the following day, and as she had no time to make an article for contribution, she offered to pay me to make a slip exactly like the one on which I was working.

I made it at a cost of forty-five cents; the material, one and one-half yards of linen, costing thirty-five cents; and the incidentals, consisting of three-quarters of a yard of narrow ribbon, three-quarters of a yard of beading, and embroidery cotton, costing ten cents.

I feather-stitched the hem of the skirt and shoulder seams and crocheted a plain edge around the neck and sleeves instead of buttonholing them. The crocheted finish was easiest to do, as it required no stamping.

My friend paid me seventy-five cents for the garment and suggested that I make more of them, selling through the Woman's Exchange. I followed her advice, and during the first week I had orders for twelve slips, which gave me a profit of \$3.75, after paying the commission at the Exchange. I bought the material for the slips by the bolt, saving quite a little in that way.

In two months, I had earned \$32. Then, as the demand for slips began to decline, I sent notes to several mothers in our vicinity, stating that I was prepared to make to order any baby's garment and to remodel baby clothes. I also added that I had for sale a supply of articles for gift purposes, such as hand-made bibs, embroidered talcum-box covers, bonnets, and sacques.

The response to my announcement was very gratifying. I have since set up a Baby Shop in my parlor, calling it Baby's Wardrobe. I devote about six hours a day to work, and as it requires no special equipment beyond a small second-hand show-case to hold the bonnets and other embroidered articles which I keep as samples, my profits now amount to nearly ten dollars weekly.

This work is so simple that any woman can do it, and if there is no Exchange in her town, she can start her first soliciting by writing notes to mothers who, she thinks, would be interested, or later by sending out printed cards to the club members in her community, whose names she can get from club membership lists.



All Foods Are There

16 Elements in Quaker Oats

Nature makes many foods, some rich in one element, some in another.

But in the oat she combines them all, in just the right proportions.

There are 16 elements in oats. Here science finds the perfectly-balanced food. One could live on oats alone, plus the fat in milk.

Here Nature stores a wealth of vim-food, to energize the user. And here she lavishes exquisite flavor to delight.

So the oat is to people like honey to the bee. Like the nut to the squirrel. It is all-in-all.

Quaker Oats

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We get Nature's choicest oats, then discard two-thirds. That toget the queen oats only, rich in flavor and aroma.

Those big, plump grains—and those alone—are flaked for Quaker Oats.

That's the reason for this luscious flavor which has won the world to

Quaker. It is known to people of every clime.

In cottage and palace, all the world over, this is the favorite brand. Yet asking for it brings it to you without extra price. Don't miss this premier dish.

10c and 25c per package Except in Far West and South

An Aluminum Cooker for \$1.00

Made to our order, extra large and heavy, to cook Quaker Oats in the ideal way. Send us our trademarks—the picture of the Quaker—cut from the fronts of five Quaker Oats packages, or an affidavit showing the purchase of five packages of Quaker Oats. Send \$1.00 with the trademarks or affidavit, and this ideal cooker will be sent to you by parcel post prepaid. We require the trademarks or affidavit as assurance that you are a user of Quaker Oats. The trademarks have no redemption value. This offer applies to United States and Canada We supply only one cooker to a family.

Address the Quaker Oats Co., 1708 Railway Exchange, Chicago



"Joy o' Life" Lady Duff Gordon Model No. 43 A 205—\$35.00

"Garden of Roses" Lady Duff Gordon Model No. 43A 125—\$23.50

"My Dearest"
Lady Duff-Gordon Model No. 48A 130—\$32.50





Original New Designs

By Lady Duff-Gordon

FROM THE SPRING AND SUMMER PORTFOLIO

HEN Spring Comes Dancing over the Little Hills' then my thoughts run away from indoor things and I want to make dresses that look like the flowers, and the sunshine, and the green fields, and the blue sky. I want my girls and my girl-women to be like a garden of glowing blossoms—a blue forget-me-not, a pink rose, a yellow cowslip—so I've brought these to you today, with the warm fragrant heart of summer embodied in each one. They're a joyous little nosegay, gathered from the big garden which the Sears, Roebuck people call their "Portfolio of Lady Duff-Gordon's Original Designs for Spring and Summer" and I'm proud to tell you about it.

The little dresses which I've made for you—"all right out of my heart"—they've taken and pictured so perfectly in a beautiful book which they've made more interesting than a story book could possibly be. The cover illustrates my own whimsical notion. "When Spring Comes Dancing over the Little Hills," and inside the book, beautiful paintings show you, even to the very colors, how some of my little dresses look. It is a glorious book. I want every woman in America to have one and accept it as my greeting to her for the new season.

Spring is just about to unpack her gorgeous wardrobe before our envious eyes but—Möther Nature is not to be the only lady with lovely clothes this season. I've made other plans for you all in this book of mine.

Kady Duff graden

The three exquisite frocks shown here are from the Spring and Summer Portfolio of Lady Duff-Gordon's Original Designs, ready March First. A copy will be mailed free and postpaid to any part of the United States upon receipt of the attached coupon properly filled in.

The Portfolio contains Morning, Afternoon and Evening Frocks, Street Suits and Sport Suits, Separate Blouses and Separate Skirts Millinery and Corsets—correct dress for all Spring and Summer occasions for misses and women with several special models for stout figures. All are original Lady Duff-Gordon Designs. No single garment or article is priced above Forty-five Dollars, Many of them are much less. If your copy has not been previously reserved, we suggest that you send the attached coupon to our Chicago office at once to avoid unnecessary delay.

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Please send me, without charge, Lady Duff-Gordon's Spring and Summer Portfolio ready March First.

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"Vaseline" Jelly, with gum camphor, combines two powerful healing agents into a valuable ointment for your skin.

Sold in tin boxes and tubes at drug and department stores everywhere. Avoid substitutes.

New illustrated booklet free on request.

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Camphor Ice

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grance as lasting and delicate. Does not rub off. Money back if not satisfied.
All toilet counters. Sample mailed free.

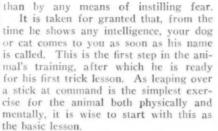


TRAINING YOUR PETS

By F. H. SWEET

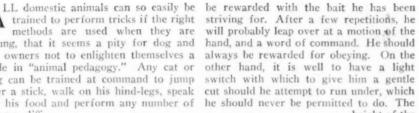
trained to perform tricks if the right methods are used when they are young, that it seems a pity for dog and cat owners not to enlighten themselves a little in "animal pedagogy." Any cat or dog can be trained at command to jump over a stick, walk on his hind-legs, speak for his food and perform any number of

more difficult feats. The successful performance of tricks, however, depends much more upon the owner's patience than on the pet's intelligence. Also. you must realize that more can be obtained by kindness



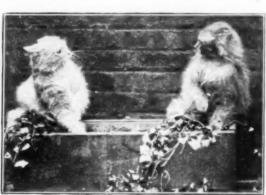
Procure a pole about three feet long, and place this across two supports just high enough to prevent the animal from the dog to skip rope quite creditably.

stepping over it. Take your position on one side of this pole (the side opposite the animal) with a small piece of meat or biscuit. Induce the animal to approach the pole as near as possible, and then hold the tempting morsel near his nose, but a little in front of it. Now, with a sudden movement, extend your hand beyond the barrier, calling "Hip!" or some other quick exclamation. Eager to get the tempting morsel, he will leap over. This proceeding should be repeated a number of times. after which he should



height of the barrier may be increased gradually from day to day.

Later, a large hoop may be substituted for the pole, and the size of this gradually lessened until it is scarcely larger than the animal's body. After



WHEN ROGUES FALL OUT

a while, he has only to see the hoop, and he will jump through it.

OU can teach a dog to jump rope, by tying one end of the rope to a post and holding the other in your hand. Let the dog jump over the rope several times, at the word of command, and then begin to move the rope slightly. At the proper moment (which you must calculate), give the word of command, and the animal will leap over the rope. By gradually increasing the impetus, you may soon teach

> As to training him to walk on his hindlegs, the best method is to hold a small piece of meat just above the dog's nose, saying at the same time, "Up, up!" and holding it always just above his nose until he is standing on his hind-legs. If the dog attempts to jump or strike the food with his paw, give him a gentle cut with the switch and start again. After he has reached the upright position. let him remain there a moment or two; then give him the morsel. Do not keep him too long in this [Concluded on page 93]



When answering ads, mention McCALL'S



TRAINING YOUR PETS

[Continued from page 92]

position, especially at first, as it is a very trying one for an animal to maintain. He should always be rewarded after he has stood erect successfully, in this manner. Keep rewarding the animal with little pieces of food when he succeeds, and after a week or so, he will be able to walk about on his hind-legs.

Walking on his hind-legs is only a preliminary to walking on his fore-legs. This, however, is a very striking and professional stunt which should be regarded as

a mark of rapid progress.

To teach this trick, provide yourself with a switch about twenty inches in length, and moderately stout. This switch, held in your right hand, you place under the dog's belly, and while you lift up his hind-quarters with it, you place your left hand on his head to keep him from moving away, and to make him retain his reversed position. As the dog rises into position, the switch should be gradually carried along until it supports his hindfeet. This is the process for the first few lessons, until the dog understands what is wanted; after that it is better merely to tap his ankles from in front with your switch, giving, at the same time, whatever order you have accustomed him to in teaching the trick. He will eventually take the position without any help or encouragement from the stick.

When this trick is thoroughly mastered, the walking part may be easily added. Take your position a little in front of your pupil, when he is in the upsidedown position, and encourage him to come to you. At the same time, you must keep your switch handy near his toes, which you should tap whenever he shows any signs of placing them on the ground. Later he may be able to walk quite a dis-

tance.

To teach a dog to "play dead," it is only necessary to make him lie down on his side, and, by threatening him with your forefinger, keep him from changing his position. Then, at a special word of command, he can be taught to jump up,

wagging his tail.

Cats are especially adapted to certain tricks, because of their sureness of foot. Walking the tight-rope may become an easy feat for them if they are taught when young. You must remember, however, that cats have not, as a rule, as much intelligence as dogs, and they require more care and training. They may be taught, however, to climb poles, jump through hoops, ring bells (by pulling a ribbon), turn the handle of a music-box, and many other simple but amusing tricks, if only patience is exercised. It is well to remember that they are passionately fond of fish, and they will do almost anything to obtain a piece as a reward.



Both actresses and society women find nothing so perfect for hair cleansing as

CANTHROX

The natural beauty and fluffiness of the hair is brought out to its best advantage when you use Canthrox, the daintily perfumed scalp stimulating hair cleanser which has been the favorite for years because it immediately removes from the hair all dirt and excess oil, and in addition to its cleaning properties is known to have a beneficial effect upon both hair and scalp. If troubled with dandruff, the first shampoo removes most of it and after each succeeding shampoo you find the flakes smaller and fewer until they disappear.

15 Exhilarating Shampoos for 50c at Your Druggist's

This is about three cents a shampoo. No good hair wash costs less; none is more easily used. Just dissolve a teaspoonful of Canthrox in a cup of hot water and your shampoo is ready.

Free Trial Offer To prove that Canthrox is the most pleasant, the most simple, in all ways the most effective hair wash, we will gladly send one perfect shampoo free to any address.

H. S. PETERSON & CO., 212 W. Kinzie St., Dept. 14, Chicago, Illinois







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million other customers find it profitable to deal the in Factory-to-Family way. Let us show you how our saves you much mosey on these sweet found instruments how every obtacle to a purchaser is removed by our exity easy monthly payment plan. From the moment you your first payment until the last, the Larkin offer provided in the profit of the profit





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PURCHASING FOR THE HOME

By MARION McCREA

BACHELOR friend of our family, who is purchasing agent for a large firm in Chicago, gave me an idea recently that has done more than any other to make me an efficient home manager.

During a visit at my home, he took the liberty of criticising my lighting arrangements, asking if I were aware that my living-room could be lighted far more pleasingly, at two-thirds the expense, by the use of a trade-marked equipment which had been placed on the market within the year. He mentioned the name, and I remembered that I had seen it advertised.

"If you had made a businesslike use of that advertisement, you would now be enjoying decreased lighting bills, a more artistic home, and greater eye comfort," he explained, and went on to tell me that he considered it one of the most important parts of his work as purchasing agent to read every advertisement in the leading trade journal of his line. That set me to thinking, and, suddenly, a new idea seized me.

"I'm a purchasing agent myself," I nounced proudly. "My line is home announced proudly. management-on thirty-five hundred a year. I have a trade journal, too," and I produced the home magazine to which we had subscribed for years. He smiled at this. "Get me the latest

copy, then," he offered, "and I'll show you how to use it as an up-to-date buying directory."

As a result of the little lesson which ensued, I have formed the habit of going over my magazine in a businesslike way, each month, taking in the gist of each advertisement. I never sit down to this interesting little duty without having at hand post-cards and my fountain pen, so that I won't lazily put off sending inquiries on interesting advertisements.

MAKE shopping list notations to visit stores in which I can inspect interestingly advertised goods. I have found that I secure the best and quickest attention from salespeople by immediately mentioning a magazine advertisement. I am satisfied that I recently bought the best refrigerator to be had in Chicago, or anywhere else, for the money. When shopping for it, I clipped several of the advertisements from my magazine and used them in examining and asking questions about the different makes.

My friend had told me that, for reference purposes, many purchasing agents keep files and card indexes of advertisements and advertising literature clipped from their trade journals. 'My little advertisement file began as a boxful of

[Concluded on page 95]



WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Atlanta, Ga. (Received \$70.00)

A Plan to Raise Money For Your Church or Your School or Your Society

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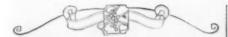
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PURCHASING FOR THE HOME

[Continued from page 94]

cheap envelopes with titles scribbled on them; but it has since developed into a simple letter-filing box. I now have clippings, booklets, and circulars, under heads ranging from "Switches"—to be referred to when I next have need of a new hair switch—to "Ornamental Brick"—against the time when we build our new home.

In a little more than a year my magazine's advertisements have enabled me to dress myself and my children better, and to enjoy more table and other home luxuries than my income ever purchased before.

I have discovered several up-to-date comforts for baby, of which I blush to think I had ever permitted myself to remain ignorant. I have increased my maid's efficiency and good-will to a most noticeable degree, and materially improved the appearance of my home, by installing several comparatively inexpensive household conveniences which neither she nor I had ever tried before.

My collection of receipt books, sent free on request by the magazine's advertisers, is the most up-to-date possible supplement to my big standard cook-book; they are filled with suggestions for interesting new dishes, and help wonderfully in menu-planning.

Speaking from my own experience in the businesslike use of magazine advertising, this is my summed-up advice to home managers:

Give every advertisement at least a glance—it has an interesting idea for women in it, or it wouldn't be there. Have post-cards and a memorandum pad handy while you're doing it, and file away every advertisement—as well as booklets and other "literature" received by writing inquiries to advertisers—in some such way as to have them conveniently at hand for shopping and reference use.

OUR TWO COLOR INSERTS FOR FRAMING

In this number, on page 19, you have the first of our series of reproductions of world masterpieces and another color insert on page 20, illustrating Bourdillon's poem. Of course you will want to begin framing the masterpiece series from the start, and as the illustration of the poem is too exquisite not to share a place on your walls along with "Gossip," we have had an extra supply of each reproduction printed, separately, ready for framing, which you may have if you will send, at once, your name, address, and a remittance of ten cents for both or five cents for one of them.



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lt burns oil, gasoline or distillate. This makes it doubly safe and doubly convenient. It handles even the low grades of these fuels, satisfactorily.

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SMART ECONOMY

By MAUD ROBINSON TOOMBS

She was not a rich woman; she was not even one of my customers, but -she understood what to do without," announced a famous dressmaker, well known in the élite circle of a big Eastern city.

economy solved in a few words! Any one can dress well on a lot of money. and badly on a little; but to economize cleverly means guessing right about what you don't want.

For instance, chiffon and shadow lace waist may charm you by its daintiness, until you stop to think what a string it will be after washing, or how you will have to pay "rent" on it, as long as it lasts, in the shape of cleaner's bills. blouse of Georgette crêpe, on the other hand, is quite as dressy, and you may laun-

A rough-weave coat is not economy for the woman who can afford only one winter garment. It may be inexpensive, in the first place; but it is not proper to wear in the evening, or over dressy gowns in the afternoon; and, of course, if a rough weave is not practical, a colored coat is even worse. If you feel you

cannot afford silk or velvet, a smoothfinished black cloth is the thing.

The woman with a small income should never buy a silk or velvet tailor-made suit. These cannot be worn the year round like a medium-weight wool, and the following season, they are not suitable for second best, or even rainy-day wear. The yearround proposition applies to one's dressy gowns still more.

"I cannot afford muslins and linens just for summer wear," remarked a friend, who manages admirably on very little. "The one exception to my rule is when they are made up very simply for morning use. Even then, a simple dark

HE best dressed woman I ever knew? blue wash-silk, with white collars and cuffs, will keep clean longer, will require almost no pressing, and will wear twice as long as it will be all right for the following winter. For the same reason, I have my dressy gowns of voile, crêpe de Chine, washable satin, and Georgette And there you have the riddle of smart crêpe, when I wish them in pale colors.

These materials are suitable for all four seasons, and-another economical point-they launder perfectly, are rich enough so that they need no trimming, and can be made out of a few yards in the simplest manner.

Dry cleaner's bills work havoc with the average woman's purse. When buying white kid gloves, or white kid shoes, it is wise to ascertain whether they are of the washable variety.

Hats are the hardest obstacles in the way of economy, for

der it as often as you deem necessary. styles change so! Nevertheless, you will notice that the medium-shaped sailor is always worn; and a sailor of taffeta or satin that is not freakish should be adopted in preference to a straw or velvet to wear with one's best gown, particularly when the dress receives comparatively little wear, and the hat, because it matches, is seldom taken out of its box.

NOW take the matter of a simple blue serge gown-just a little tailored affair, bound with braid-can anything be smarter? It is suitable for almost every kind of weather because you have your sleeves on a separate net lining; and there are two pairs, one of the material itself, the other of thin Georgette crêpe. This is a frock you may wear to work, to church, to the theater, and when calling or traveling. It is a wonderful invest-

When buying furs, choose your neckpiece with a view to its appearance over

[Concluded on page 97]



SMARTNESS ATHIEVED THROUGH SIMPLICITY



SMART ECOMONY

[Continued from page 96]

thin dresses. No, the summer fur idea is not ridiculous; it is very practical. It saves buying a summer shoulder-wrap or coat. A smart stole of seal is inexpensive, does not need cleaning like the lighter furs, and will look well with all colors and on all occasions.

If you are practising smart economy, you simply cannot afford clothes for one occasion only, and you must be strong-minded enough to forego all the fluffy extras, the chiffons that rumple and do up badly, the freak belts and ties and scarfs. You have no money to waste on needless accessories. If you do, you will have to go shoddy on the essential things, which, in order to keep their shape and color under hard wear, must be of the first quality.

So make your belts of your dress material, and learn to do your hair snugly without a veil; but never economize on the material of your tailor-made suit, on a shoe shine, or a visit to the cobbler's to have your heels straightened. The reward for smart economy will be that, as you swing down the street, well groomed and smart-looking in your plain, well-cut, all-the-year-round dress or suit, those who see you cannot help thinking: "There goes a well-dressed woman!"

THE THORNY PATH

[Continued from page 88]

of sweetness has been in the knowledge, as I go on, that I am in the right; that never will women or men achieve any kind of freedom of action until they reserve for themselves the decision as to how they shall execute the niceties of life, as well as the moralities.

"Mother," said Mabel, after an interview in which she had been begging me to wear a cloth suit on a hot day because the affair was a formal one, and I had declined in favor of white dimity (you see, I still have to wage my battles), "Mother, I don't know whether you are like a washerwoman or a duchess. They both do exactly as they like, regardless of appearances."

"I'm like neither," I said. "I'm a middle-class woman, freed from the shackles of convention. By the time you are my age there will be thousands of women like me." That is true. Although I am but one progressive in our little world, there are other women fighting the same battle, and because of us, the next generation of women will have still more.







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SIXTEEN

[Continued from page 10]

habits, their starchy guests, their serviceable attire; wondered how she was going to put up with them all summer. Let them not attempt, however, to interfere with the understanding she was determined to establish between Drusilla and herself!

Esther, Anne's second daughter, arrived just after dinner, but Anne was busy helping Dru to dress and had scarcely time to greet her. She thought Esther looked ridiculously self-complacent. raise in salary, she supposed. It took little to please some people.

The newcomer, not received with the customary adoring approval, ran a widening eye over the extravagances strewn about her young sister's room, over the blooming Dru, half-clad in an elaborate negligee, but said nothing. Esther was but a paler shadow of Harriet, anyway; Anne was not afraid of her.

At last, every curl was knowingly arranged, every crisp fold of snowy tulle was in place, and Dru smiled happily, challengingly, into her mirror. Anne yearned to take her daughter into her arms and whisper her love, her anxiety, her overwhelming desire for her happiness; but she was afraid of crushing the white gown, afraid of saying the wrong thing, afraid of startling the girl with her unheard-of intensity. So when Dru, with her usual little air of restraint and composure, said: "Like it, Mother?". Anne, bending aside to pick up fan and gloves and hide the tears that clouded her eyes, merely replied, "All right, I guess," and slipped away, choking. Dru's beauty and excitement, the white gown, everything, made her feel as if she were dressing the girl for her wedding. That day would come, too—a day of good omen, she prayed. With new understanding, she hoped it would come soon.

While Dru still stood before her mirror, drawing long white gloves over her round arms, perking her head this way and that to catch reassuring glimpses of herself at different angles, and singing a gay dance tune under her breath in a voice that rose ever and again in throbbing little bursts eloquent of youth and awakened senses, a call came for Anne from a young neighbor who had a suddenly ailing baby. Impatiently, she called to Esther.

"I should think you might go this once. She's always imagining there's something dreadful the matter with that baby."

"But, Mother, what do I know about children!" chided her daughter, in shocked tones. "I have to get unpacked before Harriet comes."

"Oh, well!" cried the gentle Anne, sharply, catching up a wrap. "I guess it wouldn't hurt you."

[Continued on page 99]

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SIXTEEN

[Continued from page 98]

She was conscious of the charged silence, as her two daughters, from their different occupations, watched her go down stairs.

It was after eight when she could get back. There was a light in the hall, but otherwise the house was dark. As she stepped in, a door opened upstairs, and Esther's sleepy voice called: "Is that you, Harriet?"

"No," said Anne, shortly, very cross and aggrieved with every one in general. People ought to know that a mother's place was with her girl on the night of her first big party—to "see her off."
"What time is it?" Esther persisted.

"I'm afraid I must have fallen asleep."

"Nearly half-past eight."

"Oh! Something must have happened!"

"Happened?"

"To Harriet. She should have arrived an hour ago!"

"Oh," replied Harriet's mother, care-sly. Then, almost disparagingly: lessly. "Huh!"

"But, Mother-"

"I guess Harriet Gregory's old enough

to take care of herself."

"Why-" gaspingly. Then, at something in her mother's mere attitude as she stood in the hall below, Esther Gregory, efficient disciplinarian that she was, turned silently and went back into her bedroom. She did not even offer to come out and question further when the telephone bell rang a moment later and her mother answered it.

It was the conscientious Harriet, of course, calling up from the station, lest her timid little mother be alarmed over her non-appearance.

"Mother? This is Harriet."

"Yes."

"Harriet, you know."

A slight pause.

"I thought you might be worried."

"I know."

"I had to take a later train. I'll be right up."

"Yes."

"Mother! I thought this was the night of the Senior reception."

"It is." Anne's voice was calm, but her heart seemed to flutter up into her

"Oh! Isn't Drusilla going?"

An alarm-proof composure seemed to surround Anne. In some odd fashion, she felt forearmed and forewarned, as if she had always expected just this mo-ment. "She has already gone," she replied, evenly.

"But I've just seen her at the station with a youth. Meeting him, I thought. Some out-of-town boy, perhaps; he'd a

traveling bag."

[Continued on page 100]



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MITCHELL & CHURCH CO., 370 Water Street, Binghamton, N. Y.



[Continued from page 99]

ly. "Dru wouldn't go to the station in How was she to face her older daughher party clothes."

"She had on a dark blue dress and a little tan hat with a spray of paradise in it. I noticed the hat particularly. I could hardly believe Dru would have anything so very-

"She has no such hat," lied Anne, in-

"But, Mother! I was quite sure-

"I tell you I just dressed Dru and saw her off-flowers, admirer, and all. It must have been some one else; there are lots of new girls in town. You'd better come home and get unpacked. Esther has been worried about you." She hung up

the receiver.
"Gone?" kept ringing in her head. "Already? And not a word!"

She went straight to Dru's room, and, without stopping to put on the lights, ran searching hands over the bed, then groped in the closet. Immediately, her fingers rasped on a froth of tulle. Drusilla's gown. She snapped on the light. The dress flaunted its snowy ballet-like skirt before her tear-filled eyes. Dru's pink roses, heavy-headed, languished on the dresser. Her white silk stockings, stripped off by impatient fingers, clung to the rungs of a chair; one white buckskin pump pointed its slim toe as if for the dance, the other turned up a somehow derisive heel. A flame-colored wrap flowed from bed to floor.

Hastily, feverishly, Anne gathered up and concealed the far-flung finery, closed and locked the closet door, darkened the room. No need to look for the dark-blue frock, the gold-colored hat with its tiny, costly feather. She knew she would not find them.

Then she returned to her own room, to face the night's vigil. Some mothers, perhaps, would call the police and make a fuss, so that every one in the state might gloat over Drusilla's picture in the morning paper. Set officers of the law on the trail of her daughter? Never. Drusilla had gone of her own free will; let her return the same way. She would know her mother's arms were always open to her.

She heard Harriet come in and enter the room she shared with Esther; heard Ellen go up the back stairs to her attic. Unanswering, pretending to be asleep, she heard Harriet's authoritative voice calling at her door in muted tones. Later, peering out and listening, she ascertained that the sisters' light was out, the whole house silent, sleeping. Then, undressing at last, she lay down to think-and think -and think.

What would the morning bring? A telegram from some dingy way-station,

"Impossible," Anne returned, positive- begging forgiveness and rehabilitation? ters? What explanation could she give, till some adequate plans could be perfected? There must be no harsh questioning, no scandal; everything must be made easy-and correct. The young people's youth must be waived, she would give them a fashionable wedding, find a good berth for the boy. He probably was a good enough youth, though ill-advised. At any rate, Dru liked him. He was her choice.

Yet, through the long hours, she did not cease hoping against hope that the wayfarers, proving to their sorrow the unrelenting nature of the law, would creep tremblingly-and safely-back, before the return of the revealing daylight. She could see them, young faces pale, eyes shadowed, shrinking away from amused or accusing glances.

The circling lights of automobiles refurning late from the dance, with their freight of youth and gaiety, fled over her walls and ceiling. One party swept past singing, girls' high, sweet voices and boys' deep, rich ones, rising and falling on gusts of the warm south wind-home to happy, sympathetic, successful mothers!

After a long time, she heard the warning rattle of the milk teams. Still, she told herself, the teams came very early in summer; it was not nearly daylight yet. But even as she faced the east, the early June dawn was breaking. She got up then, dressed, and sat by the window.

At last it was time to appear. Summoning all her spent forces, Anne bathed her face and smoothed her hair, regarding herself critically in the mirror. That, then, was the countenance of a mother who had failed!

Suddenly it occurred to her that Dru might have left a note for her. In her confusion and haste, she had forgotten to look the night before-on the pillow, in the mirror-frame, wherever it was people traditionally left such messages. Noiselessly, she opened her door and slipped down the hall.

At Dru's door, she stood for an instant with her hand on the knob, her head throbbing dizzily, her eyes smarting with unshed tears. Dru's little white-andpink room! It had always been her despair because of its spirited disorder. Now she dreaded its calmness and quiet. Even the bed would be smooth and orderlyand empty.

She stood motionless on the threshold, one hand fluttering to her breast. The bed was not empty. A slight figure raised the pink coverlet. A round, bare arm was flung wide, the hand with its soft, pink palm open; and, deep in the pillow, a

[Continued on page 102]



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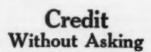
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[Continued from page 100]

tawny head burrowed, from which a mane of tangled curls spread fanwise, waving ever so slightly in the breeze from the open window.

Dru? Was this Dru? Anne stepped nearer, and, with incredulous eyes, scrutinized the flushed cheek, the proud little mouth, which dropped helplessly now in sleep. Wearily, too, Anne thought. There was a faint bluish shadow under the thick lashes. A deep sigh lifted the round bosom.

Anne's arms went out involuntarily, in sudden passion of tenderness. Her Dru! Her baby! Had some one hurt her? She was ready to champion her against the world.

Drawing back breathlessly, she slipped out and closed the door behind her. For a moment, she leaned against the panels, trembling; then, mastering herself, hurried down stairs.

Not till the usual minute did she call Dru, casually, naturally, though the imperious Harriet looked as if she'd like to pass comments, did she but dare. And Dru's voice, clouded with sleep, answered readily, "Yes, Mother," just as always.
"We won't wait," Anne told the older

girls. "Dru was up late."

At the table, then, she poured their coffee and regarded them critically, resentfully. If they had only been like other young girls-human-she wouldn't have made all these dreadful mistakes in handling Dru: would have understood all the girl's driving need of love, petting, admiration, adventure. Reared as she had been, and wedded at twenty to a middle-aged man like Horace, what could she have known?

Drusilla came in; last, as ever, but radiant. She greeted her sisters with formal hand-shakes, and, Anne fancied, a demure air of condescension-of reserve, too. Even Harriet would hesitate to interrogate her. Anne understood, and approved. What did they know, Anne wondered contemptuously. School-teachers! They had never been kissed-not even by a Horace.

Dru's appetite remained good, she was glad to observe. "Strawberries! Oh, beauties!" And: "Griddlecakes? Yes, heaps."

At last Esther and Harriet left, comparing watches and schedules of summer study. Now. She and Dru must have this thing out. There would be things to face-people. She must know all there was to know.

"Dru, dear." Her voice held a new, thrillingly intimate note. Like a caress, it bridged the distance between them.

The girl's clear eyes met hers. "You're wondering about the dance, Mother. I didn't go. I went to see Alan off instead."

'Off?"

Dru nodded, with a shy smile. "What time did you get back?

"Before nine. You'd gone to bed. I didn't want to let the girls know I'd given up the dance—for Alan." She gave an embarrassed little laugh. "So I just slipped in through the kitchen and told Ellen she could lock up." Dru's smile became engaging, confiding.

"Oh!" breathed Anne, shaken by the undreamed-of relief.

"He telephoned he'd an offer of something good for the summer, but he'd have to be on hand to-day. So we thoughthe thought—" Her eyes dropped self-consciously. "Anyway, it would be silly to miss the chance of a good position just for a high-school party."

"Very." Anne managed to agree. "Of course, I was all dressed-and everything, but I said: 'Go ahead. I'll come down and see you off on the eighttwenty."

"I see," encouraged Anne, nodding intently.

"I thought I owed him that much—a good chum like Alan." Anne gasped. "And, anyway, I didn't feel like going to the dance all alone. So I changed, and slipped down to the station. At first, I thought I might dress again, and go on afterward, but"-falteringly-"some things Alan said -Mother!" For Anne's head had dropped on her hand-"You're not sick?" moment, Dru was kneeling at Anne's side, with ready arms about her. "What is it? -Mother!

"Oh, my dear!" cried Anne, trembling between laughter and tears. "I'm afraid I haven't been a good mother to you!"

'You! Mother darling! Why, you've been the best, the darlingest, always! cried Dru, loyally, straining Anne tighttighter than she'd ever been held before. "And lately you've been just too dear for anything!" Dru hid her face on her mother's shoulder. "Mother!" she whispered into Anne's hair. "I guess I have been a crazy girl-and a lot of trouble to you. I don't know what came over me, really I don't-keeping it all to myself, and acting so. But it just seemed as if I couldn't tell. I was afraid you wouldn't understand."

"I do understand, Dru, dear." Anne swallowed hard and mopped her eyes happily. "You need never feel that way again-about anything. I'll understand better than you do yourself. And Alando you-did he-?"

Dru giggled nervously. "It seems crazy now, I know, but Alan did ask me to marry him. He wanted to run away." Anne managed to look amazed. agine! And I let him kiss me-and all."

[Concluded on page 103]



SIXTEEN

[Continued from page 102]

"Drusilla!"

Actually! I must have been crazy," blushing hotly. "That's all I can say."

"Do you care for him?"

"I like him, but not-" Dru threw out her little hands with sudden volu-bility. "Why, I knew right off it wasn't the real thing-when he kissed me, I mean. It's too soon, of course, and he's not the right one-though I did think he was mighty nice, at first." Dru's little head went up, proudly. "He'll be a bigger man. Alan'll always be just a boy, I guess."

"And yet you-" groped the scandal-

ized Anne.

"I know." Dru ducked her head down again. "Wasn't it dreadful of me? But, somehow, I just couldn't help it-help trying it, I mean."

"Trying it?"

Dru began to giggle again. know, to see if I could do it. All the girls have beaux, nearly, from the time they're twelve or thirteen. You know they do. So I began to wonder if I was never going to have even one like Harriet and Esther. And one day you told Betty's mother that none of your girls would ever marry. I heard you tell her. And I was wild. Furious!"

Anne gasped again. That, then-that

was at the root of the trouble.

"So I looked at Betty, and then at myself, and I just made up my mind-to see-what I could do!"

They looked at each other for a long moment, then burst out laughing. Anne could hardly stop, so unsettling was the reaction.

"So now," Dru resumed, suddenly sage again, "I think I'd better let Harriet tutor me, and I'll take the examinations

in the fall."

"Good! Harriet will love it." Anne kissed her daughter heartily, a good, hard smack of a kiss. Then she got up suddenly. "I don't suppose, if you remember not to wear your dark blue dress for a month or so, it will matter," she told Dru, enigmatically. "Every one has a dark blue dress. But I'm afraid I'll have to put that little tan hat of yours into the fire."

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THE NAMELESS MAN

[Continued from page 15]

"How about silver ornaments—flasks?"
Barclay's eyes never left the Japanese.
"I bought one, curiously shaped, with a chrysanthemum pattern traced upon it, and believed it to be the only one of its kind. And yet, I have seen two of these flasks within two weeks."

"We no have silver flasks in Nippon," replied Takasaki quietly. "We have saki bottles—you mean those? No, then you no buy silver flask in Nippon." Takasaki's tone of finality caused Ethel to stare at the two men, and she grew aware of an undercurrent of antagonism between them; and, like the born diplomat that she was, instantly plunged into the conversation.

"I should love to own some real Japanese jewelry," she said. "I imagine it must be very beautiful."

"We no have jewelry," announced Takasaki, smiling at her enthusiasm. "Only coat ornaments, neck charms, but no rings—"

"Then this must be Chinese." As he spoke, Barclay drew a ring from his little finger, and passed it to the Japanese, who carried it to the window to inspect it in the sunshine.

"What a beautiful piece of jade," exclaimed Ethel peeping over his shoulder. "It is so green, and what a unique setting!"

The jade, cut almost square, was set high in solid gold, and a dragon, heavily carved in the gold, was coiled around the jade, its head and claws overlapping the brilliant green stone.

"The ring is made by hand," volunteered Takasaki, after a brief silence, and turning it over and over. "Chinese curio—"

"And if I am not mistaken, a woman's ring," supplemented Barclay. "It is very small, and barely fits my little finger."
"Has it no legend?" asked Ethel.

"It was perhaps worn by the highborn many, many years ago," said Takasaki. "In Nippon they have what you call"—he thought a moment for the word he wanted—"tradition, which says that jade, for the woman wearer, is a token of love's loyalty."

"And for the man?" asked Barclay, accepting the ring and slipping it on his little finger.

"For the man"—again Takasaki paused, and his face was unsmiling—"it signifies betrayal and death."

"What a very gloomy outlook," laughed Barclay, inspecting the ring on his finger. "I am glad your tradition is more kind to the woman, and grants her"—his eyes sought Ethel—"love's loyalty."

"We Nipponese are loyal to our Gods, our country, and our women," Takasaki remarked seriously. "Betrayal merits death."

"Quite so." Barclay stooped over to pick up Ethel's fur muff, and she missed seeing his expression. "Let me carry those books, Miss Ogden?" putting out a hand toward a small pile of them on the table.

"Thank you, but the books stay here for Mr. Takasaki." Then, smiling at their host, "you will write that composition before the next lesson."

"Yes," They moved toward the hall and Barclay dropped behind for a second. "My wife," Takasaki turned about and waited for Barclay to catch up with them, "will be at next lesson." Then turning to Barclay, "When next you come to Nippon, Mr. Barclay, don't only look at curios."

Ethel darted a quick look at the two men—her quick ear had caught a hint of menace in Takasaki's monotonous voice, but his expression was devoid of meaning. Barclay's cheery smile reassured her.

"I'll follow your advice, Mr. Takasaki," replied Barclay, passing out of the front door held open by the attentive servant, "but I hardly expect to visit Japan again. Good morning." And the door closed behind him.

On reaching the Ogden residence, Ethel went at once to Walter Ogden's "den" on the second floor.

"Claiming the privilege of cousinship, I am coming in, too," announced Barclay from the doorway. "I feel sure I can help you get rid of those letters," pointing to several lying on a desk.

"Come in," replied Ethel, seating herself and sorting writing-paper and pens. "But, oh, please don't talk."

Barclay did not need the injunction; to sit and look at Ethel had become a matter of habit and happiness with him, and he watched her deft fingers cover page after page, with a never-flagging interest, and the intensity of his regard brought an added light to her eyes.

"What are you searching for?" asked Barclay, breaking his long silence.

"Cousin Jane's seal." Ethel laid the sealing-wax down on the desk, and searched diligently among her papers. "How provoking! The notes are all written, and I cannot send them off until they are sealed—Cousin Jane's latest fad," she added in explanation. "And the invitations must be sent out this morning."

vitations must be sent out this morning."
"Use this." Barclay, drawing his chair nearer, removed his Chinese ring, and laid it in Ethel's hand.

"Oh, won't I ruin the stone?"

"I think not; the dealer said it could be used as a seal."

Ethel again examined the ring. "I think he was wrong," she announced. "I would be afraid to ruin this beautiful jade."

[Continued on page 106]

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THE NAMELESS MAN

[Continued from page 104]

"You admire it then?" eagerly.

"Very much, it is unique," proffering it back again; and Barclay held the ring against the whiteness of her hand.

"It will be becoming to you," he said, and before she guessed his intention, he had slipped it on her finger. "Ah, I was right; don't remove it."

Ethel laughed unsteadily. "I never accept presents of value from acquaint-

ances."

Barclay drew back as if struck. "Acquaintances?" he repeated. "Ah, no, never. Say friends, Ethel"-and neither noticed

the use of her first name.
"Well, friends." Ethel's voice shook a trifle, and she strove to change the conversation. "Your ring is too large."

"But it can be made smaller," quickly. "See, it is too tight for me," indicating his little finger, and the redness of the skin where the ring had been.

Ethel leaned forward and glanced at the strong, slender fingers spread wide before her. "You have the hand of a surgeon," she remarked. "Why have you stopped wearing the ring on your right hand?"

"How can you tell that?" And Barclay scrutinized her keenly.

"By the worn circle around the little

finger of your right hand."

Barclay bent nearer. "If that is an indication, I must find out how many rings you are accustomed to wear," he announced, and Ethel laughed softly.

"I never wear rings," spreading her fingers. "See, no marks."

"But you will wear mine," insistently; and then as her face paled, he added more lightly, "just on humanitarian grounds if

on no other." "I don't catch your meaning," in puzzled surprise.

"Hasn't Takasaki just told us that jade is unlucky for a man?"

"Well, if it's to ward off the evil eye," laughed Ethel, "I may consent to keep it, I suppose."

"I have your word for it?" with quick impetuosity.

"Yes," blushing, as her eyes met his. Barclay drew a long breath. "For the woman wearer it betokens love's loyalty," he quoted, and his hands imprisoned hers.

"Loyalty," faltered Ethel, her eyes on the ring.

"And love," he supplemented steadily, though his heart was beating almost to suffocation. "Ethel, my darling-

A heavy step in the adjoining room and the banging of a door brought Ethel to her feet, and snatching her hands from Barclay's detaining clasp, she slipped from the room, just as her cousin, Walter Ogden, entered by the other door.

[To be continued in the April McCall's]

These Attractive Offers Are Not Good After March 31, 1917-Stock Limited-Prices Going Up-Act Quickly



LATCHSTRINGS AJAR

[Continued from page 23]

dispensing brown bread and buttermilk. Then, later on, came the problem of getting her hay cut. Her two-acre mowing was ripe, and if Mrs. Nancy was to have any fodder that winter, she must get in the grass. But all the men were busy on bigger jobs, and no one had any time to help her out.

"That's all right," said Jean; "I'll do it myself. Hurrah! Votes for women!"

So she bought a boy's-size scythe and set to work. Now, mowing grass looks easy. It is a poetic and beautiful occupation. There is rhythm and grace in every motion; there is music in the ringing of the whetstone on the blade. But disil-lusion is rapid and complete. You simply trip the knife in the ground, knock it against stones, and drag it through the grass instead of making a good clean sweep. The scythe gets heavier with every stroke, and your arms begin to ache, and you discover unsuspected muscles in your back and shoulders. It wouldn't matter so sadly if you could only get results, but when half the grass is only scalped, and the rest of it doesn't break at all, it really is discouraging. By nightfall Jean was all one large and general ache. Besides that, she had some truly noble blisters on both hands. And what was worse, she had accomplished mighty little to boast of.

"It looks like that shirt did-sort of chewed," she sighed, and tumbled into

bed, too tired for supper.

She slept late next morning, and when she dragged herself out of bed, sore and lame in every part of her, she had to rub her eyes to make them believe what they saw. All the grass was cut! Cut, and lying in smooth, even piles. All of it. Even the patch she had hacked at was trimmed over. Now who—? Ah, there he was, just climbing over the wall at the lower end.

"As if he didn't have enough to do without cutting my hay!" Jean stormed, "I'll—I'll get even with you, Jock Saun-

ders! You wait."

She jumped into her clothes, swallowed a bit of breakfast, and set to work, keeping all the while a covert watch till she saw the object of her efforts go off down the road. Then she filled a basket, and set out for the house next door.

What a wreck the old place was! The plaster was hanging from the walls in sheets, there were holes in the ceiling where you could look up through larger holes in the roof, and see the sky. The walls were leaning all awry, and one was even braced with poles to hold it up. Saunders had camped in an ell that was tighter than the rest, but far from tight, at that. A rusty little stove, a rickety old bed, a table, and a chair without a





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LATCHSTRINGS AJAR

[Continued from page 107]

back, were its furnishings. On the table was a sock with a needle stuck in it, abandoned after a vain attempt to bridge too big a gap.

Jean had a glorious time putting that room to rights. You wouldn't have known it for the same place when she had finished. Especially when the table was set, with a whole boiled dinner well covered to keep it warm, and a whopping big loaf of graham bread, and an apple pie, and a jug of milk, and a great lovely purple thistle—very Scotchy—stuck in a bottle for a centerpiece. Jean stood back and surveyed the effect with pride. Oh, that sock! She snatched it up and mended it and its mate, keeping an eye out for possible interruptions. That done, she ran home through the fields, feeling for once quite easy in her mind about her neighbor's welfare. "I guess we're even, neighbor Jock!" she exulted.

At the Grange that fall she heard that he was doing well with his crops. He had grown more corn to the acre than any one else in town, and though it had been a bad year for potatoes, his had done well. Jean wondered how soon he would be sending home for his girl. She hoped he would begin to fix his house up pretty soon. He apparently didn't realize what a New England winter would be like.

But it was not very long before he found out. The air had been heavy all day, and toward night the wind had a sinister, rising note that boded worse to come. Jean banked the fire in the living-room, and went to bed early. But she could not sleep for the noise of the storm outside, which was steadily louder. Two or three times she got up in the cold, and groped her way to the window which looked at her neighbor's house, but it was too dark to see anything. In the room below, she could hear Larry whining uneasily. The wind rose fast. By midnight, it

The wind rose fast. By midnight, it was a raging northeaster that took the Blue House in its arms and rocked it like a cradle. Jean got up and dressed. There was trouble brewing, and she might be needed; so better dress and be ready. She stirred up the fire and hung a kettle of water on the crane above it. A woman's first instinct in time of stress seems always to heat water.

For hours after that, she paced back and clever apparel and window to hearth. Outside it was growing—you could not say lighter, but at least, less dark. She could make out against the sky the black hulk of the house next door. There was a small moon behind the rack of clouds which parted now and then to let down a pale glimmer. Once she saw some boards fly off the roof of the neighbor's house, black against the silver wash of light.

Eventually, the thing for which she had been waiting, unconsciously waiting, happened. There was a mad, whirling crash of storm that shook the Blue House like a rat, and beat the fire low on the hearth. There was another roaring crash, and another, and then a sudden, breathless silence. The moon poured out serenely through the clouds, the trees were still. Jean opened the window, to see more surely. It was some time before she realized that there was nothing to see. The house next door had disappeared.

When she got over to the ruins, she had a lantern and the dog, but never remembered lighting the one or calling the other. She was swinging the lantern and crying desperately against the storm, "Jock, Jock!" The wind had risen again, and was boasting furiously about the wreckage it had made. Skirting the main part of the house, Jean came to where the ell had been. The roof seemed to have settled down into it, and flattened out as the walls collapsed. She knelt close down by it and called, with her heart in her voice, "Jock, oh Jock, are you there?" and held her breath lest she miss the answer.

"No, lassie," said a quiet voice at her side, "I'm out here, safe as yourself."

Jean struggled to her feet, and they stood staring at each other in the wavering light of her lantern, while the storm jostled past unheeded. "Safe as yourself, lassie," he repeated mechanically. Then, just discovering it! "But you're shaking like a leaf! Are you so cold?"

"I'm not cold," Jean said through clattering teeth.

Jock took her lantern and steadied her with a strong arm about her shoulder. "We'll go in to the fire," he said; "there's nothing to stay here for."

Jean obeyed, stumbling along by his side, and when they were safely indoors she wanted, more than anything else, to slip away by herself and have a good cry. But young Saunders appeared to see no need of this. He held her close, and patted her shoulder, and whispered all sorts of breathless, incoherent things in her ear. They were such wonderful things that she quite forgot her fears, and listened quietly. But then he stopped talking and kissed her.

This brought them to their senses. It was high time, too. The kettle was boiling, and the fire needed another log. While he mended it, Jean, with averted face, busied herself making the tea. When it was ready, "Come, sit by the fire," she said, "and drink your tea."

Jock had gone to the window, where there was now light enough to see the spot in the landscape where his house had

[Concluded on page 109]



LATCHSTRINGS AJAR

[Continued from page 108]

been. He came back, took the cup from her, and put his own strong hands in hers, instead. She honestly tried to draw away, but there must have been something in the way she looked up just then that gainsaid her effort, for he murmured very humbly, "Dear, I didn't know you cared," as if it were a miracle from heaven.

"I-I didn't know I did-before," she faltered.

Then she hung her head, and whis-pered something about "a girl in Scotland," which made him laugh aloud.

"Jeanie lass, there never was a girl in Scotland! You have been in my heart since the first sight I had of you, that night you let me in to sit by the fire. But how could I ask you to marry me-a feckless chap with only the clothes on his back and some run-out land-lame, and poor, and foreign to you, with not even a roof that would hold out the rain-and now I haven't even the leaky roof to offer. But, Jeanie, if you're caring, for all that, dear-

"Oh, put down the tea!" cried Jean. She was laughing and crying and being variously foolish, but one thing was perfectly clear, even to her. The tea was in the way.

FROM THE WORLD'S **GALLERIES**

[Continued from page 18]

which come under this category, are "Gossip," by Carl Marr; "Forging the Shaft," by John F. Weir; "End of the Game," by F. B. Meyer; and "Yankee Doodle," by A. W. Willard.

The reproduction of "Gossip," on page nineteen, which hangs in the Metropolitan Museum in New York, is also a typical genre painting, since it tells a story. Carl Marr, the artist, is an American, born in Milwaukee in 1858, although he went to Munich, Germany, as a young student, attracted there by the special privileges, such as free easel room in the art schools, instruction under the masters, half rates for the theaters and the railroads, that that far-seeing city offered to an artist.

Among his paintings, in addition to "Gossip," "The Flagellants," "The Landscape Painter," "The Star of Life," have attracted particular attention. "Gossip" is quite the simplest painting, in thought, which the artist has produced, but it tells its story of the village woman well. The colors are soft, the feeling gentle, and yet they portray the genuine strength of the artist's deeper subjects. Finally, the picture expresses all the simplicity and mellowness-with the resultant strengthwhich is so typical of the big masterpieces of modern painting.



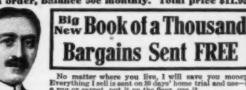
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THE CHURCH THAT WAKED UP

[Continued from page 17]

And while all this was being done, an energetic committee had managed the cooperation of town and state for a public library; another, by application to the State Conservation Committee, had stocked a stream with twenty million fish; still another had secured from the railroad company a yearly appropriation for the care of the station and the beautifying of its grounds.

Success begets confidence. One completed task leads to another. Time came when the members of the neighborhood association began to say with increasing frequency, "We need a better building!" The pastor-leader looked thoughtful, and let the desire grow to a demand.

"I believe we could put up a good house and furnish it," he said when he felt his parishioners had arrived at the fighting-point. "Every one would give his share, and there we would be! But bear in mind the running expense of such house as you want would be a lot more than they are in the old barn. Steam heat, modern furnishings, baths, bowling-alleys, all mean expense for upkeep. We'd be obliged to have a building superintendent, a housekeeper, maybe a clerk or two. Where's all this money to come from? We've got to think out something we can do to bring the house an income."

There were a few wealthy men who would have helped out in this time of need, but the wise leader shook his head.

"We're a self-supporting, self-respecting group of neighbors, not a charity community," he said.

He thought over the matter for some time. Calling on a friend in a neighboring town, he saw a little motion-picture theater emptying its crowd to the sidewalk after the evening performance.

"They do get the people!" sighed the friend. "Poor surroundings, poor air, poor pictures, but every one goes. Your village will be having one next!"

Mr. Eastman stopped short for a full minute. In that minute a great idea was born and grew to maturity. "Of course, our village will have one," he declared. "And our show will have good surroundings, good air, and good pictures, for it's going to be in our new Neighborhood House. That's where our income is coming from!"

So the new home was built, with its comfortable reading and social rooms, its rooms for club and committee meetings, its bowling-alleys, its gymnasium, baths, and auditorium. Every one in the community helped in one way or another to further its erection. Those who could not give money, gave labor; and even the tiniest children were ever ready to be of help.

[Concluded on page 111]



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THE CHURCH THAT WAKED UP

[Continued from page 110]

In the auditorium, now, three times a week, a program of the finest films which can be secured is given. Children pay ten cents admission, grown-ups fifteen, and every seat is filled. Thus, at one stroke, the cheap, harmful pictures are kept out of the village, and the work of the Neighborhood House is financed.

The visitor in Locust Valley to-day alights at an attractive station with artistic surroundings, and drives over miles of splendid roadway, bordered by magnificent trees. He passes the pretty lake and never dreams that it was once a noisome swamp. If he wishes a dip in the salt water, the splendid new bathing-pavilion awaits him. He may enjoy the manifold activities of the new neighborhood, then step inside the old barn which was the association's first home, and see the men of the neighborhood building garden furniture and bird houses which are widely known for their beauty and excellence.

If his visit happens to be on Sunday morning, he may go into a church filled to the very doors with men, women and children who enthusiastically follow this pastor with a "man-sized job." Long ago, with true Christian spirit, and understanding, the neighboring church joined its energies with this one.

The saloons? Some of them remain. The millenium has not arrived, even in Locust Valley. But the temperance sentiment grows steadily. The young folks are too busy with wholesome work and play to spend their time in the saloon, and the older folk are gradually following the trend of the new and flourishing times.

While other rural communities were saying "there are not enough of us to do this or that," Locust Valley's three hundred families took hold all together, and did it!

"Pulling together—that's the secret!" says the pastor-leader.

"A leader who knows how to keep us pulling together—that's the secret!" says Locust Valley, with one united voice.

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RAGOUT.—Cut a piece of round-steak into two-inch squares, and brown with sliced onions, diced carrots, diced potatoes and a bit of turnip. In this case, season highly and add a teaspoonful of brown sugar to blend the flavors.

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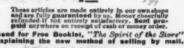
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INNER GRACE

[Continued from page 26]

And as they said good-by there in the queer little hall, where the chandelier of purple grapes glowed warm on the hot evening, her face was joyous with attainment and eager in anticipation of a bright to-morrow.

II.

Laura Brooks had not thought of failure; so when it came, absolute, complete, the girl was not prepared for the suffering which followed. Unfortunately, after a brief run of two weeks, "The Great American Play" proved only a mediocre creation of a very young dramatist.

It was all over so soon-the excitement of rehearsals, and leading ladies, and interviews, and first nights.

"How quickly the world forgets," she said bitterly, as she passed a flaming billboard where already the men were pasting enthusiastic announcements over The Great American Play" and the name of its author. Already people had ceased to care what she thought of suffrage or present-day drama; and her poor little past, which had been dug up as a small boy unearths a snail shell, now held no more interest than other obscure lives.

If they had just given her more timeshe could have learned the philosophy of failure then. She would have come down from those rosy heights and would have patiently taken up her life again, and there would have been no bitterness.

One lesson, Laura told herself, she had learned: never again should disappointment find her so unprepared. She would expect nothing of life hereafter. would cultivate a dead-and-alive attitude that might be uninteresting, but would save her such suffering as this.

In those first awful days through which she had to live, the girl was smitten with a feeling that she had deceived her public; that she had tricked people into believing in her play like any cheap promoter of tawdry wares.

In that time of readjustment, of trying to realize true values, John Gray came often to the dingy little apartment on One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street. He seemed to know so well all she had lived through; it was almost, at times, as if it were his play, not hers, they were discussing. He never offered sympathy or assured her that the production was miscast. He did not intimate that in the dialogue there were "so many good lines." She couldn't have stood that. He did not hint at a silver lining in her cloud. She had endured so much all-for-the-best philosophy that a silver lining set her teeth on edge. He did not comment on her return to the Beauty Column of the Daily nor question the giving up of a

[Continued on page 113]

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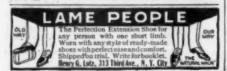
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INNER GRACE

[Continued from page 112]

western trip which she had planned for early autumn. He accepted everything with silent understanding more comforting than any language.

"If he knows the human heart like that," she commented to herself, "no wonder he can write poetry." And she fell to pondering what the critics meant when they said her work lacked vitality.

Often in these days of beginning again, Laura wandered down to the river. There in the long evenings she felt the charm of sky and hills and river, the world-old refreshers of tired souls.

One evening in early October she sat watching the sunset, as houses were brightening on the New Jersey shore. There was something inexplicably sacred in this hour, when women were putting lights in the windows, watching for a home coming. Sometimes, like to-night, when the sky was pink and lavender, she could not look at it all without tears—homesick tears that come at sunset into the eyes of working women.

Her dreams were routed by a deep, cheery voice.

"I hoped to find you here," John Gray said, as he came bounding down the hill toward her.

He was so like an overgrown boy, with his intense joy in life, his sane, untainted optimism.

"I have something for you," he said, as he took a seat beside her. "It couldn't keep until to-morrow. Here's the first copy off the press," and he laid a little book in her hand.

"A very new book?" she inquired.

"By a very new author," he answered. She looked at the small volume he had given her. It was bound in black leather, with the title and a figure in gold to relieve its somberness, a neat, well-bred little book, possessing an air of simplicity characteristic of all the poet's gifts.

He looked eagerly into her face. "I want to know what you think," he said. "It really matters—very much." The earnest expression in the young man's eyes made Laura look again at the title. Then she realized that this was his book; these were his poems; his dream had come true.

She opened the book joyously as a child, and there, in front of her, were the simple songs she had heard before—verses he had written in the office, on the street cars, late at night in his own den, when the day's work was over and his little hour was his own. He told of lilac hedges and growing things, of the sanddunes of his boyhood, of the great men he had loved, of the divine mysteries of daily life.

[Continued on page 114]



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For 25c we will mail one regular 10-cent packet (40 to 80 seeds) each of Cherub rich cream, edged bright rose; King White, the fluest pure white; Margaret Atlee, best cream-pink; Rosabelle, a large deep rose; Webgwood, a lovely light blue. Also one large packet (90 to 100 seeds) of the Burper Blend of Superess for 1917. The fluest mixture of Spencers everoffered.

Six Standard Spencers

For 25c we will mail one regular 10-cent packet each of the following: DAINTY SPENCER, pure white, edged with pink: FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE, charming shade of lavender; IRISH BELLE, lovely shade of rich lilac; MRB. COTHERERSON, finest pink and white bicolor; MRB. TOWNSEND, white edged and flushed blue: STIRLING STENT, bright salmon, orange self.

For 50c we will mail both collections named above, and a 15-cent packet of ROSY MORN, the new early-flowering Spencer introduced in 1917.

For \$1.00 we will mail both collections as offered above and six of the Best "Newer Spencers" named on page 203 of Burpee's Annual 1917, also one 15-cent packet of Royal Purple, the finest variety in this color, and one packet of The President, the sensational Irish Novelty, as offered on page 117—making in all Twenty True Spencers for \$1.00. These are all neatly packed in a pasteboard box. In ordering it is sufficient to write for Burpee's Dollar Box of Spencers for 1917.

Burpee's Annual for 1917

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The catalogue contains all the Flower and Vegetable novelties for 1917, and much reliable information explaining in detail how to plant. One million packets will be distributed this year. May we add your name to our list?

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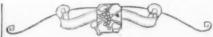
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INNER GRACE

[Continued from page 113]

"Your dream has come true," she said; "this is a real success. I am sure the public will find you."

She had not intended to linger on the last word; it was one of those expressions which wantonly reveal so much that we would withhold.

"It may find me very stupid," he said modestly.

"No-you'll be recognized-to-morrow, to-day. And I-I am already forgotten." Her voice grew suddenly tired. "I've gone down with the others of my kind, ridiculed to-day, forgotten to-morrow. But dear old John, you-you won't misunderstand. I'm so glad you are to have what-wasn't for me.

"That's splendid of you, but we can't tell, you know. The reviewers have only just begun."

"And you're not afraid?"
"I'm not afraid." There was an air of quiet assurance, simple, sincere, unwavering, as if he had taken account of himself and was not ashamed.

The girl who had given ten years to writing and had not attained wondered at the poet.

"All the while I was dreaming of a play," she said, "you were writing what really counted—hidden away in your little corner among the printing presses. I'm so proud of you-to have this issued by the best publisher in New York. But I can't help wondering why-why you succeeded and I failed."

He would have reassured her, but she checked him.

"You know what I mean," she continued. "We've both worked; we've both been encouraged by critics. We've had, it would seem, an equal chance."

John Gray turned slowly and looked into her eyes.

"These are from my heart," he said, and as he spoke, he touched the leaves, and the little book lay with its dedication before her.

"To L. B." She read it twice before she realized.

"It isn't mine?" she faltered.

"Yes," said the poet. "I hoped youwouldn't mind."

"But-but I don't deserve it," she stammered.

And then the medieval in him rose valiantly. "I wrote them," he said, "that is, I held the pen. But it was all really

She could not speak for the happiness that pounded at her throat—his book of poems dedicated to her!

"I—I couldn't do it myself," she said.
"Nor I," he answered. "But—but there isn't a line that wasn't a part of me. If-if they're worth anything, I guess

[Concluded on page 115]

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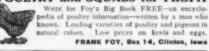
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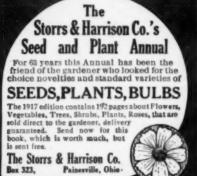
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INNER GRACE

[Continued from page 114]

that's it. So much of life I have wanted to share-first with you, dear, and then with the world."

The river had lost its color and its loneliness. It was a mass of shining lights now-transformed by passing boats

into a happy fairyland.
"My poet," she said, "I begin to understand. I wanted to write a play-to do the smart thing-to wield my public like puppets-to pull the strings and make them laugh and cry. Above all, I wanted a name-and money."

"What a poet must learn to do without," he said, half sadly.

"You know how I've worked," she said, "slavishly, doggedly."

"I know," he said, "and you're going to succeed."

"I've done everything but feel; and my punishment is just. I deserve to fail." It's only the first time," the poet said. "You have years and years ahead. 'Oh-to be young in lilac time,'" he

quoted. "Perhaps—perhaps I can help you; if I only could, as you've helped me." "You can, dear poet," she said. "You help me to feel." And she sat there very happy, with the poet's dedication in her

UTILIZING HAM

By OUR CONTRIBUTORS

MAKE a paste of flour and water. Roll out thin and entirely cover the ham with it, and bake in a moderate oven six hours. When cooked, remove the crust, and it will be found that the ham is much sweeter and nicer than if boiled in the usual way.

Put one pound of round-steak and onehalf pound of lean ham through a chopper. Add one-half pound of bread-crumbs and sufficient powdered dried herbs to suit taste. Season with pepper, salt, and ground allspice. Add two beaten eggs, and form into a thick, short roll. Wrap in buttered paper, and tie in a floured cloth. Steam or boil for two hours. When cooked, drain thoroughly, and put away till cold; then cut in half-inch slices for serving.

Wash a ham with baking-soda and water and place it in a baking-pan, skinside down. Mix a saltspoonful each of black pepper, cloves, cinnamon, celeryseed, and two tablespoonfuls of finely chopped onion and spread over the ham. Then make a paste of one-half cupful of water and one cupful of flour. Roll it into a thin sheet, and cover the flesh-side of the ham with it. Bake four hours, basting frequently.



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Conducted by HELEN HOPKINS

with a notch in the end of it is a great help to the housekeeper in taking pictures from the walls. The picture wire slips right into the notch and saves the necesdown.-W. L. H. Warner, New York.

To Stone Raisins.—The quickest and easiest way to stone raisins is to place them on a tin plate and heat them thoroughly in a hot oven. The heat makes the raisins split easily, and then the stones can be removed .- Mrs. R. C., Shamokin, Pennsylvania.

TO CLEAN A RUSTY STOVE.-A Very rusty stove may be polished to look like new if, before attempting to polish it, one goes over the surface with a soft rag dipped in vinegar. A second application is often advisable to be put on, after the first one dries. After this, a dry polish should be rubbed on; then however rusty the stove may have been, it will look like new.-L. G. C., Boston, Mass.

TO KEEP MEAT-CHOPPERS SECURE .-Before fastening the meat-chopper to the table, place a piece of sandpaper large enough to go under both clamps, with the rough side up, on the table. When the chopper is screwed on tight, the sandpaper will prevent the clamps from slipping.-R. K., Galesville, Wisconsin.

A Pop Corn Hint.-The next time you pop corn, moisten the grains before dropping them into the popper. Do this by putting a few drops of water into the saucer containing the corn kernels and stirring until all the grains are damp. You will find that this preliminary preparation will assure more thorough popping, and that the flakes will be more plump and tender.—J. G., Norwood, Ohio.

TO KEEP WOOL BLANKETS SOFT .them in clear water. To maintain their original softness, rinse them in warm addressed envelope will be returned.

WHEN CLEANING HOUSE.-A stick water into which has been dissolved just enough soap to make the water soft .-Mrs. J. C., Fairburg, Illinois.

A Boiled Rice Hint.—When boiling sity of the housewife's climbing up and cice, if one will add a teaspoonful of lemon-juice to the water, the kernels will be much whiter and the flavor of the rice greatly improved.-Mrs. W. H. H., Caliente, California.

> SALTING NUTS.—When salting nuts of any kind, try dipping them in the whites of eggs instead of oil or butter. The nuts will be more wholesome and free from grease. Beat the whites of the eggs just enough to break them up. Stir in the nuts and sprinkle them well with salt.-G. C. F., Indianapolis, Indiana.

> TO KEEP GRAPE JUICE FROM FERMENT-ING.—If grape juice is bought in such large quantities that it cannot be used up at one time, it may be kept indefinitely by laying the bottle on its side or upside down. The idea is to let the liquid cover the cork so that it will keep the stopper expanded. In this way no air can enter to cause fermentation.-L. G. C., Boston, Massachusetts.

> A RHUBARB HINT.—Now that rhubarb is in the market again, housewives will be glad to receive a new hint for preparing it. To lessen the acid taste in rhubarb and to economize in the sugar required to sweeten it, let it stand a few moments in boiling soda-water after the stalks are cut up. About a teaspoonful of soda to one quart of water is sufficient.-Mrs. G. E. W., Port Orchard, Washington.

Editor's Note .- We want your best ideas and suggestions for every phase of the home woman's activities. We will the home woman's activities. pay one dollar for each available contribution. Ideas which have appeared in print or are not original with the sender When washing wool blankets, never rinse cannot be accepted. Unaccepted manuscripts which enclose a stamped, self-



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